



City of Arts & Innovation

City Council Memorandum

TO: HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL DATE: DECEMBER 15, 2015
FROM: CITY MANAGER'S OFFICE WARDS: ALL
SUBJECT: COMMUNITY LIVABILITY TASK FORCE ACTION PLAN SIX MONTH UPDATE

ISSUE:

Provide City Council with a six month update on the Community Livability Task Force Action Plan.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

That the City Council:

1. Receive the third six-month update on the Community Livability Task Force (CLTF) Action Plan; and
2. Provide direction on the future goals of the CLTF.

INTRODUCTION:

This report will discuss the efforts of the Community Livability Task Force in its first 18 months -- its effectiveness, shortcomings, and recommended changes to adjust the City's goals to better meet the challenges to improving community livability, as well as provide the six-month updates on the assigned tasks of various departments.

While the CLTF has been effective in its assigned tasks, staff recognizes that our work mainly manages and moves the problems from area to area. While this continues to be necessary for addressing immediate needs, it is not effective in reducing the overall problem.

The majority of the people addressed by the CLTF are from the homeless population. The homeless population consist of diverse people who are homeless for a wide range of reasons, including unavailability of employment opportunities, lack of affordable housing, lack of accessible healthcare, mental disorders, domestic violence, youth social exclusion, prison release and re-entry into society, and substance abuse.

In the long term, we need to adjust the CLTF's goals to address ways to actually reduce the number of homeless in Riverside. One of the first things we need to do is to recognize that this is not only a problem in our City, rather it is a regional problem with a locus in the City of Riverside, especially due to the City being the County seat. Therefore we need to 1) remain aggressive in managing the problems caused by some of the homeless, 2) develop plans to provide housing, employment, and other needed services, and 3) engage our neighboring cities and the County to develop a complementary, fair-share plan to address the region's homeless

situation.

BACKGROUND:

On April 1, 2014 City Council approved the CLTF Action Plan¹. The CLTF's goal was "to reduce the incidence of criminal nuisance activities that impact the community's quality of life". The Plan assigned tasks to various City Departments to accomplish this goal. The expected outcomes were "that the City would see a decrease in complaints and a decrease in citations and arrests as the violators realize their behavior is no longer tolerated in Riverside. At the same time, it was expected that there would be increased utilization of the City's homeless services as a result of the additional outreach team and as needy people would become more willing to accept services to change their circumstances". The CLTF, as planned, does not have the ability to *reduce* the amount of homelessness in Riverside.

DISCUSSION:

The CLTF's Efforts

The overall CLTF efforts have been successful, yet the end result is that we are moving the problems from area to area, but not significantly reducing the number of homeless. For example, there are homeless encampments in the river-bottom. The CLTF team has conducted two outreach treks into the area to encourage people to vacate the river-bottom due to health and safety hazards. These outreach efforts included making the occupants aware of their illegal activities and providing information on fire and flash flood dangers. Code Enforcement tags their belongings and returns after 48 hours to remove what remains. Many of the people move to another, better hidden part of the river-bottom. Some agree to leave the river-bottom, only to create new encampments in some of the parks, or in and around the business districts and downtown. Only a few individuals actually take the services offered by the Homeless Outreach Team. Others, who aren't encamped at the river-bottom, move from place to place elsewhere in the City.

The Homeless Outreach Team engages homeless individuals every week in hopes that one day they will be receptive to services. Staff has found that most of the people we work with, for a variety of reasons, do not eagerly or willingly accept the services offered that may help them find shelter or housing. Hence the term "service resistant" is used often. In most cases, staff must make anywhere from 30 to 60 contacts with an individual before he or she chooses to accept services being offered. Also, when homeless individuals' basic needs are being met by well-intentioned Riverside residents who give them food and money, they tend to steer away from services that help them exit life on the streets. For example, there is a homeless female that the Homeless Outreach Team continues to encourage to move into a housing unit that a Riverside County agency was able to secure for her and her dogs. Yet she is unwilling to move into

1. The CLTF Action Plan can be viewed at: [Engage Riverside/City Clerk Records/City Council/Agency Reports/2014/April/04-01-14 CC RPT 13](#).

On October 28, 2014 City Council received a six month update on the CLTF Action Plan covering the period of April 9, 2014 to September 9, 2014. The six month update can be viewed at: [Engage Riverside/City Clerk Records/City Council/Agency Reports/2014/October/10-28-14 CC RPT 17](#).

On May 12, 2015 City Council received a six month update on the CLTF Plan covering the period of October 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015. The six month update can be viewed at: [Engage Riverside/City Clerk Records/City Council/Agency Report/2015/ May/05-1215- CC RPT 14](#).

housing because, in large part, all her basic needs and those of her dogs are being met through donations provided by residents.

Not all homeless people want to be housed, not all homeless people cause public nuisances, and not all homeless people conduct criminal activity. Being homeless is not a crime, and a homeless person simply sitting on a public bench is not violating the law. Therefore, crime-fighting is not the tool that will significantly reduce the homeless population. Our Police Officers can and often do make arrests for criminal violations. These efforts help to abate specific situations and overall to manage problem hotspots.

Redefining the Challenge

During the reporting period, the Riverside Access Center served 352 clients. Below is a breakdown of their last known residence that demonstrates 52% of the clients served at the Riverside Access Center are coming from areas outside the City.

Location	Number of Clients	Percentage
City of Riverside	168	48%
Riverside – 92509 (Riverside County Unincorporated area)	31	9%
Riverside County (Excluding City)	32	9%
San Bernardino County	24	7%
Los Angeles County	12	3%
San Diego County	3	1%
Northern California Counties	6	2%
Out of State	39	11%
Unknown	37	10%

Below is a breakdown of the 32 Access Center client’s last known residence in Riverside County.

Location	Number of Clients
Corona	3
Hemet	4
Indio	3
Lake Elsinore	1
Menifee	1
Moreno Valley	13
Murrieta	1
Perris	3
San Jacinto	2
Thousand Palms	1

During the 2015 Riverside County Point-in-Time Count, 1,587 unsheltered homeless individuals were identified throughout the county (Attachment 1). There are a total of 540 emergency shelter beds in Riverside County, which means only 34% of the County’s homeless population has the ability to access emergency shelter beds. These shelter beds are located at the following locations:

Shelter Name	Type	Location	Number of Beds	2015 Homeless Point-in-Time Count
Valley Restart	Families and Individuals	Hemet	9 family rooms, 5 female beds and 5 male beds	117
Coachella Valley Rescue Mission	Families and Individuals	Indio	92 beds	92
Mary Stuart Rogers	Domestic Violence	Palm Desert	60 beds	16
Roy’s Desert Resource Center	Families and Individuals	Palm Springs	80 beds	118
Safe House of the Desert	Youth: 13-17 years old	Thousand Palms	20 beds	0
Riverside Shelters				
Casa De Paz	Domestic Violence	Riverside	60 beds	61
Operation Safe House	Youth, 13 – 17 years old	Riverside	17 beds	55
Riverside Emergency Shelter	Individuals	Riverside	64 beds	399
Riverside Cold Weather Shelter Program	Individuals (Open from December 1 st to April 15 th)	Riverside	72 beds	
Riverside Family Shelter	Families	Riverside	50 beds	0
US Vets	Veterans	Riverside	6 beds	
Total No. of Riverside Shelter Beds			269	
No. of Riverside County Shelter Beds			540	

There aren’t enough shelter facilities or ready affordable housing in the region, and there aren’t enough social services spread throughout the region to meet the needs of the community. Hence, the City of Riverside, in part due to being the County seat, absorbs a disproportionate number of homeless in our City. Therefore, as we continue to 1) aggressively manage problems caused by some of the homeless, we must 2) pursue a parallel track of engaging all our neighboring cities and the County to develop a complementary, fair-share plan to address the

region's homeless situation, and 3) adjust our CLTF's goals to include elements that will reduce homelessness in the City of Riverside.

The City's initial goals when establishing the CLTF Plan in 2014 did not incorporate the City's Homeless Reduction and Prevention Five Year-Plan² that was adopted by City Council on September 18, 2012. While it was mentioned in the CLTF Plan, it did not identify how the Homeless Reduction Plan could be implemented to address some of the community livability concerns. Staff is recommending below that the CLTF Plan be modified to include the goals identified in the Homeless Reduction Plan to address homelessness in order to positively impact the quality of life for our residents and businesses.

UPDATE:

Over the last six-month period, the CLTF has improved communication and collaboration between the Police Department, Code Enforcement Division, Public Works Department, City Attorney's Office, and Homeless Services Division. The City continues to be impacted by livability concerns, as is evidenced by the continued calls for services, CLTF contacts, vandalism and graffiti at City facilities and concerns expressed by residents and businesses.

To measure the CLTF's goal of reducing the incidence of criminal and nuisance activities that impact the community's quality of life, staff is using the CLTF updates provided over the last 18 months. Below is an update from each of the CLTF team members for the reporting period and a comparison of the three CLTF reporting periods. This information helps determine whether the accomplishments identified under this Update section have made an impact and what changes need to be made in order to reduce the number of community livability calls for service instead of managing the problems.

Police Department

1. Role

The assigned task force of six (6) Police Officers and one (1) Police Sergeant devote their full attention to addressing quality of life issues by abating and eliminating problem behaviors and conditions. Efforts include preventing aggressive panhandling and vagrancy, securing parks facilities after closing hours and ensuring a high level of security is visible during the evening hours.

2. Update

During the first operating year of the CLTF, the Police Department experienced a decrease in the number of contacts related to livability violations and felony and misdemeanor arrests. However during the reporting period there has been an increase in the number of:

1. Contacts related to livability violations;
2. Felony arrests; and
3. Misdemeanor arrests.

2. The Homeless Reduction and Prevention Five Year-Plan can be viewed at: [Engage Riverside/City Clerk Records/City Council/Agency Reports/2012/September/09-18-12 CC RPT 1.](#)

Activity	04/09/14-09/30/14	10/01/14 – 03/31/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period	04/01/15 – 09/30/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period
No. of Contacts Related to Livability Violations	2,623	2,200	-16%	2,580	17%
No. of Felony Arrests	147	64	-57%	77	13%
No. of Misdemeanor Arrests	2,076	750	-64%	1,020	136%
California Highway Patrol – Freeway Ramps Enforcement Contacts	106	133	-20%	117	-12%

During the reporting period there has been a 30% increase in the number of High-Rate Offenders from the prior reporting period. However, 20 offenders on this cumulative list have not had any more documented contacts since January 2015. The numbers identified in the table below represent the grand total number of High-Rate Offenders with 10+ contacts made with RPD since the CLTF inception. The number of High-Rate Offenders currently active in the community appear to consistently be approximately 60.

Activity	November 2014	January 2015	Change from Previous Reporting Period	August 2015	Change from Previous Reporting Period
High-Rate Offenders (10+ Contacts)	57	66	15%	86	30%

There has been an improvement to the degree of efficiency in which public safety requests received from the Parks, Recreation and Community Services Department are addressed by the Police Department.

Over the course of the past six months, the Riverside Police Department has increased the number of patrols to various City parks as indicated below:

Patrols in the Park (04/01/2015 – 09/30/2015)

Park	Number of Additional Patrols
Arlington	175
La Sierra	163
White Park	143
Hunt	135
Don Lorenzi	104
Don Derr	99
Fairmount Park	92

3. CLTF Funding

	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16 (Expenditures 07/01/15-09/30/15)	Total
Funding Allocation	\$421,304	\$887,779	\$709,995	\$2,019,078
Expended	\$306,651	\$846,931	\$217,842	\$1,371,424

Community & Economic Development: Code Enforcement Division

1. Role

The Community Livability Team comprised of two (2) Code Enforcement Officers address community livability concerns by focusing on transient issues, illegal encampments, abandoned property, illegal vendors and unpermitted park feedings. This team is dedicated to handling issues in the parks, open space and right-of-way areas of the City.

When items are left on public property, Code Enforcement must determine if the property has any value. If the items are of no value, the items may be disposed of. Property of value must be tagged with a 48 hour abatement notice. After 48 hours has passed, a Code Enforcement Officer must confirm that the property has been removed. If the property has not been removed, Public Works is contacted to place the property in a bag and transport it to the Riverside Access Center where it must be stored for at least 14 days. An abatement notice is placed on an object in the immediate area notifying the owner that the property has been removed and may be picked up from the Riverside Access Center.

2. Update

Code Enforcement continues to respond quickly to the Police Department, Homeless Services and 311 service requests to address homeless encampments and property left on public property.

During the reporting period there has been a decrease in the number of:

- 1) Community livability related cases; and
- 2) Resolved cases.

Activity	04/09/14-09/30/14	10/01/14 – 03/31/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period	04/01/15 – 09/30/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period
No. of Community Livability Related Cases	64	280	438%	199	-29%
No. of Resolved Cases	Data Not Collected	247	N/A	163	-35%

3. CLTF Funding

None.

Community & Economic Development: Homeless Authority and Homeless Services Division

1. Role

The Homeless Outreach Team responds to issues and concerns of the homeless, as well as, local residents and businesses. Focused on the "hardest-to-reach" and "service-resistant" chronically homeless population, this team works in partnership with other organizations to help individuals and families gain stable housing and achieve self-

sufficiency.

2. Update

During the reporting period there has been a decrease in the number of:

- 1) Clients served at the access center;
- 2) Individuals/families entered into emergency housing;
- 3) Individuals/families received rental assistance (led to stable housing); and
- 4) Clients entered into permanent supportive housing.

Activity	04/09/14-09/30/14	10/01/14 – 03/31/15 *	Change from Previous Reporting Period	04/01/15 – 09/30/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period
No. of Clients Served at the Access Center	377	448	16%	352	-22%
No. of Individuals/Families Entered Emergency Housing	Data not collected	412	N/A	82	-80%
No. of Individuals/Families Received Rental Assistance	Data not collected	187	N/A	30	-84%
No. of Clients Entered Permanent Supportive Housing	Data not collected	38	N/A	15	-61%

* Number of clients served during this reporting period is higher due to the Cold Weather Shelter Program being in operation which provides an additional 72 beds from 12/1 – 04/15, this occurs annually.

In addition to the CLTF efforts, the Homeless Services Division is the lead for the Riverside 25 Cities Community Team, which is a key Federal strategy to bring local partners together to work collaboratively and create effective systems for aligning housing and services interventions through a coordinated entry system to end homelessness. The federal government has established two main goals through the 25 Cities Initiative and Mayors Challenge to Ending Veteran Homelessness, which is to end veteran homelessness by the end of 2015 and chronically homelessness by the end of 2016. Since April 9, 2014, the Riverside 25 Cities Community team has assisted 270 homelessness individuals and families in obtaining housing.

3. CLTF Funding

	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16 (Expenditures 07/01/15-09/30/15)	Total
Funding Allocation	\$85,211	\$76,115	\$60,864	\$222,190
Expended	\$0	\$15,251	\$3,300	\$18,551

The unexpended funds are earmarked for the Riverside County Behavior Outreach Specialist II position.

City Attorney's Office

1. Role

The City Attorney's Office is responsible for filing misdemeanors through the City Attorney Municipal Prosecution (CAMP) program to address criminal activities that impact resident's

quality of life.

2. Update

The City Attorney’s Office has provided the Police Department with an enforcement tool by filing misdemeanors through the CAMP to address criminal activities that impact resident’s quality of life. In the reporting period, 75% of the misdemeanors filed were unresolved due to pending cases or a failure of the defendant to appear in court.

During the reporting period there has been a substantial increase in the number of misdemeanor complaints filed.

Activity	04/09/14-9/30/14	10/1/14 – 03/31/15	04/01/15-09/30/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period
No. of Misdemeanor Complaints Filed	CAMP was not in operation during this reporting period.	611	1,251	204%
No. of Resolved Cases		Data not collected	312	No data to compare
- Custody Time (Normally on other matters)		Data not collected	67	No data to compare
- Referred to City’s Homeless Outreach Team or Goodwill for Job Training		31	50	60%
- Community Service in Lieu of Conviction		18	25	28%
- Guilty Plea for Infraction		22	50	229%
- Guilty Plea for Misdemeanor		0	1	100%
- Dismissal as Part of Criminal Sentencing for Unrelated Criminal Filing or Probation Violation		46	119	259%
No. Unresolved Cases (Either pending or due to a failure of the defendant to appear in court)*		Data not collected	939	No data to compare

* Of the 939 unresolved cases, 935 defendants failed to appear in court.

3. CLTF Funding

	FY 2013/14	FY 2014/15	FY 2015/16 (Expenditures 07/01/15-9/30/15)	Total
Funding Allocation	\$50,000	\$145,831	\$250,000	\$445,831
Expended	\$14,144	\$24,228	\$62,500	\$100,872

Public Works Department

1. Role

The Public Works Department contributes to the community’s quality of life by removing trash and debris left on public property.

2. Update

Public Works continues to respond quickly to the Police Department, Code Enforcement, Homeless Services and residents’ requests to remove trash and debris left by individuals on public property.

During the reporting period there has been a decrease in the amount of solid waste

removed.

Activity	04/09/14-09/30/14	10/01/14 – 03/31/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period	04/01/15 – 09/30/15	Change from Previous Reporting Period
Tons of solid waste removed	41.42	44.03	6%	32	-27%

3. CLTF Funding

None.

Parks, Recreation and Community Services Department

1. Role

The Parks, Recreation and Community Services Department (PRCSD) works in conjunction with other departments to report and address community livability issues that occur at City parks. Efforts include locking restrooms and parking lot gates at specified locations, as well as, removing graffiti and repairing park amenities when they are vandalized.

2. Update

PRCSD continues to lock-up restrooms and parking lot gates at specific locations as well as remove graffiti quickly and repair park amenities as needed. PRCSD also reports community livability concerns to RPD, which has resulted in an increase of RPD’s patrolling of the parks.

During the reporting period there has been a significant increase in the number of:

- 1) Requests for RPD assistance;
- 2) RPD visits to park sites;
- 3) Call center calls on graffiti abatement; and
- 4) Call center calls on vandalism.

Activity	04/09/14-09/30/14	10/01/14 – 03/31/15	Change from Previous Year	04/01/15 – 09/30/15	Change from Previous Year
No. of Request for RPD assistance	29	29	0%	55	190%
No. of RPD visits to park sites	Data not collected	1,172	No data to compare	1,734	47%
No. of Call Center calls on graffiti abatement	Data not collected	129	No data to compare	152	18%
No. of Call Center calls on vandalism	Data not collected	32	No data to compare	44	38%

3. CLTF Funding

None.

Riverside County Department of Mental Health

1. Role

To fill one full-time Clinical Therapist position to work alongside RPD's CLTF team members and one full-time Behavior Outreach Specialist II position to work alongside the Homeless Outreach Team to connect homeless individuals with mental illnesses to services and housing.

2. Update

The County of Riverside and the City have entered into a Cooperative Agreement for Crisis and Triage Mental Health and Homeless Outreach Services whereby the City has committed to providing funding for a Behavior Outreach Specialist II and the County has committed to provide funding for a Clinical Therapist. The Clinical Therapist position has been filled and the County is in the process of recruiting for the Behavior Outreach Specialist II position.

3. CLTF Funding

Costs related to the Clinical Therapist position were absorbed by the Riverside County Department of Mental Health. Costs related to the Behavioral Outreach Specialist II position will be funded through the CLTF program funding from FY 2014/15 (\$37,864) and FY 2015/16 (\$34,136).

PROPOSED ADDITIONAL GOALS:

To bring about visible and enhanced change for our residents, staff is proposing to undertake the following activities in 2016 and 2017:

1. Remain aggressive in managing the problems caused by some of the homeless.
2. Engage our neighboring cities and the County to develop a complementary, fair-share plan to address the region's homeless situation.
3. Work with the Riverside Continuum of Care Housing Committee and the County of Riverside Department of Social Services to identify where additional shelter beds are needed throughout Riverside County based on the upcoming 2016 Homeless Point-in-Time Count. The Riverside County's Ten Year Strategy to Ending Homelessness identifies a goal of increasing the number of shelter beds as identified in the Riverside.
4. Implement a regional approach to addressing homelessness throughout Riverside County with a focus on a housing first model, which is an approach to ending homelessness that centers on providing individuals and families experiencing homelessness with housing as quickly as possible and then providing services needed to achieve self-sufficiency and housing stability. The Housing First approach has proven to be incredibly cost-effective in Alameda County and other large cities across the nation, which have shown that providing homes and support services to the chronically homeless costs less than the expensive cycling through of emergency rooms, shelters, jails, and psychiatric hospitals.
5. Present the updated Homeless Reduction and Prevention Five Year Plan to City Council in May 2016 to identify specific activities under the Plan's following priorities that addresses

community livability concerns and continues the CLTF ongoing efforts: Basic Needs and Services, Community Education, Preventive Services, Outreach, Employment Services and Permanent Housing.

- a. *Basic Needs and Services*: Expansion of Services on Hulen Place
 - i. On May 2, 2014, the Development Committee conceptually approved the Hulen Place tenant improvements project to create defined spaces within the buildings owned by the City of Riverside and Path of Life to expand basic needs and medical services for our homeless population. Staff is in the process of releasing a Request for Proposals to secure a consultant to create a financial plan that will support the proposed Hulen Place tenant improvements. The City's Housing Authority has funding in place to secure the aforementioned consultant.
 - ii. Create an Outreach Court Program through a collaboration with the City Attorney's Office, Police Department, Community & Economic Development Department, and the following Riverside County agencies: District Attorney's Office, Probation, and Riverside University Health System – Behavioral Health.
 - b. *Community Education*: Revamp the "Say No to Panhandlers, Give to Positive Change" marketing campaign throughout the community to include an education message on how the community can contribute to the solution and not the problem.
 - c. *Outreach*: Immediate effective outreach for the chronic and visible homeless.
 - i. Increase homeless engagements and clean-up efforts in the river-bottom.
 - d. *Employment Services*: Identify employment opportunities that would help prevent homelessness and assist homeless people in becoming self-sufficient
 - i. Work with the Housing Authority of the County of Riverside to implement a Move to Work program to allocate housing vouchers for all the clients staying in the emergency shelter every six months.
 - ii. Work with the Riverside Emergency Shelter Program operator to implement a client employment program during the day to help with the shelter operations and modify case management plans to focus on obtaining housing first and then addressing barriers to sustaining their housing after the clients have been housed.
 - iii. Create a homeless employment program through a collaboration with the Community & Economic Development Department and the Riverside County Workforce Development.
6. Meet with legislative representatives to discuss how existing laws (i.e. Assembly Bill 109 and Proposition 47) are hindering community livability for our residents and how these laws can be modified.
 7. Identify funding for the Downtown Safety Ambassador Program.
 - a. In collaboration with the Riverside Downtown Partnership, the City's Community & Economic Development Department Planning Division has prepared a draft Request for Proposals (RFP) to solicit companies to provide a Safety Ambassador Program in Downtown. The Program would provide security personnel to patrol by foot, bicycle or

mechanized vehicle during evenings and weekends, and as needed. The “safety ambassadors” will focus on deterring unwanted behavior, and intervening as is appropriate for non-sworn officers. The safety ambassadors will coordinate closely with the Riverside Police Department and the City’s Homeless Outreach Team, and will be an important liaison between City personnel and downtown businesses, including restaurants, entertainment venues, the convention center, and hotels, as well as public transit agencies.

- b. The draft RFP has been prepared and reviewed by members of the Riverside Downtown Partnership and Chamber of Commerce. The funds anticipated for this program to operate with six equipped and trained patrol employees and an office assistant is expected to be \$300,000 a year. However, the exact amount will not be determined until service providers respond to the Request for Proposals.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact to the City General Fund.

Prepared by: Michelle Davis, Housing Authority Manager
for Emilio Ramirez, Deputy Director of Community & Economic
Development Department

Certified as to
availability of funds: Brent A. Mason, Finance Director/Treasurer
Approved by: Alex Nguyen, Assistant City Manager
Approved as to form: Gary G. Geuss, City Attorney

Attachment:

1. 2015 Riverside County Point-in-Time Count Unsheltered Homeless Individuals

ATTACHMENT NO. 1

City or Unincorporated Area	Total Unsheltered Homeless Individuals		Shelter
	Count	Percent	
Banning	30	1.9%	No
Beaumont	14	0.9%	No
Bermuda Dunes	8	0.5%	No
Blythe	52	3.3%	No
Cabazon	3	0.2%	No
Cathedral City	38	2.4%	No
Chiriaco Summit	1	0.1%	No
Coachella	41	2.6%	No
Corona	69	4.3%	No
Desert Hot Springs	21	1.3%	No
Eagle Valley	1	0.1%	No
French Valley	3	0.2%	No
Hemet	117	7.4%	9 family rooms, 5 female beds, and 5 male beds
Home Gardens	1	0.1%	No
Homeland	1	0.1%	No
Idyllwild	10	0.6%	No
Indio	92	5.8%	92 beds
Jurupa Valley	168	10.6%	No
La Quinta	10	0.6%	No
Lake Elsinore	51	3.2%	No
Lakeland Village	3	0.2%	No
Mead Valley	1	0.1%	No
Meadowbrook	2	0.1%	No
Mecca	22	1.4%	No
Menifee	16	1.0%	No
Mesa Verde	1	0.1%	No
Moreno Valley	61	3.8%	No

Murrieta	2	0.1%	No
Norco	5	0.3%	No
Palm Desert	16	1.0%	60 domestic violence beds
Palm Springs	118	7.4%	80 beds
Perris	52	3.3%	No
Quail Valley	5	0.3%	No
Rancho Mirage	6	0.4%	No
Riverside	399	25.1%	60 domestic violence beds, 17 youth beds, 64 year round beds, 72 cold weather beds, 50 family beds, and 6 veteran beds
Romoland	1	0.1%	No
Rubidoux	8	0.5%	No
San Jacinto	12	0.8%	No
Sedco Hills	11	0.7%	No
Sun City	4	0.3%	No
Temecula	42	2.6%	No
Thousand Palms	4	0.3%	20 youth beds
Valle Vista	1	0.1%	No
White Water	3	0.2%	No
Wildomar	10	0.6%	No
Winchester	1	0.1%	No
Woodcrest	25	1.8%	No
Blank	22	1.4%	No

ATTACHMENT NO. 1

City or Unincorporated Area	Total Unsheltered Homeless Individuals		Shelter
	Count	Percent	
Banning	30	1.9%	No
Beaumont	14	0.9%	No
Bermuda Dunes	8	0.5%	No
Blythe	52	3.3%	No
Cabazon	3	0.2%	No
Cathedral City	38	2.4%	No
Chiriaco Summit	1	0.1%	No
Coachella	41	2.6%	No
Corona	69	4.3%	No
Desert Hot Springs	21	1.3%	No
Eagle Valley	1	0.1%	No
French Valley	3	0.2%	No
Hemet	117	7.4%	9 family rooms, 5 female beds, and 5 male beds
Home Gardens	1	0.1%	No
Homeland	1	0.1%	No
Idyllwild	10	0.6%	No
Indio	92	5.8%	92 beds
Jurupa Valley	168	10.6%	No
La Quinta	10	0.6%	No
Lake Elsinore	51	3.2%	No
Lakeland Village	3	0.2%	No
Mead Valley	1	0.1%	No
Meadowbrook	2	0.1%	No
Mecca	22	1.4%	No
Menifee	16	1.0%	No
Mesa Verde	1	0.1%	No
Moreno Valley	61	3.8%	No

Murrieta	2	0.1%	No
Norco	5	0.3%	No
Palm Desert	16	1.0%	60 domestic violence beds
Palm Springs	118	7.4%	80 beds
Perris	52	3.3%	No
Quail Valley	5	0.3%	No
Rancho Mirage	6	0.4%	No
Riverside	399	25.1%	60 domestic violence beds, 17 youth beds, 64 year round beds, 72 cold weather beds, 50 family beds, and 6 veteran beds
Romoland	1	0.1%	No
Rubidoux	8	0.5%	No
San Jacinto	12	0.8%	No
Sedco Hills	11	0.7%	No
Sun City	4	0.3%	No
Temecula	42	2.6%	No
Thousand Palms	4	0.3%	20 youth beds
Valle Vista	1	0.1%	No
White Water	3	0.2%	No
Wildomar	10	0.6%	No
Winchester	1	0.1%	No
Woodcrest	25	1.8%	No
Blank	22	1.4%	No