

# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2009





## The City of Riverside, CA









# CITY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Prepared by the City Manager's Office – Finance Division Paul C. Sundeen, Assistant City Manager/Chief Financial Officer

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#### CITY OF RIVERSIDE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

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October 29, 2009

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Riverside:

It is our pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Riverside (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Mayer Hoffman McCann P.C., a firm of certified public accountants. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this CAFR.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with emphasis on those involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management has provided an overall analysis of the financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

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#### **Profile of the City of Riverside**

The City of Riverside, incorporated on October 11, 1883, is located in the western portion of Riverside County about 60 miles east of Los Angeles. The City currently occupies a land area of 81.53 square miles.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government, with a seven-member council elected by ward for four-year overlapping terms. The mayor is elected at large for a four-year term and is the presiding officer of the Council, but does not have a vote except in the case of a tie. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney and City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis.

The City provides a full range of services which include general government, public safety (police, fire, disaster preparedness and building inspection), construction and maintenance of highways and streets, economic development, culture and recreation, electric, water, airport, refuse, sewer, and senior citizen/handicap transportation. In addition to general City activities, the Council is financially accountable for the Riverside Redevelopment Agency, Riverside Housing Authority, Riverside Public Financing Authority and the Riverside Municipal Improvements Corporation; therefore, these entities are included as an integral part of the City's financial statements. Additional information on these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager presents the proposed budget to the City Council for review at least thirty-five calendar days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, which is the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the approval of the Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 27 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which begins on page 67.

**Local economy:** The City located in the Inland Empire, which consists of Riverside and San Bernardino Counties (the "MSA"). The population of the Inland Empire at approximately 4.12 million is larger than 25 states. The City leads the Inland Empire in most measures of economic power, including population, income, employment, bank deposits, assessed valuation, office space and college enrollment. The population of the City is 300,096, which places it as the sixth largest in Southern California.

Until recently the MSA has experienced a very strong economic environment. However, unemployment is currently at 14.1%; about 10,000 jobs have been lost during the past year. The budget for the City for fiscal year 2009/2010 projects an 8% drop in revenue, which includes a planned use of \$2 million of available fund balance. Reduced expenditures are being achieved by selectively not filling vacant positions and carefully monitoring all expenditures, with all services continuing.

The MSA is projected to grow rapidly in future years because land values remain well below those in Los Angeles, Orange and San Diego Counties. Among the City's challenges is a lack of available space for manufacturing and industrial development within current boundaries.

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**Priorities for the future:** A Citywide Strategic Planning document has been developed through a series of meetings, workshops, and surveys with the community, elected officials, and City employees. The plan, as updated, sets forth five goals as follows:

- Economic Development
- Environmental Leadership
- Transportation
- Livable Communities and Neighborhoods
- Arts and Culture

Long-term financial planning. Annually, the City updates a five (5) year Capital Improvement Program (CIP). Planned capital expenditures during fiscal years 2009/10 - 2013/14 total \$1.05 billion. The level of capital improvements is significantly greater than the historical level. The projects encompass all seven Council wards and enhance the life of all residents. Funding comes from multiple sources, including existing funds; General Fund certificates of participation; Redevelopment Agency tax allocation bonds; and regional, state and federal funds. In addition to routine electric, water, sewer and transportation-related projects, the CIP includes improvements to parks in the City; railroad grade separations; library, museum, convention center and Municipal Auditorium improvements/expansions/rehabilitations; and, public safety projects.

Cash management policies and practices. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested principally in federal agency securities, money market funds and medium term notes. The maturities of the investments do not exceed five (5) years, with the average maturity not exceeding three (3) years. All securities are held in third party safekeeping by Union Bank of California as agent for the City. All transactions originated and authorized by the City are transacted on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis in order to perfect delivery. The average yield on the investments was 4.3% for the fiscal year.

**Risk management.** Risk exposures to the assets of the City are managed through a combination of self-insured retention and insurance coverage. The City believes it has current assets adequate to cover the actuarially determined liability for general liability and workers' compensation claims, including estimated claims incurred but not reported, as they become payable. The City maintains excess liability insurance to provide coverage beyond a self-insured retention of \$3,000,000 per occurrence for both general liability and workers' compensation.

**Pension benefits.** The City provides pension benefits for all employees through a statewide plan managed by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). The City has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan

beyond its annual contractual payment to CalPERS. Additional information on the plan can be found in Note 14 in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Riverside for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This was the twenty first consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. The City received this award for publishing an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

This award is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA again this year.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Division, particularly the leadership of Brent Mason, Assistant Finance Director. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the Division who assisted and contributed to its preparation. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Bradley J. Hudson

City Manager

Paul C. Sundeen

Assistant City Manager/CFO/Treasurer

### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Riverside California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers
Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

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Executive Director

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Riverside for our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### VOTERS City Council & Mayor City Clerk City Attorney City Manager Assistant City Manage CFO Assistant City Manager Assistant City Manager Internal Audit Public Utilities Police Finance Fire Development / Redevelopment Budget Human Resources Parks, Recreation & Community Services Accounting General Services Airport Purchasing CIO Information Syster Community Development Risk Management Museum Public Works Library Note: All department heads officially report to the City Manager. Public Information Intergovernmental Relations

ORGANIZATION CHART

#### **LEGISLATIVE OFFICIALS**

Ronald O. Loveridge	Mayor
Mike Gardner	Councilmember – Ward 1
Andy Melendrez	Councilmember – Ward 2
Rusty Bailey	Councilmember – Ward 3
Paul Davis	Councilmember – Ward 4
Chris Mac Arthur	Councilmember – Ward 5
Nancy Hart	Councilmember – Ward 6
Steve Adams	Councilmember – Ward 7

#### **CITY OFFICIALS**

Belinda Graham Tom DeSantis	City Manager*Assistant City ManagerAssistant City ManagerAssistant City Manager/CFO
Mark S. Ripley	Airport Director
	City Clerk*
	City Attorney*
	City Engineer
	Chief of Police
Steve Reneker	Chief Information
Scott Barber	Community Development Director
Deanna Lorson	Development Director
Steve Earley	Fire Chief
Kris Martinez	General Services
Rhonda Strout	Human Resources
Leonard Hernandez	Library Director
	Museum Director
-	Park and Recreation
David Wright	Public Utilities
Siobhan Foster	Public Works

<sup>\*</sup>Appointed by City Council





#### Mayer Hoffman McCann P.C.

An Independent CPA Firm

84 South First Street, Third Floor San Jose, CA 95113 408-794-3545 ph 408-295-3818 fx www.mhm-pc.com

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Riverside Riverside, California

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Riverside, California, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Riverside, California, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Riverside Page 2

Mayer Hoffman Mc Cann P.C.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

San Jose, California October 29, 2009

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Riverside, we offer this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page v of this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, compromised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains certain supplementary information.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the excess of assets over liabilities reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. The business type activities of the City include Electric, Water, Sewer, Refuse, Public Parking, Airport and Transportation services.

The government-wide financial statements include the City and its component units. The City's component units are the Riverside Redevelopment Agency, Riverside Housing Authority, Riverside Public Financing Authority, and the Riverside Municipal Improvements Corporation. Although legally separate, these entities function for all practical purposes as departments of the City and therefore have been blended as part of the primary government.

Both the Governmental Activities and the Business Type Activities are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, a basis of accounting that differs from the modified accrual basis of accounting used in presenting governmental fund financial statements. Note 1 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements fully describe these bases of accounting. Proprietary funds, discussed below, also follow the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

It is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Reconciliations to facilitate this comparison are provided for both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The major reconciling items relate to capital assets and debt. In the Governmental Funds, acquisitions of capital assets are treated as "expenditures" because upon purchase of a capital asset, cash used for the acquisition is no longer available for other purposes. The issuance of debt provides cash, which is now available for specified purposes. Accordingly, at the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved fund balances of the Governmental Funds reflect spendable resources available for appropriation by the City Council. Spendable balances are not presented on the face of the government-wide financial statements.

The City maintains seventeen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund, the COPS Debt Service Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, and the Redevelopment Capital Project Fund all of which are major funds. Data from the other twelve governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated

presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* and can be found on pages 63-70 in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

**Proprietary funds**. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Electric, Water, Sewer, Refuse, Parking, Airport and Transportation services. *Internal service* funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for self-insured insurance programs, central stores and its fleet of vehicles. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are presented as proprietary funds because both enterprise and internal service funds follow the accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements (*business type activities*), only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Electric, Water and Sewer operations, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The four remaining proprietary funds noted above are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. All internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the non-major proprietary funds and the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* and can be found on pages 71-80 in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

**Agency funds**. Agency funds are used to account for situations where the City's role is purely custodial. Agency funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. All assets reported in agency funds are offset by a liability; the accrual basis of accounting is used to recognize receivables and payables.

The agency fund financial statement can be found on page 33 of this report, and the combining statement can be found on page 81.

**Notes to the financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 34 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The following table presents a summarization of the City's assets, liabilities and net assets for its governmental and business type activities. As noted earlier, a government's net asset position may serve over time as a useful indicator of its financial position.

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	* 1	Total		
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	2009 \$ 692,258 1,114,814 1,807,072	2008* \$ 767,115 966,068 1,733,183	2009 \$ 555,210 1,147,793 1,703,003	2008 \$ 658,446 1,050,010 1,708,456	2009 \$ 1,247,468 2,262,607 3,510,075	2008* \$ 1,425,561 2,016,078 3,441,639	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	117,522 682,012 799,534	116,917 694,278 811,195	100,506 696,567 797,073	102,777 735,058 837,835	218,028 1,378,579 1,596,607	219,694 1,429,336 1,649,030	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net assets	950,496 98,903 _(41,861) \$1,007,538	850,740 102,677 (31,429) \$921,988	659,904 38,621 207,405 \$905,930	601,999 43,341 225,281 \$870,621	1,610,400 137,524 	1,452,739 146,018 <u>193,852</u> \$1,792,609	

<sup>\*</sup> Certain reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,913,468 at June 30, 2009, an increase of \$120,859 from June 30, 2008.

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets (84 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), net of any related debt that is still outstanding used to acquire those assets and net of unspent bond proceeds and cash held in bond reserve accounts. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

An additional portion of the City's net assets (7 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Of this amount, \$207,405 is held by the business type activities; and negative \$41,861 is held by the governmental activities. The Riverside Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a blended component unit of the City, represents \$62,115 of negative unrestricted net assets for 2009 and was a negative \$56,792 in the prior year. The remaining governmental activities of the City have positive

unrestricted net assets of \$20,254 in 2009 and positive \$25,363 in 2008. This decrease in unrestricted net assets is primarily due to an increase in expenses paid out of unrestricted net assets.

The Agency exists to finance improvements that serve to remediate blight within the City. Often these activities do not result in a residual asset, but rather underwrite the cost of a development activity deemed beneficial in meeting the Agency's objectives. The resulting statement of net assets reflects the debt obligation to be repaid through future tax revenues, without an offsetting asset. While this is the routine functioning of such an entity, when blended with the City, its negative unrestricted net assets causes the governmental activities to report a negative position.

The City's total net assets increased by \$120,859 during the current fiscal year, which reflects the growth in both the governmental (\$85,550) and business type (\$35,309) activities. This is primarily due to continued investment by the City in its infrastructure, which is largely funded by grants and dedicated revenue sources.

The following is a condensed summary of activities of the City's governmental and business type operations for the period ended June 30, 2009 with the prior fiscal year presented for comparative purposes. Also included in the following analysis are revenue and expense graphs to aid in understanding the results of the current year's activities.

	Governmental		Business	Type		
	Activiti	ies	Activi	ties	Tot	al
_	2009	2008*	2009	2008	2009	2008*
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 39,664	\$ 57,958	\$416,628	\$399,421	\$456,292	\$457,379
Operating Grants and Contributions	23,313	15,024	1,929	3,308	25,242	18,332
Capital Grants and Contributions	69,745	115,982	17,288	29,215	87,033	145,197
General Revenues:						
Sales taxes	41,882	50,526	-	-	41,882	50,526
Property taxes	116,420	114,176	-	-	116,420	114,176
Other taxes and fees	38,589	37,108	-	-	38,589	37,108
Investment income	15,941	25,670	23,402	22,756	39,343	48,426
Other	5,137	9,480	4,590	4,931	9,727	14,411
Total revenues	350,691	<u>425,924</u>	463,837	459,631	814,528	<u>885,555</u>
Expenses:						
General government	102,665	113,897	-	-	102,665	113,897
Public safety	127,350	122,783	-	-	127,350	122,783
Highways and streets	18,731	26,986	-	-	18,731	26,986
Culture and recreation	24,121	31,659	-	-	24,121	31,659
Interest on long-term debt	34,361	34,075	-	-	34,361	34,075
Electric	-	-	269,209	271,412	269,209	271,412
Water	-	-	53,931	47,570	53,931	47,570
Sewer	-	-	34,853	31,209	34,853	31,209
Refuse	-	-	18,425	18,430	18,425	18,430
Airport	-	-	1,734	1,418	1,734	1,418
Transportation	-	-	3,194	3,190	3,194	3,190
Public Parking	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	5,095	4,093	5,095	4,093
Total expenses	307,228	329,400	386,441	377,322	693,669	706,722
Increase in net assets and transfers:	43,463	96,524	77,396	82,309	120,859	178,833
Transfers	42,087	32,326	(42,087)	(32,326)	-	-
Increase in net assets	85,550	128,850	35,309	49,983	120,859	178,833
Net assets – beginning	921,988	793,138	870,621	820,638	1,792,609	1,613,776
Net assets – ending	\$1,007,538	\$921,988	\$905,930	\$870,621	\$1,913,468	\$1,792,609

<sup>\*</sup> Certain reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$85,550 accounting for 71 percent of the total change in net assets. The net assets in the prior fiscal year increased by \$128,850. Key elements of this year's activity in relation to the prior year are as follows:

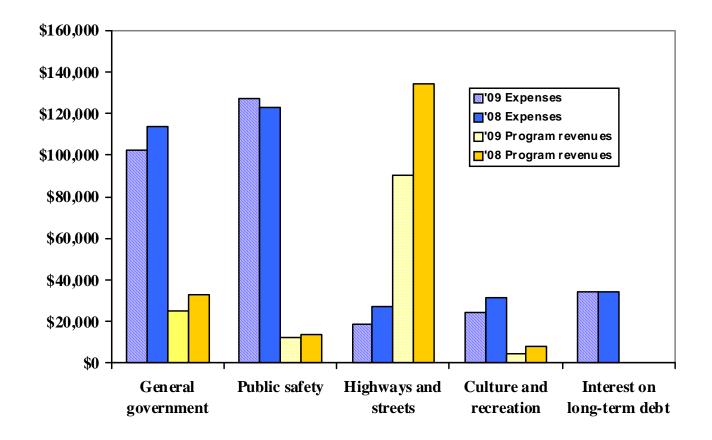
#### **Revenues:**

- There was a \$49 million decrease in the amount of fixed assets donated by developers due to the current slowdown in the local construction industry.
- Investment income decreased by \$9,729 (40%) primarily due to a decrease in cash and investments of approximately \$118 million (a 27% decrease from cash and investment balances at 6/30/08). The decrease in cash and investments was primarily due to capital outlays on projects related to the Riverside Renaissance.
- Sales taxes decreased by \$8,644 in 2009 due to the current downturn in the economy.

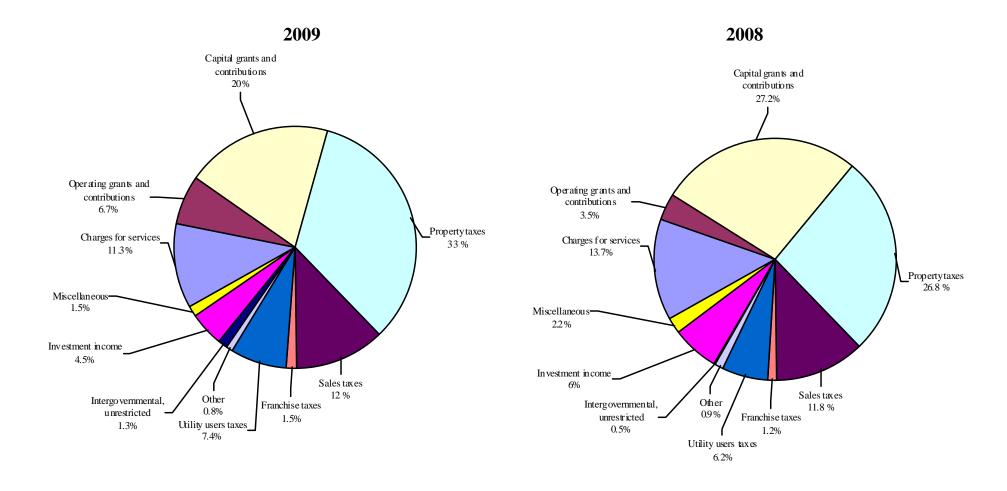
#### **Expenses:**

• While variances between years exist for the various expense functions, the total net decrease was approximately \$22 million. The primary reason for this is due to an overall decrease in spending across the various functions in response to reduced revenue resulting from the current downturn in the economy.

#### **Expenses and Programs Revenues – Governmental Activities – Fiscal Year Comparison 2009 vs. 2008**



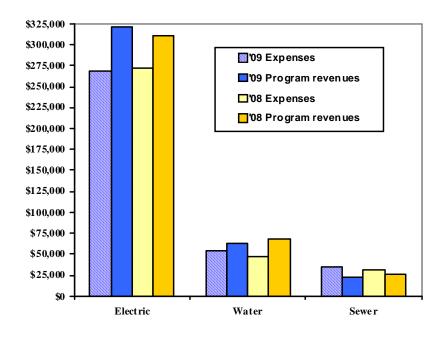
#### **Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities – Fiscal Year Comparison**

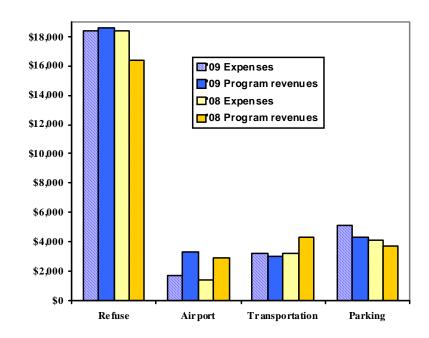


**Business type activities**. Business type activities increased the City's net assets by \$35,309, accounting for 29 percent of the total change in net assets. The net assets of business type activities increased by \$49,983 in the prior year. Key elements of this year's increase in relation to the prior year are as follows:

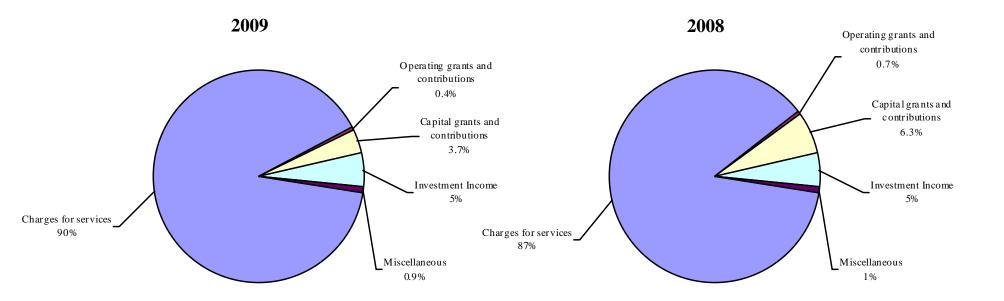
- In 2009, charges for services increased \$17,207 to \$416,628. The increase primarily related to the following:
  - Electric revenues increased by \$8,865 (2.9%), which was primarily the result of an electric rate increase on January 1, 2009. The average rate increase was 5.7% for residential customers, 9.7% for commercial customers and 6.3% for industrial customers, which was partially offset by a 3% decrease in consumption.
  - Water revenues increased by \$5,068 (10.2%), which was primarily due to a \$3,427 (7.4%) increase in retail revenues. The increase in retail revenues was primarily due to a water rate increase of 10% that became effective November 1, 2008 as part of the Safe W.A.T.E.R. Plan, which was partially offset by a 2.5% decrease in retail consumption.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased \$11,927 in the current year to \$17,288. The decrease is due primarily to a large State grant received in the prior year for the JW North Treatment Plant that was substantially completed in 07/08.

#### Expenses and Program Revenues – Business Type Activities – Fiscal Year Comparison 2009 vs. 2008





#### **Revenues by Source – Business Type Activities – Fiscal Year Comparison**



#### **Financial Analysis of the City's Funds**

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The following table summarizes the balance sheet of the City's General, Redevelopment Debt Service, COPS Debt Service, Capital Outlay, Redevelopment Capital Projects, and Other Governmental Funds. As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Total assets							Redeve	lopn	ent		CO	PS					
Total assets		General Fund			Debt Service		Debt Service			ce							
Total liabilities         \$ 51,503         \$ 74,967         \$ 25,103         \$ 25,596         \$ 238         \$ 80           Fund balances         Reserved         41,400         36,025         23,253         23,719         15,856         18,114           Unreserved:         Unreserved:         30,000         34,000			2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008				
Reserved   4   4   400   36,025   23,253   23,719   15,856   18,114   Unreserved:	Total assets	\$	128,882	\$	156,184	\$	48,356	\$	49,315	\$	16,094	\$	18,194				
Reserved Unreserved:         41,400         36,025         23,253         23,719         15,856         18,114         Head of the process of th	Total li abi liti es	\$	51,503	\$	74,967	\$	25, 103	\$	25,596	\$	238	\$	80				
Designated for future operations   2,888   10,253   -	Reserved		41,400		36,025		23,253		23,719		15,856		18,114				
Undesignated         3,091         939         -	Designated for economic cont.		30,000		34,000		-		-		-		-				
Total Total Itabilities and fund balances         77,379   81,217   23,253   23,719   15,856   18,114   \$18,194         18,114   \$18,194         Total Itabilities and fund balances         Redevelopment Capital Projects         Other Governmental Funds         Total Total Funds           2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008   2009   2008         2009   2008	Designated for future operations		2,888		10,253		-		-		-		-				
Total liabilities and fund balances         \$ 128,882         \$ 156,184         \$ 48,356         \$ 49,315         \$ 16,094         \$ 18,194           Redevelopment Capital Projects         Capital Projects         Other Govenmental Funds         Total Govenmental Funds           2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008         2009         2008           Total assets         \$ 82,248         \$ 115,182         \$ 216,747         \$ 233,402         \$ 96,572         \$ 90,783         \$ 588,899         \$ 663,060           Total liabilities         \$ 34,035         \$ 14,466         \$ 42,009         \$ 40,748         \$ 27,104         \$ 23,389         \$ 179,992         \$ 179,246           Fund balances           R eserved         35,711         59,189         84,560         73,963         19,369         20,097         220,149         231,107           Unreserved:         Designated for economic cont.         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         30,000         34,000           Designated for future o perations         12,502         23,756         79,612         118,691         38,016         23,891 <td>Undesignated</td> <td></td> <td>3,091</td> <td></td> <td>939</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Undesignated		3,091		939		-		-		-		-				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total		77,379		81,217		23,253		23,719		15,856		18,114				
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	128,882	\$	156,184	\$	48,356	\$	49,315	\$	16,094	\$	18,194				
Total assets \$ 82,248 \$ 115,182 \$ 216,747 \$ 233,402 \$ 96,572 \$ 90,783 \$ 588,899 \$ 663,060  Total liabilities \$ 34,035 \$ 14,466 \$ 42,009 \$ 40,748 \$ 27,104 \$ 23,389 \$ 179,992 \$ 179,246  Fund balances Reserved				Out		*											
Total liabilities \$ 34,035 \$ 14,466 \$ 42,009 \$ 40,748 \$ 27,104 \$ 23,389 \$ 179,992 \$ 179,246  Fund balances Reserved			2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008
Fund balances R eserved 35,711 59,189 84,560 73,963 19,369 20,097 220,149 231,107 Unreserved: Designated for economic cont 30,000 34,000 Designated for future operations 12,502 23,756 79,612 118,691 38,016 23,891 133,018 176,591 Undesignated - 17,771 10,566 - 12,083 23,406 25,740 42,116 Total 48,213 100,716 174,738 192,654 69,468 67,394 408,907 483,814	Total assets	\$	82,248	\$	115,182	\$	216,747	\$	233,402	\$	96,572	\$	90,783	\$	5 88,899	\$	663,060
Reserved 35,711 59,189 84,560 73,963 19,369 20,097 220,149 231,107 Unreserved:  Designated for economic cont 30,000 34,000 Designated for future operations 12,502 23,756 79,612 118,691 38,016 23,891 133,018 176,591 Undesignated - 17,771 10,566 - 12,083 23,406 25,740 42,116 Total 48,213 100,716 174,738 192,654 69,468 67,394 408,907 483,814	Total li abi liti es	\$	34,035	\$	14,466	\$	42,009	\$	40,748	\$	27,104	\$	23,389	\$	179,992	\$	179,246
Designated for future operations         12,502         23,756         79,612         118,691         38,016         23,891         133,018         176,591           Undesignated         -         17,771         10,566         -         12,083         23,406         25,740         42,116           Total         48,213         100,716         174,738         192,654         69,468         67,394         408,907         483,814	Reserved		35,711		59,189		84,560		73,963		19,369		20,097		2 20,149		231,107
Undesignated         -         17,771         10,566         -         12,083         23,406         25,740         42,116           Total         48,213         100,716         174,738         192,654         69,468         67,394         408,907         483,814	Designated for economic cont.		-		-		-		-		-		-		30,000		34,000
Total 48,213 100,716 174,738 192,654 69,468 67,394 408,907 483,814	Designated for future operations		12,502		23,756		79,612		118,691		38,016		23,891		133,018		176,591
	Undesignated				17,771		10,566				12,083		23,406		25,740		42,116
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 82.248 \$ 115.182 \$ 216.747 \$ 233.402 \$ 96.572 \$ 90.783 \$ 5.88.899 \$ 663.060	Total		48,213		100,716		174,738		192,654		69,468		67,394		408,907		483,814
10 mi nacina ca ana rana ca ana ca φ 02,2 το φ 113,102 φ 210,1 τι φ 233, το 2 φ 70,3 12 φ 70,703 φ 300,077 φ 003,000	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	82,248	\$	115,182	\$	216,747	\$	233,402	\$	96,572	\$	90,783	\$	5 88,899	\$	663,060

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$408,907, a decrease of \$74,907 in comparison with the prior year. About 54% of this amount (\$220,149) is reserved to indicate funds are not available for new spending because it has already been committed for a variety of restricted purposes. The remainder of the fund balance is unreserved, meaning it is available for spending at the City's discretion. Of that amount, \$163,018 has been designated for specific capital projects and economic contingencies, leaving \$25,740 without a commitment; at June 30, 2008 the comparable amount was \$42,116. The City's governmental funds reported combined total assets of \$588,899 at June 30, 2009, a decrease of \$74,161 in comparison with the prior year. The primary reason for the decrease in total assets and related fund balances is due to expenditure of capital projects in the Capital Outlay Fund.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance equaled \$77,379 in comparison to \$81,217 in the prior year. The unreserved fund balance was \$35,979, most of which was designated for future operations and economic contingencies, leaving \$3,091 unreserved and undesignated; the comparable number at June 30, 2008 was \$939. Fund balance decreased during the current year by \$3,838 in comparison to a decrease of \$13,549 in the prior year. The primary reason for this is due to an overall decrease in spending across the various functions in response to reduced revenue resulting from the current downturn in the economy.

The Redevelopment debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$23,253 all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. A net decrease of \$466 in the fund balance occurred during the current year.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Electric, Water and Sewer operations at the end of the year amounted to \$164,762, \$30,911, and \$58,245 respectively. The total change in net assets for these funds was an increase of \$41,969, an increase of \$656 and a decrease of \$8,782, respectively as a result of routine operations.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Total Revenues	Original Budget \$180,407	Final Budget \$193,175	Actual Amounts \$171,400	Variance with Final Budget \$ (21,775)
Expenditures:				
General Government	9,269	9,269	8,148	1,121
Public Safety	156,469	164,764	145,802	18,962
Highways & Streets	20,883	24,068	18,452	5,616
Culture & Recreation	25,940	31,646	26,646	5,000
Capital Outlay	8,380	8,380	4,836	3,544
Debt Service	14,701	14,803	14,688	<u>115</u>
Total Expenditures	235,642	252,930	218,572	34,358
Deficiency of Revenue Under Expenditures	(55,235)	(59,755)	(47,172)	12,583
Other Financing Sources	34,593	37,054	43,334	6,280
Net Change in Fund Balances	(20,642)	(22,701)	(3,838)	18,863
Beginning Fund Balance	81,217	81,217	81,217	<u>-</u>
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 60,575	\$ 58,516	<u>\$ 77,379</u>	<u>\$18,863</u>

Final budgeted revenues increased from the amount originally budgeted as a result of grant related programs and financing associated with capital projects.

Actual amounts differed from the Final Fund budget as follows:

- Actual total revenues were less than the amount budgeted due to the downturn in the economy resulting in less than budgeted sales taxes (\$10.7 million), property taxes (\$2 million), utility users tax (\$1.8 million) and licenses and permits (\$1.3 million).
- Actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts by approximately \$34,000. This is primarily associated with capital projects not completed during the year (which are carried over to the next fiscal year) and planned reductions in expenditures in all departments.
- □ The net effect of all of the above was that the ending fund balance increased \$18,863 more than budgeted.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets**. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2009 amounted to \$2,262,607 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total increase in the City's net investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$246,530 (\$148,747 for governmental activities including internal service funds and \$97,783 for business type activities).

Major capital improvements during the current fiscal year included: new infrastructure, consisting primarily of street improvements (\$89,802); Sewer Mains (\$6,791); Electric Utility upgrades (\$51,068); Water Utility upgrades (\$48,466); and City Hall Improvements (\$7,401).

Construction in progress totaled \$248,011 at June 30, 2009. Some of the major projects in process are the RERC Power Plant Units 3 & 4, a 203 KV Transmission Substation, Orange Terrace Community Center, the Fox Theatre and the remodel of the Lincoln Street Police Station. Depreciation expense during the fiscal year was \$29,507 for governmental activities and \$41,771 for business type activities.

#### City of Riverside's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	ss Type vities	Total		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Land	\$270,580	\$250,582	\$ 40,835	\$ 37,200	\$ 311,415	\$ 287,782	
Buildings	88,367	91,239	152,316	153,874	240,683	245,113	
Improvements other than							
Buildings	79,494	63,022	790,575	728,817	870,069	791,839	
Machinery and equipment	25,664	28,398	28,809	21,456	54,473	49,854	
Infrastructure	537,967	448,165	-	-	537,967	448,165	
Construction in progress	112,742	<u>84,661</u>	<u>135,258</u>	<u>108,663</u>	248,000	193,324	
Total	<u>\$1,114,814</u>	<u>\$966,067</u>	<u>\$1,147,793</u>	<u>\$1,050,010</u>	<u>\$2,262,607</u>	<u>\$2,016,077</u>	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 5 on page 42 of this report.

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$1,378,579 which includes bonded debt of \$1,316,238.

**City of Riverside's Long-Term Debt** 

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	• 1	Total		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
Lease/Revenue Bonds	\$285,743	\$292,244	\$674,646	\$720,749	\$960,389	\$1,012,993	
General Obligation Bonds	18,171	18,774	-	-	18,171	18,774	
Pension Obligation Bonds	139,410	142,170	-	-	139,410	142,170	
Certificates of Participation	198,268	200,273	-	-	198,268	200,273	
Notes Payable	8,749	9,040	7,915	8,569	16,664	17,609	
Capital Leases	7,455	9,391	2,574	211	10,029	9,602	
Landfill Capping	-	-	7,512	2,881	7,512	2,881	
Arbitrage Liability	-	-	502	481	502	481	
Compensated Absences	20,494	20,494	-	-	20,494	20,494	
Net OPEB Obligation	3,722	1,892	2,470	1,204	6,192	3,096	
Water Acquisition Rights			948	964	948	964	
Total	<u>\$682,012</u>	<u>\$694,278</u>	<u>\$696,567</u>	<u>\$735,059</u>	<u>\$1,378,579</u>	<u>\$1,429,337</u>	

The City's total debt decreased by \$50,758 (4 percent) during the current fiscal year primarily due to principal payments on outstanding debt.

The City's Water Utility maintains "AA+" and "AA" ratings, from Standard & Poors and Fitch, respectively, for their revenue bonds, while the Electric Utility maintains "AA-" ratings from both rating agencies. The City's general obligation bond ratings are "AA-" and "AA", respectively.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of its total adjusted assessed valuation. The legal debt margin for the City is \$665,942, after deducting the general obligation debt of \$18,171.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note 7 beginning on page 43 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

- ☐ Sales taxes decreased by \$8,644 (17%) during the current fiscal year.
- ☐ Unemployment in Riverside County is 14.1% as compared to 8.3% for 2008.
- ☐ The required contribution rates as a percentage of payroll for the City's retirement program, including the employee portion which is paid by the City, will be changing effective July 1, 2009 as follows:
  - Miscellaneous Plan –22.169% to 22.219%
  - Safety Plan 29.026% to 29.323%

At the time of budget preparation for fiscal year 2010, the economic outlook for the City was considered to be stable. The General Fund Budget for fiscal year 2010 of approximately \$198 million was adopted with a planned use of \$2 million of available fund balance. It represents a reduction from the prior year of approximately 8%, principally as a result of a projected reduction in sales taxes.

#### **Request for information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Manager's Office, Finance Division, 3900 Main Street City of Riverside, CA 92522.

City of Riverside Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 156,536	\$ 172,032	\$ 328,568
Receivables, net	106,008	55,074	\$ 326,566 161,082
Inventory	5,835	1,066	6,901
•	3,033		1.750
Nuclear material inventory	1.741	1,750	7.989
Prepaid items	•	6,248	,
Deferred charges	128,007	44,724	172,731
Internal balances	15,480	(15,480)	-
Land and improvements held for resale	84,102	-	84,102
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		38,696	38,696
Cash and investments at fiscal agent	169,609	250,264	419,873
Other	-	836	836
Capital leases receivable	24,940	-	24,940
Land and other capital assets not being depreciated	383,322	176,093	559,415
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	731,492	971,700	1,703,192
Total assets	1,807,072	1,703,003	3,510,075
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	57,690	27,413	85,103
Accrued interest payable	9,010	5,610	14,620
Deferred revenue	1,776	1,740	3,516
Deposits	24,088	3,342	27,430
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets	· .	3,329	3,329
Claims and judgments payable	24,958	-	24,958
Decommissioning liability	-	59,072	59,072
Noncurrent liabilities:		,-	
Due within one year	57,666	27,239	84,905
Due in more than one year	624,346	669,328	1,293,674
Total liabilities	799,534	797,073	1,596,607
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	950,496	659,904	1,610,400
Restricted for:	300,430	000,004	1,010,400
Expendable:			
Capital projects	41,374	_	41,374
Debt service	41,574	25,633	25,633
Economic development	23,190	25,055	23,190
•	23,190	2.075	•
Other purposes Public works	9.400	2,975	2,975 8,439
	8,439	-	
Housing	24,627	-	24,627
Programs		10,013	10,013
Nonexpendable	1,273	-	1,273
Unrestricted	(41,861)	207,405	165,544
Total net assets	\$ 1,007,538	\$ 905,930	\$ 1,913,468

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Riverside Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

							Progra	am Revenues	i		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets						
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Indirect Expenses Allocation		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business type Activities			Total	
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$	102,665	\$	(46,988)	\$	13,691	\$	11,622	\$	27	\$	(30,337)			\$	(30,337)	
Public safety		127,350		22,554		8,414		4,202		1		(137,287)				(137,287)	
Highways and streets		18,731		16,446		14,391		6,315		69,639		55,168				55,168	
Culture and recreation		24,121		7,988		3,168		1,174		78		(27,689)				(27,689)	
Interest on long-term debt		34,361				-						(34,361)				(34,361)	
Total governmental activities		307,228		-		39,664		23,313		69,745		(174,506)				(174,506)	
Business type activities:																	
Electric		269,209				314,164		-		7,060			\$	52,015		52,015	
Water		53,931				54,923				7,199				8,191		8,191	
Sewer		34,853				23,247		-		-				(11,606)		(11,606)	
Refuse		18,425				18,394		168		-				137		137	
Airport		1,734				1,232		-		2,082				1,580		1,580	
Transportation		3,194				336		1,761		937				(160)		(160)	
Public parking		5,095				4,332		-		10				(753)		(753)	
Total business type activities		386,441				416,628		1,929		17,288				49,404		49,404	
Total	\$	693,669			\$	456,292	\$	25,242	\$	87,033		(174,506)		49,404		(125,102)	
	,	General rever Taxes:	nues:														
		Sales										41,882		-		41,882	
		Property										116,420		-		116,420	
		Utility users	3									25,964		-		25,964	
		Franchise										5,144		-		5,144	
		Other										2,912		-		2,912	
		Intergovernn	nental,	unrestricted								4,569		-		4,569	
		Investment i	ncome	•								15,941		23,402		39,343	
		Miscellaneo	us									5,137		4,590		9,727	
		Subtotal										217,969		27,992		245,961	
	-	Transfers, net	t									42,087		(42,087)		-	
		Total gener	ral reve	enues and trai	nsfers	;						260,056		(14,095)		245,961	
		Change in	net ass	sets								85,550		35,309		120,859	
	1	Net assets - b	eginni	ng								921,988		870,621	_	1,792,609	
	I	Net assets - e	ending								\$	1,007,538	\$	905,930	\$	1,913,468	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Riverside Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Assets		General Fund		Redevelopment Debt Service		Certificates of Participation Debt Service		Capital Outlay		Redevelopment Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Cash and investments	\$	48,202	\$	15,716	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,553	\$	43,109	\$	146,580	
Cash and investments at fiscal agent		12,355		7,426		16,094		31,127		97,919		4,688		169,609	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)															
Interest		255		156		-		50		190		340		991	
Property taxes		5,389		-		-		-		-		-		5,389	
Sales tax		6,295		-		-		-		_		-		6,295	
Utility billed		764		-		-		-		_		_		764	
Accounts		7,803		118		-		6,369		37		1,950		16,277	
Intergovernmental		3,803		_		_		44,526		681		4,799		53,809	
Notes		277		_		_		- 1,0=0		3,591		18,447		22,315	
Capital lease receivable				24,940		_		_		-		-		24,940	
Prepaid items		293		- 1,0 10		_		_		21		_		314	
Deposits				_		_		176		1,241		_		1,417	
Due from other funds		15,981		_		_		-		3		12,648		28.632	
Advances to other funds		27,465		_		_		_		-		,		27,465	
Land & improvements held for resale		27,100		_		_		_		73,511		10,591		84,102	
Total assets:	\$	128,882	\$	48,356	\$	16,094	\$	82,248	\$	216,747	\$	96,572	\$	588,899	
Liabilities and fund balances									-		-		-		
Liabilities:	_														
Accounts payable	\$	11,400	\$	160	\$	238	\$	10,164	\$	14,872	\$	1,219	\$	38,053	
Accrued payroll		12,060		-		-		-		42		27		12,129	
Retainage payable		44		-		-		44		2,049		3,668		5,805	
Intergovernmental		140		-		-		-		-		-		140	
Deferred revenue		3,580		24,940		-		1,037		3,497		18,526		51,580	
Deposits		24,062		, <u> </u>		-		, <u>-</u>		· -		26		24,088	
Due to other funds		· -		3		-		22,790		_		3,040		25,833	
Advances from other funds		217		-		-		-		21,549		598		22,364	
Total liabilities:	-	51,503		25,103	-	238		34,035		42,009		27,104		179,992	
Fund balances:	-		-	-,						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-,	
Reserved		41,400		23,253		15,856		35,711		84,560		19,369		220,149	
Unreserved, designated for economic contingencies		30,000				-		-		- ,,,,,,,,,		-		30,000	
Unreserved, designated for future operations		,												,	
General fund		2,888		_		_		_		_		_		2,888	
Special revenue		_,		_		_		_		_		26,097		26,097	
Capital project funds		_		_		_		12,502		79,612		11,919		104,033	
Unreserved, undesignated								,00_		. 0,0 . 2		,		,	
General fund		3,091		_		_		_		_		_		3,091	
Special revenue				_		_		_		_		2,949		2,949	
Debt service		_		_		_		_		_		2,549		2,545	
Capital project funds		_		_		_		_		10,566		9,134		19,700	
Total fund balances		77,379		23,253		15,856		48,213		174,738		69,468		408,907	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	128,882	\$	48,356	\$	16,094	\$	82,248	\$	216,747	\$	96,572	\$	588,899	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# CITY OF RIVERSIDE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$408,907
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities that are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,111,233
Issuance costs from issuing debt are expenditures at the fund level but are deferred and subject to capitalization and amortization in the Statement of Net Assets.		9,230
Pension contributions were expenditures at the fund level but are deferred as a net pension asset and subject to capitalizaton and amortization in the Statement of Net Assets.		117,173
Revenues that do not meet the "availability" criteria for revenue recognition and therefore, are deferred in the funds.		49,804
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on various debt issues has not been reported in the governmental funds.		(9,010)
Long-term liabilities, as listed below, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Bonds payable	\$ (436,635)	
Certificates of participation payable Notes payable Capital leases payable Bond premiums Net OPEB obligation	(196,905) (8,749) (7,455) (8,052) (3,722)	
Compensated absences	(20,494)	(682,012)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, centralized purchasing and fleet management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		2,213
Net assets of governmental activities	=	\$1,007,538

City of Riverside Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	General Fund	Redevelopment Debt Service	Certificates of Participation Debt Service	Capital Outlay	Redevelopment Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 126,838	\$ 52,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,094	\$ 192,322
Licenses and permits	6,381	-	-	-	-	987	7,368
Intergovernmental	10,802	200	-	57,211	827	17,833	86,873
Charges for services	9,003	-	-	-	-	96	9,099
Fines and forfeitures	4,649	-	-	-	-	1,564	6,213
Special assessments	4,235	-	-	195	-	1,001	5,431
Rental and investment income	3,635	2,660	764	3,067	5,278	3,216	18,620
Miscellaneous	5,857	280	488		393	578	7,596
Total revenues	171,400	55,530	1,252	60,473	6,498	38,369	333,522
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	8,148	669	24	136	11,226	5,792	25,995
Public safety	145,802	-	-	-	-	-	145,802
Highways and streets	18,452	-	-	-	-	-	18,452
Culture and recreation	26,646	-	-	-	-	213	26,859
Capital outlay	4,836	-	-	105,309	47,411	22,838	180,394
Debt service:							
Principal	5,369	6,830	1,950	-	-	-	14,149
Interest	9,060	15,447	8,526	-	-	-	33,033
Bond issuance costs	259						259
Total expenditures	218,572	22,946	10,500	105,445	58,637	28,843	444,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(47,172)	32,584	(9,248)	(44,972)	(52,139)	9,526	(111,421)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	50,650	3,185	9,197	304	35,991	1,470	100,797
Transfers out	(7,776)	(36,235)	(2,207)	(7,837)	(414)	(4,241)	(58,710)
Issuance of long term debt	30,425	-	-	-	-	-	30,425
Payment to escrow account for advance refunding	(30,200)	-	-	-	-	-	(30,200)
Sales of capital assets	235			2	(1,354)	(4,681)	(5,798)
Total other financing sources and uses	43,334	(33,050)	6,990	(7,531)	34,223	(7,452)	36,514
Net change in fund balances	(3,838)	(466)	(2,258)	(52,503)	(17,916)	2,074	(74,907)
Fund balances - beginning	81,217	23,719	18,114	100,716	192,654	67,394	483,814
Fund balances - ending	\$ 77,379	\$ 23,253	\$ 15,856	\$ 48,213	\$ 174,738	\$ 69,468	\$ 408,907

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF RIVERSIDE
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

ı	Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		(	(\$74,907)
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period, as listed below:			
	Capital Asset additions Depreciation Expense	\$ 178,180 (29,191)	-	148,989
	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not meet the "availability" criteria for revenue recognition and therefore are not reported as revenue in the funds.			(2,855)
	The amortization of the net pension asset reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.			(1,559)
	The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, notes) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds immediately report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is listed below:			
	Principal repayments	14,149		
	Debt refunding Other post-employment benefit liabilities	30,200 (1,830)		
	Compensated Absences	(1,630)		
	Interest	(1,159)		
	Premiums on the issuance of LTD	172		
	Proceeds from LTD	(30,425)	-	10,979
	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			757
	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance, centralized purchasing and fleet management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			4,146
(	Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	85,550
			<u> </u>	,000

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Riverside Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual **General Fund** For the year ended June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Budgeted	d Amounts			Actual	Var	iance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Revenues				_					Public safety:
Taxes	\$	142,677	\$	142,724	\$	126,838	\$	(15,886)	Police
Licenses and permits		7,733		7,733		6,381		(1,352)	Fire
Intergovernmental		2,820		13,731		10,802		(2,929)	Animal regulation
Charges for services		11,159		11,228		9,003		(2,225)	Building and zoning inspection
Fines and forfeitures		4,710		4,710		4,649		(61)	Street lighting
Special assessments		3,543		3,543		4,235		692	Total public safety
Rental and investment income		2,996		3,009		3,635		626	
Miscellaneous		4,769		6,497		5,857		(640)	Highways and streets
Total revenues		180,407		193,175		171,400		(21,775)	Culture and recreation
Expenditures									Capital Outlay
General government:									
Mayor		1,236		1,338		1,184		154	Debt service:
Council		1,158		1,174		1,104		70	Principal
Manager		10,449		11,619		9,524		2,095	Interest
Attorney		3,942		4,018		4,040		(22)	Bond issuance costs
Clerk		1,331		1,321		1,101		220	Total debt service
Community Development		9,372		10,202		8,463		1,739	
Human Resources		3,508		3,698		2,917		781	Total expenditures
General Services		8,708		13,131		7,172		5,959	
Information System		12,134		14,992		12,386		2,606	Deficiency of revenue under expe
Development		6,662		7,742		7,245		497	
									Other financing sources (uses)
Subtotal		58,500		69,235		55,136		14,099	Transfers in
Allocated expenditures		(49,231)		(59,966)		(46,988)		(12,978)	Transfers out
	-							<del></del>	Issuance of long term debt
Total general government		9,269		9,269		8,148		1,121	Payment to escrow account for
					-			continued	Sale of capital assets

Expenditures					Capital Outlay	8,380	8,380	4,836	3,544
General government:									
Mayor	1,236	1,338	1,184	154	Debt service:				
Council	1,158	1,174	1,104	70	Principal	5,537	5,442	5,369	73
Manager	10,449	11,619	9,524	2,095	Interest	9,164	9,164	9,060	104
Attorney	3,942	4,018	4,040	(22)	Bond issuance costs	<u>-</u>	197	259	(62)
Clerk	1,331	1,321	1,101	220	Total debt service	14,701	14,803	14,688	115
Community Development	9,372	10,202	8,463	1,739					
Human Resources	3,508	3,698	2,917	781	Total expenditures	235,642	252,930	218,572	34,358
General Services	8,708	13,131	7,172	5,959					
Information System	12,134	14,992	12,386	2,606	Deficiency of revenue under expenditures	(55,235)	(59,755)	(47,172)	12,583
Development	6,662	7,742	7,245	497					
					Other financing sources (uses)				
Subtotal	58,500	69,235	55,136	14,099	Transfers in	34,553	34,859	50,650	15,791
Allocated expenditures	(49,231)	(59,966)	(46,988)	(12,978)	Transfers out	-	-	(7,776)	(7,776)
					Issuance of long term debt	-	-	30,425	30,425
Total general government	9,269	9,269	8,148	1,121	Payment to escrow account for advance refunding	-	-	(30,200)	(30,200)
				continued	Sale of capital assets	40	2,195	235	(1,960)
					Total other financing sources	34,593	37,054	43,334	6,280
The notes to the financial statements	are an integral part of th	is statement.			_				
					Net change in fund balances	(20,642)	(22,701)	(3,838)	18,863
					Fund balance, beginning	81,217	81,217	81,217	
					Fund balance, ending	60,575	\$ 58,516	\$ 77,379	\$ 18,863

**Budgeted Amounts** 

Final

102,298

51,065

4,125

3,025

4,251

164,764

24,068

31,646

Original

98,191

47,803

3,345

2,891

4,239

156,469

20,883

25,940

Actual

Amounts

87,377

47,315

3,977

2,658

4,475

145,802

18,452

26,646

Variance with

Final Budget

14,921

3,750

148

367

(224)

18,962

5,616

5,000

City of Riverside Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 3009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Assets
Current assets:

Interest Utility billed

Accounts

Inventory

Prepaid items

Restricted assets:

Total current assets

Non-current assets:
Advances to other funds

Deferred charges

Capital assets: Land

**Buildings** 

Total assets

Cash and investments

Utility unbilled

Intergovernmental

Nuclear materials inventory

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and investments at fiscal agent

Accumulated depreciation - buildings

Improvements other than buildings

Machinery and equipment

Construction in progress

Total non-current assets

Conservation & reclamation programs receivable

Accumulated depreciation - improvements other than buildings

Accumulated depreciation - machinery and equipment

Public benefit programs receivable

Receivables (net allowances for uncollectibles)

Governmental Other Enterprise **Total Enterprise Activities-Internal** Water Electric Sewer Funds Funds Service Funds \$ 134,883 \$ 29.679 \$ 2.038 \$ 5.432 \$ 172.032 \$ 9.956 745 146 178 83 1,152 131 14,532 2,843 688 597 18,660 12,609 2,737 768 637 16,751 10.757 2,402 1,932 402 15,493 22 112 2,284 50 572 3,018 15 1,750 1,750 1,066 1,066 5,835 6,224 5 12 6,248 8 28,805 6,917 2,975 38,697 222,538 27,726 250,264 686 686 150 150 433.641 74,891 6.725 10,710 525,967 15,967 5,918 10.018 15.936 12,616 22,453 7,329 3,650 11,292 44,724 1,604

2,698

184,327

(74,653)

61,877

(10,893)

8,996

(5,200)

180,820

187,545

13,701

20,338

(3,795)

19,818

(4,046)

17,696

(9,705)

4,651

69,950

80,660

40,835

238,436

(86, 120)

1,216,030

(425, 455)

64,277

(35,468)

135,258

1,208,453

1,734,420

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

Continued

1,488

9,575

(7,331)

17,801

33,768

(151)

16,824

15,199

(3,392)

418,728

(120,504)

12,483

(7,656)

24,407

363,418

438,309

7,612

18,572

(4,280)

715,607

(290,012)

25,102

(12,907)

106,200

594,265

1,027,906

City of Riverside Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 3009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Business-	type Activities - Enter	prise Funds		
Liabilities	Electric	Water	Sewer	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	13,858	4,588	1,877	1,168	21,491	865
Accrued payroll	4,364	1,461	1,070	720	7,615	533
Retainage payable	75	1,203	-	1	1,279	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims and judgements	-	-	-	-	-	24,959
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	1,740	1,740	-
Deposits	2,780	561	-	1	3,342	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	2,799
Capital leases - current	360	-	42	17	419	-
Water stock acquisitions - current	-	150	-	-	150	-
Landfill capping - current	-	-	-	300	300	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:						
Revenue bonds	21,300	4,415	-	-	25,715	-
Accrued interest	4,454	1,156	-	-	5,610	-
Other payables	2,117	526	355	331	3,329	164
Total current liabilities	49,308	14,060	3,344	4,278	70,990	29,320
Non-current liabilities:						
Revenue bonds	506,208	142,723	-	-	648,931	-
Arbitrage payable	-	-	-	-	-	-
Notes payable		-	7,915	-	7,915	-
Other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital leases	2,073	-	-	81	2,154	-
Advances from other funds	12,979	5,584	3,572	9,282	31,417	2,235
Decommissioning liability	59,072	, -	, <u> </u>	, <u>-</u>	59,072	-
Water stock acquisitions	, <u>-</u>	799	-	-	799	-
Landfill capping	-	-	-	7,212	7,212	-
Total non-current liabilities	580,332	149,106	11,487	16,575	757,500	2,235
Total liabilities	629,640	163,166	14,831	20,853	828,490	31,555
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	204,902	237,188	159,237	58,577	659,904	3,581
Restricted for debt service	20,477	5,156	.00,20.	-	25,633	-
Restricted for other purposes	20,777	5,150	-	2,975	2,975	_
Restricted for programs	8,125	1,888	-	2,575	10,013	_
Unrestricted	164,762	30,911	13,477	(1,745)	207,405	(1,368)
Total net assets	\$ 398,266	\$ 275,143	\$ 172,714	\$ 59,807	\$ 905,930	\$ 2,213
rotarriot assets	ψ 530,200	ψ 210,140	Ψ 172,714	Ψ 53,007	ψ 303,930	Ψ 2,213

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Riverside
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Proprietary Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	E	lectric	Water		Sewer	Oth	er Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities-Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	314,164	\$	54,923	\$ 23,247	\$	24,294	\$ 416,628	\$	15,834	
Operating expenses:											
Personal services		29,205		9,716	8,930		7,042	54,893		3,651	
Contractual services		8,176		2,274	756		4,375	15,581		108	
Maintenance and operation		170,533		9,530	8,380		6,486	194,929		1,513	
General		13,203		13,582	5,253		3,988	36,026		1,733	
Materials and supplies		725		1,041	2,730		940	5,436		13	
Insurance		859		404	519		251	2,033		5,114	
Depreciation and amortization		23,091		9,771	 6,084		3,247	 42,193		940	
Total operating expenses		245,792		46,318	32,652		26,329	351,091		13,072	
Operating income (loss)		68,372		8,605	(9,405)		(2,035)	65,537		2,762	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	,				 						
Operating grants		-		-	-		1,929	1,929		-	
Interest income		17,625		3,169	2,018		590	23,402		1,468	
Other		1,702		1,011	8		911	3,632		3	
Gain (loss) on retirement of capital assets		210		(564)	16		(1,640)	(1,978)		(5)	
Capital improvement fees		-		-	782		-	782		-	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(23,417)		(7,049)	(2,201)		(479)	(33,146)		(82)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(3,880)		(3,433)	623		1,311	(5,379)		1,384	
Income before capital contributions and transfers		64,492		5,172	(8,782)		(724)	60,158		4,146	
Cash capital contributions		1,494		3,749	-		3,029	8,272		-	
Noncash capital contributions		5,566		3,399	-		-	8,965		-	
Transfers out		(29,583)		(11,664)	-		(840)	(42,087)		-	
Change in net assets		41,969		656	 (8,782)		1,465	35,308		4,146	
Total net assets - beginning		356,297		274,487	181,496		58,342	870,622		(1,933)	
Total net assets - ending	\$	398,266	\$	275,143	\$ 172,714	\$	59,807	\$ 905,930	\$	2,213	

City of Riverside
Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Electric		Electric Water			Sewer		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds		vernmental Activities- Internal vice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:												
Cash received from customers and users	\$	315,095	\$	54,046	\$	22,759	\$	23,933	\$	415,833	\$	15,894
Cash paid to employees for services		(30,265)		(10,044)		(9,058)		(7,143)		(56,510)		(3,777)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services		(185,574)		(27,906)		(17,968)		(16,556)		(248,004)		(12,295)
Other receipts		1,702		1,011		8		911		3,632		3
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		100,958		17,107	-	(4,259)		1,145		114,951		(175)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:												
Transfers to other funds		(29,583)		(11,664)		-		(840)		(42,087)		-
Operating grants		-		-		-		3,011		3,011		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		(10,018)		-		(10,018)		(12,620)
Repayments on advances to other funds		33,586		-		-		-		33,586		-
Cash received (repaid) on loans from other funds		(227)		(98)		(63)		(27)		(415)		(24)
Cash paid on amounts due to the General Fund		-		-		-		(645)		(645)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing												
activities		3,776		(11,762)		(10,081)		1,499		(16,568)		(12,644)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		_					· ·					·
Purchase of capital assets		(72,900)		(37,714)		(9,361)		(7,076)		(127,051)		(698)
Purchase of nuclear fuel		(2,221)		-		-		-		(2,221)		-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		558		128		25		-		711		(5)
Principal paid on long-term obligations		(20,639)		(4,390)		(22,028)		-		(47,057)		-
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(23,950)		(6,584)		(2,757)		(478)		(33,769)		(82)
Capital improvement fees		-		-		782		-		782		-
Capital contributions		1,493		11,872		-		3,617		16,982		-
Net cash used for capital and related												
financing activities		(117,659)		(36,688)		(33,339)		(3,937)		(191,623)		(785)
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Purchase of investments		(4,186)		684		-		-		(3,502)		-
Income from investments		19,674		3,283		2,089		603		25,649		1,393
Net cash provided by investing activities		15,488		3,967		2,089	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	603		22,147		1,393
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		2,563		(27,376)		(45,590)		(690)		(71,093)		(12,211)
Cash and cash equivalents, ending (including \$212,733 for Electric,												
\$54,355 for Water and \$4,025 for Sewer in restricted accounts)		291,420		83,932		47,628		9,097		432,077		22,167
Cash and cash equivalents, ending (including \$159,100 for Electric		·	-	*			-			*		
and \$26,877 for Water in restricted accounts)	\$	293,983	\$	56,556	\$	2,038	\$	8,407	\$	360,984	\$	9,956
•	<u> </u>	•	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=		=			•		continued

City of Riverside
Proprietary Funds
Statement of Cash Flows
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

(amounts expressed in thousands)		Electric	Water	Sewer	E	Other interprise Funds	E	Total Enterprise Funds	Gove Ad In	ernmental etivities- nternal ice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provide	ed									
(used) by operating activities:										
Operating Income (loss)	\$	68,372	\$ 8,605	\$ (9,405)	\$	(2,035)	\$	65,537	\$	2,762
Other receipts		1,702	1,011	8		911		3,632		3
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to										
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		23,091	9,771	6,084		3,247		42,193		940
Amortization of pension costs		179	77	49		33		338		22
Amortization (burn) of nuclear fuel		5,191	-	-		-		5,191		-
Decrease in utility billed receivables		1,946	57	104		61		2,168		-
Decrease in utility unbilled receivables		1,267	223	31		7		1,528		-
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(422)	(1,094)	(681)		(215)		(2,412)		20
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivables		(4)	2	59		(218)		(161)		15
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		786	(1)	(5)		(12)		768		17
Decrease in nuclear materials inventory		171	-	-		-		171		-
(Increase) in inventory		-	=	(77)		=		(77)		801
(Decrease) in accounts payable		(5,008)	(1,585)	(171)		(228)		(6,992)		(131)
(Decrease) in accrued payroll		(1,863)	(681)	(357)		(273)		(3,174)		(229)
Increase (decrease) in retainage payable		56	511	(78)		-		489		-
Increase in other payable		1,279	276	180		159		1,894		81
(Decrease) in intergovernmental receivables		(20)	-	-		-		(20)		_
(Decrease) in deposits		(314)	(65)	-		-		(379)		-
(Decrease) in due to other funds		-	-	-		-		-		(956)
(Decrease) in claims and judgments		-	-	-		=		-		(3,520)
Increase in decommissioning liability		4,549	-	-		-		4,549		_
(Decrease) in landfill capping		-	 			(292)		(292)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	100,958	\$ 17,107	\$ (4,259)	\$	1,145	\$	114,951	\$	(175)
Schedule of noncash financing and investing activities:										
Contribution in aid	\$	5,565	\$ 3,399	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,964	\$	-
Borrowing under capital lease		2,433	-	-		-		2,433		-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Riverside Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Agency Funds
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 10,898
Cash and investments at fiscal agent	9,294
Interest receivable	61
Property tax receivables	 187
Total assets	\$ 20,440
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 21
Held for bond holders	 20,419
Total liabilities	\$ 20,440

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Riverside (City) was incorporated on October 11, 1883 as a Charter City and operates under a Council-Manager form of Government. The more significant accounting policies reflected in the financial statements are summarized as follows:

# A. Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is financially accountable. Blended component units are legally separate entities, but in substance are part of the City's operations and their data is combined with that of the City's. The City has no component units that meet the criteria for discrete presentation. All of the City's component units have a June 30 year end.

# **Blended Component Units**

<u>Riverside Redevelopment Agency</u> (Redevelopment Agency) was established in 1971 by the City. The Redevelopment Agency's primary purpose is to eliminate blighted areas in the City by encouraging commercial development. City Council members serve as the Redevelopment Agency's directors and have full accountability for fiscal matters.

Riverside Housing Authority (Housing Authority) was established in 2006 by the City. The Housing Authority's primary purpose is to provide safe and sanitary housing accommodations for persons with low or moderate income. City Council members serve as the Housing Authority's commissioners and have full accountability for fiscal matters.

Riverside Public Financing Authority (Public Financing Authority) was organized in December 1987 by the City and the Redevelopment Agency. The purpose of the Public Financing Authority is to provide financing for public capital improvements to the City or the Redevelopment Agency. City Council members serve as the Public Financing Authority's directors and have full accountability for fiscal matters.

Riverside Municipal Improvements Corporation (Municipal Improvements Corporation) was created in 1978 and operates under provisions of the Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law of the State of California. The Municipal Improvements Corporation's primary purpose is to provide financing assistance by obtaining land, property and equipment on behalf of the City. Three members of the City Council serve as the Municipal

Improvements Corporation's directors and have full accountability for fiscal matters.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units except the Riverside Municipal Improvement Corporation and Riverside Housing Authority (which do not generate financial statements) may be obtained from the City's Finance Department, 3900 Main Street, Riverside, California, 92522.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. Interfund activity has been removed from these statements except for utility charges, as this would distort the presentation of function costs and program revenues. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Indirect expenses are allocated to the various functions based on a proportionate utilization of the services rendered. Such allocations consist of charges for accounting, human resources, information technology and other similar support services.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities, therefore have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied on the property. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. An allowance for doubtful accounts is maintained for the utility and other miscellaneous receivables. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities, therefore have no measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for grant revenue, including reimbursements received from Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fees, which is (6) months and sales tax revenue which is seven (7) months, as described below. Grant revenue is recognized if received within six (6) months of year end to enable the matching of revenue with applicable expenditures. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Effective with the previous fiscal year, the State temporarily began to exchange 25% of sales taxes for an equal amount of property taxes to securitize a short-term State bond issue. The State bond issue will remain outstanding for an uncertain number of years, but is currently estimated not to exceed eight (8) years. These in-lieu sales taxes will be paid to the City by the State on a different calendar than sales taxes, which are paid monthly, three months in arrears. The vast majority of the in-lieu amount will be paid during the applicable fiscal year; however, the final payment of the in-lieu sales taxes will not be paid until the January following the end of the applicable fiscal year. The City has budgeted this final payment in the

current fiscal year and will continue this practice during this temporary period, effectively extending the availability period to seven (7) months for the in-lieu sales taxes and thus provide consistency in the reporting of sales tax revenue.

Property taxes, special assessments, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services, amounts due from other governments and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Other revenue items such as fines and permits are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash, and are therefore not susceptible to accrual.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Redevelopment Agency's debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term obligation debt of the Redevelopment Agency.

The Certificates of Participation (COPS) debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest and trustee fees on certificates of participation.

The Capital Outlay fund accounts for the construction and installation of street and highway capital improvements for the City, including improvements funded by the  $\frac{1}{2}$ % sales tax approved by Riverside County in 1988.

The Redevelopment Agency's capital project fund accounts for the acquisition, relocation, demolition and sale of land for those portions of the City designated to be in need of redevelopment activities.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Electric fund accounts for the activities of the City's electric distribution operations.

The Water fund accounts for the activities of the City's water distribution operations.

The Sewer fund accounts for the activities of the City's sewer systems.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the central stores, central garage, and the three self-insured risks of workers compensation, unemployment and public liability on a cost reimbursement basis.

The agency (fiduciary) fund is used to account for special assessments that service no-commitment debt.

The permanent fund is a governmental fund that is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's Library programs. Non-expendable net assets on the Statement of Net Assets includes \$1 million of permanent fund principal which are considered nonexpendable net assets.

Pronouncements regarding accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Significant interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements with the exception of charges between the City's electric, water, sewer and refuse functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### D. Cash and Investments

The City values its cash and investments in accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools (GASB 31)," which requires governmental entities, including governmental external investment pools, to report certain investments at fair value in the statement of net assets/balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. Fair value is determined using published market prices.

Cash accounts of all funds are pooled for investment purposes to enhance safety and liquidity while maximizing interest earnings. Investments are stated at fair value. All highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents. Cash and investments held on behalf of proprietary funds by the City Treasurer are considered highly liquid and are classified as cash equivalents for the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows.

#### E. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain proceeds of Enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Additionally, unspent proceeds received from the City's landfill capping surcharge are also recorded as restricted assets.

# F. Land and Improvements Held for Resale

Land and improvements held for resale are generally acquired under Developer Disposition Agreements in the normal course of Redevelopment Agency activity. The Developer Disposition Agreements provide for transfer of property to developers after certain redevelopment obligations have been fulfilled. Additionally, the General fund has acquired property which is to be held for resale at a later date. This property is carried at cost until an event occurs to indicate a lower net realizable value.

# G. Inventory

Supplies are valued at cost using the average-cost method. Costs are charged to user departments when consumed rather than when purchased.

# H. Prepaid Items

Payments to vendors for services benefiting future periods are recorded as prepaid items and expenditures are recognized when items are consumed.

#### I. Capital Assets and Nuclear Fuel

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, right of way, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than five thousand dollars and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Costs include: labor; materials; interest during construction; allocated indirect charges such as engineering, construction and transportation equipment, retirement plan contributions and other fringe benefits. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets other than land are depreciated using the straight-line method.

# Nuclear Fuel

The Electric Utility amortizes the cost of nuclear fuel to expense using the "as burned" method. In accordance with the Nuclear Waste Disposal Act of 1982, the Electric Utility is charged one dollar per megawatt-hour of energy generated by the City's share of San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station's Units 2 and 3 to provide for estimated future storage and disposal of spent fuel. The Electric Utility pays this fee to its operating agent, Southern California Edison Company, on a quarterly basis.

#### J. Compensated Absences

City employees receive 10 to 25 vacation days a year based upon length of service. A maximum of two years' vacation accrual may be accumulated and unused vacation is paid in cash upon separation.

City employees generally receive one day of sick leave for each month of employment with unlimited accumulation. Upon retirement or death, certain employees or their estates receive a percentage of unused sick leave paid in a lump sum based on longevity. The General, Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Housing and Community Development Special Revenue, Electric and Water funds have been primarily used to liquidate such balances.

The liability associated with these benefits is reported in the government-wide statements. Vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and as a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

# K. Long-Term Obligations

# Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are classified as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, government fund types recognize bond issuance costs as expenditures during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

# **Decommissioning**

Federal regulations require the Electric Utility to provide for the future decommissioning of its ownership share of the nuclear units at San Onofre. The Electric Utility established a trust account to accumulate resources for the decommissioning of the nuclear power plant and restoration of the

beachfront at San Onofre. Each year the Electric Utility recognizes an expense in the amount of the contribution to the trust account. The funding will occur over the useful life of the generating plant.

Amounts held in the trust account are classified as restricted assets in the accompanying balance sheet. To date, the Electric Utility has set aside \$59,072 in cash and investments with the trustee as Riverside's estimated share of the decommissioning cost of San Onofre. Based on a cost estimate completed by Southern California Edison and approved by the California Public Utilities Commission, the Electric Utility plans to set aside approximately \$1,600 per year to fund this obligation. Decommissioning is expected to commence around the year 2022.

# L. Claims and Judgments Payable

Claims and judgments payable are recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Such claims, including an estimate for claims incurred but not reported at year end, are recorded as liabilities in the appropriate internal service fund.

# M. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent amounts identified by management or the governing board for the future use of financial resources.

#### N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriations.

#### O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Transactions, which constitute reimbursements, are eliminated in the reimbursed fund and accounted for as expenditures or expenses in the fund to which the transaction is applicable.

During the year, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Related receivables and payables are classified as "due from/to other funds" on the accompanying fund level statements. The noncurrent portion of long-term interfund loans receivable are reported as interfund receivables/payables and, for governmental fund types, are equally offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that the receivable does not constitute available expendable financial resources. Interfund payables also include accrued interest, which has been offset by deferred revenue.

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### P. Deferred Revenue

Governmental and proprietary funds report unearned revenue on the statement of net assets. Unearned revenues arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, revenue is recognized. Deferred revenues arise in governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. The majority of the City's governmental fund unearned revenue for June 30, 2009 relates to unearned revenue on a capital lease. See Note 4.

# Q. Property Tax Calendar

Under California law, general property taxes are assessed for up to 1% of the property's assessed value. General property taxes are collected by the counties along with other special district taxes and assessments and voter approved debt. General property tax revenues are collected and pooled by the county throughout the fiscal year and then allocated and paid to the county, cities and school districts based on complex formulas prescribed by State statutes.

Property taxes are calculated on assessed values as of January 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. On July 1 of the fiscal year the levy is placed and a lien is attached to the property. Property taxes are due in two installments. The first installment is due November 1 and is delinquent on December 10. The second installment is due February 1 and is delinquent on April 10. Property taxes receivable represent current and prior years' uncollected tax levies, adjusted for uncollectable amounts.

#### R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures. Specifically, the City has made certain estimates and assumptions relating to the revenues due and expenditures incurred through fiscal year end, collectability of its receivables, the valuation of property held for resale, the useful lives of capital assets, and the ultimate outcome of claims and judgments. Actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

# S. Implementation of new accounting principles

GASB has issued three pronouncements prior to June 30, 2009 (for years ending after June 30, 2009) that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management has currently determined that GASB Statement No 51, "Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets", GASB Statement No. 53 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments" and GASB Statement No 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" apply to the City, and are currently evaluating the impacts of implementing the pronouncements.

# 2. Legal Compliance - Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all departments within the general, special revenue and capital project funds. Formal budgets are not employed for debt service funds because debt indenture provisions specify payments. The permanent fund is not budgeted.

During the period December through February of each fiscal year, department heads prepare estimates of required appropriations for the following fiscal year. These estimates are compiled into a proposed operating budget that includes a summary of proposed expenditures and financial resources and historical data for the preceding fiscal year. The operating budget is presented by the City Manager to the City Council for review. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. The City Council generally adopts the budget during one of its June meetings. The City Manager is legally authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between divisions and accounts within the same department. Transfer of appropriations between departments or funds and increased appropriations must be authorized by the City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the departmental level within a fund. All appropriations shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered, except for appropriations for capital projects which shall continue to their completion.

#### 3. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at fiscal year end consist of the following:

Investments	\$360,777
Investments at fiscal agent	445,420
-	806,197
Cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions	1,132
·	\$807,329

The amounts are reflected in the government-wide statement of net assets:

Cash and investments	\$328,568
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	38,696
Restricted cash and investments at fiscal agent	<u>419,873</u>
Total per statement of net assets	787,137
Fiduciary fund cash and investments	20,192
·	\$807,329

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures, which are administered by outside agencies.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to funds based on the beginning and month-end balances. Interest income from cash and investments held at fiscal agents is credited directly to the

related account. Bank deposits are covered by federal depository insurance for the first \$250 or by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the name of the City.

#### **Authorized Investments**

Under provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code Section 53601, the City Treasurer may invest or deposit in the following types of investments:

	Max	Max % of
	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Portfolio</u>
Securities of the U.S. Gov't.	-	
and its sponsored agencies	5 Years	100%
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	100%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	90 Days	20%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%
Bankers Acceptances	180 Days	40%
Commercial Paper of "prime" quality	270 Days	25%
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	100%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%

Investments in Medium Term Corporate Notes may be invested in securities rated A or better by Moody's or Standard and Poor's rating services and no more than 15% of the market value of the portfolio may be invested in one corporation.

The City's investment policy provides two exceptions to the above; one is for investments authorized by debt agreements (described below) and the other for funds reserved in the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Decommissioning Account for which the five-year maturity limitation may be extended to the term of the operating license.

# Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Provisions of debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy, govern investments of debt proceeds held by bond fiscal agents. Permitted investments are specified in related trust agreements and include the following:

Securities of the U.S. Government and its sponsored agencies

Bankers' Acceptances rated in the single highest classification Commercial Paper rated in the single highest classification Investments in money market funds rated in the single highest classification

Municipal obligations rated Aaa/AAA or general obligations of states with ratings of at least A2/A or higher by both Moody's and S&P Investment Agreements

No maximum percentage of the related debt issue or maximum investment in one issuer is specified.

## <u>Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy requires that the interest rate risk exposure be managed by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by fiscal agent) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months)			
		12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	More than
Investment Type	<u>Total</u>	or Less	<b>Months</b>	<b>Months</b>	60 Months
Money Market Funds	\$ 42,549	\$ 42,549	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Agency Securities	200,278	40,997	31,410	127,871	-
Corp Medium Term Notes	30,875	-	10,279	20,596	-
State Investment Pool	87,075	87,075	-	-	-
Held by Fiscal Agent					
Money Market Funds	47,810	47,810	-	-	-
State Investment Pool	80,519	80,519	-	-	-
Investment Contracts	232,025	30,155	164,081	8,409	29,380
Commercial Paper	502	502	-	-	-
Fed Agency Securities	41,454	2,318	5,676	16,230	17,230
Negotiable CDs	19,839	3,601	2,796	13,442	-
Corp Med Term Notes	23,271		1,028	4,216	18,027
Total	\$806,197	\$335,526	\$215,270	\$190,764	\$64,637

The City assumes that callable investments will not be called.

# <u>Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk</u>

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type:

Dathana and Wasan Facil

		Rating			
Investment Type	<u>Total</u>	AAA	<u>AA</u>	<u>A-1+</u>	<u>Unrated</u>
Money Market Funds	\$ 42,549	\$ 42,549	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Federal Agency Securities	200,278	200,278	-	-	-
Corp Medium Term Notes	30,875	30,875	-	-	-
State Investment Pool	87,075	=	-	-	87,075
Held by Fiscal Agent					
Money Market Funds	47,810	47,626	-	-	184
State Investment Pool	80,519	-	-	-	80,519
Investment Contracts	232,025	-	-	-	232,025
Commercial Paper	502	-	-	502	-
Fed Agency Securities	41,454	41,454	-	-	-
Negotiable CDs	19,839	-	-	-	19,839
Corp Med Term Notes	23,271		23,271		
Total	\$806,197	\$362,782	<u>\$23,271</u>	\$ 502	<u>\$419,642</u>

#### Concentration on Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stated above. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, money market funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

<u>Issuer</u>	Investment Type	Reported Amount
Trinity Funding Company, LLC	Investment Contract	\$159,336
General Electric	Corporate Medium Term Notes	43,440

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-

dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City's investment policy requires that a third party bank trust department hold all securities owned by the City. All trades are settled on a delivery vs. payment basis through the City's safekeeping agent. The City has no deposits with financial institutions; bank balances are swept daily into a money market account.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

## 4. Capital Lease Receivable

The Redevelopment Agency has a direct financing lease arrangement with the State of California (the State) for a twelve-story office building. The lease term is for thirty years and the State takes ownership of the facility at the conclusion of that term. The lease calls for semi-annual payments not less than the debt service owed by the Redevelopment Agency on the lease revenue bonds issued for the purchase and renovation of the building. The future minimum lease payments to be received are as follows:

2010	\$ 2,355
2011	2,381
2012	2,413
2013	2,443
2014	2,473
Thereafter	29,267
Total Due	41,332
Less: amount applicable to interest	(16,392)
Total capital lease receivable	<u>\$24,940</u>

#### 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

\$41,771

# CITY OF RIVERSIDE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2009

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being	\$250,582 <u>84,661</u>	\$23,541 <u>78,194</u>	\$(3,543) (50,113)	\$270,580 <u>112,742</u>
depreciated	335,243	101,735	(53,656)	383,322
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements	122,330	401	-	122,731
other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment	95,264 72,175	20,456 4,309	(3,239)	115,720 73,245
Infrastructure Total capital assets being	642,659	<u>105,159</u>		<u>747,818</u>
depreciated	932,428	<u>130,325</u>	(3,239)	<u>1,059,514</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements	(31,091)	(3,273)	-	(34,364)
other than Buildings Machinery and Equipment	(32,242) (43,777)	(3,984) (6,893)	3,089	(36,226) (47,581)
Infrastructure	(194,494)	<u>(15,357)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>(209,851)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation  Total capital assets being	<u>(301,604)</u>	<u>(29,507)</u>	<u>3,089</u>	(328,022)
depreciated, net	630,824	100,818	<u>(150)</u>	<u>731,492</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net Business type activities:	<u>\$966,067</u> Beginning	<u>\$202,553</u>	<u>\$(53,806)</u> Deletions/	<u>\$1,114,814</u> Ending
Capital assets, not being	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Transfers	<u>Balance</u>
depreciated:	Ф 0 <del>7</del> 000	Φ0.00 <i>5</i>	Φ.	<b>#</b> 40.005
Land Construction in progress	\$ 37,200 108,663	\$3,635 <u>138,646</u>	\$ - <u>(112,051)</u>	\$40,835 <u>135,258</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	145,863	142,281	(112,051)	176,093
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements	234,591	5,764	(1,919)	238,436
other than Buildings	1,124,861	94,028	(2,859)	1,216,030
Machinery and Equipment Total capital assets being	<u>54,513</u>	<u>12,260</u>	<u>(2,496)</u>	<u>64,277</u>
depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u>1,413,965</u>	<u>112,052</u>	(7,274)	<u>1,518,743</u>
Buildings Improvements	(80,717)	(5,416)	13	(86,120)
other than Buildings	(396,044)	(31,508)	2,097	(425,455)
Machinery and Equipment  Total accumulated depreciation	(33,057) (509,818)	<u>(4,847)</u> (41,771)	<u>2,436</u> <u>4,546</u>	(35,468) (547,043)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	904,147	70,281	(2,728)	971,700
Business type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$1,050,010</u>	<u>\$212,562</u>	<u>\$(114,779)</u>	<u>\$1,147,793</u>

Estimated useful lives used to compute depreciation are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	30-50 years
Improvements other than Buildings	20-99 years
Machinery and Equipment	3-15 years
Infrastructure	20-100 years

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the government as follows:

Governmental activities.		
General government	\$	3,430
Public safety		4,102
Highways and streets, including depreciation	of	
general infrastructure assets		16,725
Culture and recreation		<u>5,250</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	9	<u> 29,507</u>

Business type activities:	
Electric	\$23,091
Water	9,771
Sewer	6,084
Refuse	1,378
Special Transportation	270
Airport	607
Public Parking	<u>570</u>
Total depreciation expense –	

# 6. Risk Management

business type activities

Covernmental activities:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Property insurance coverage has a limit of \$1,000,000, with a deductible of \$50. Earthquake and flood insurance coverage has a limit of \$15,000, with a deductible of 5% for earthquake and 2% for flood. Workers' compensation insurance coverage has a limit of \$25,000, with a deductible of \$3,000 per occurrence. The City carries commercial insurance up to \$23,000 for general and auto liability claims greater than \$3,000 per occurrence. There were no claims settled in the last three fiscal years that exceed insurance coverage. Internal service funds have been established to account for and finance the uninsured risks of loss.

All funds of the City participate in the Risk Management program and make payments to the Internal Service Funds based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to fund prior and current year claims and incidents that have been incurred but not reported. Interfund premiums are accounted for as quasi - external transactions and are therefore recorded as revenues of the Internal Service funds in the fund financial statements.

Changes in the funds' claims liability amounts are:

	Workers' <a href="Compensation">Compensation</a>			<u>Total</u>	
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2007	\$19,687	\$ 76	\$8,226	\$27,989	
Incurred claims	2,086	104	6,451	8,641	
Claim payments	(2,530)		(5,621)	<u>(8,151)</u>	
Unpaid Claims, June 30, 2008 Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	19,243 (6,442)	180 41	9,056 6,647	28,479 246	
Claim payments and adjustments	1,801		(5,568)	( 3,767)	
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2009	<u>\$14,602</u>	<u>\$ 221</u>	<u>\$ 10,135</u>	<u>\$24,958</u>	

# 7. Long-Term Obligations

<u>Changes in Long-Term Obligations</u>: The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations during the fiscal year:

The following debt has been issued for the purpose of generating capital resources for use in acquiring or constructing municipal facilities or infrastructure projects. The Redevelopment Agency does issue debt for the above purposes as well as for redevelopment related purposes such as housing and blight removal.

#### Governmental Activities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<b>Balance</b>	One Year
Redevelopment Agency bonds General Obligation	\$292,244	\$ -	\$ 6,501	\$285,743	\$ 6,625
Bonds	18,774	_	603	18,171	625
Pension Obligation	-,			-,	
Bonds	142,170	30,425	33,185	139,410	33,960
Certificates of					
Participation	200,273	-	2,005	198,268	2,045
Capital leases	9,391	-	1,936	7,455	1,325
Notes Payable	9,040	-	291	8,749	586
Compensated					
Absences*	20,494	13,007	13,007	20,494	12,500
Net OPEB					
Obligation	1,892	2,592	<u>762</u>	3,722	
Total	<u>\$694,278</u>	<u>\$46,024</u>	<u>\$58,290</u>	\$682,012	<u>\$57,666</u>

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning balances have been adjusted for a change in the amount of compensated absences reported in the prior year. Beginning net assets of the governmental activities have not been restated since the net affect of changes are not material.

# Business-type activities:

					Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within
	Balance	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$720,749	\$ -	\$46,103	\$674,646	\$25,715
Notes Payable	8,569	-	654	7,915	666
Capital Leases	211	2,433	70	2,574	408
Landfill Capping	2,881	4,923	292	7,512	300
Arbitrage Liability	481	28	7	502	-
Water Stock					
Acquisition					
Rights	963	-	15	948	150
Net OPEB					
Obligation	1,204	<u>1,794</u>	528	2,470	
Total	<u>\$735,058</u>	<u>\$ 9,178</u>	<u>\$ 47,669</u>	<u>\$696,567</u>	<u>\$27,239</u>

Long-Term Obligations at June 30, 2009:	Principal	<u>Water</u>	
Revenue Bonds:	<u>Outstanding</u>	\$69,840 1991 Water Revenue Bonds; \$25,050 serial bonds, 4.25% to 9.0%, due in annual installments from	
Electric		\$675 to \$3,100 through October 1, 2002; \$25,900 Capital Appreciation Bonds, due in annual installments	
\$98,730 1998 Electric Revenue Bonds (partial refunding issue); \$63,165 serial bonds, 4.25% to 5.38%, due in annual installments from \$4,650 to		from \$3,235 to \$3,240 from October 1, 2003 to October 1, 2010; (partially advance refunded in 1998)	\$ 6,475
\$7,085 through October 1, 2013; \$35,565 term bonds, 5%, due October 1, 2022 (partially advance refunded in 2005, with final maturity in 2018).	\$ 35,125	\$30,965 1998 Water Revenue Bonds (partial refunding issue); \$15,055 serial bonds, 4.0% to 5.38%, due in annual installments from \$205 to \$4,080 through October 1, 2013; \$15,910 term bonds, 5%, due	
\$47,215 2001 Electric Revenue Bonds; 2.9% to 5.25%, due in annual installments from \$2,855 to \$4,280		October 1, 2013, \$13,910 term bolids, 5%, due October 1, 2027 (with final maturity in 2018).	20,405
through October 1, 2016 (partially advance refunded in 2005, with final maturity in 2014).	22,740	\$20,000 2001 Water Revenue Bonds; 2.6% to 5.0%, due in annual installments from \$345 to \$585 through October 1, 2031 (partially advance refunded in 2005,	
\$75,405 2003 Electric Revenue Bonds; 2.0% to 5.0%, due in annual installments from \$1,035 to \$8,535		with final maturity in 2016).	4,030
through October 1, 2013.	39,305	\$60,300 2008 Water Refunding/Revenue Bonds; Series A variable rate subject to weekly repricing (rate	
\$27,500 2004 Electric Revenue Bonds; Series A fixed rate bonds, 4.0% to 5.5%, due in annual installments		at June 25, 2009 was 3.6%), due in annual installments from \$425 to \$3,950 through October 1, 2035	59,875
from \$2,615 to \$3,695 through October 1, 2014.	19,305	\$58,235 2008 Water Revenue Bonds; Series B fixed	
\$199,115 2008 Electric Refunding/Revenue Bonds; Series A, B, and C; variable rate subject to weekly repricing (rate at June 24, 2009 was 3.5%), due in		rate bonds, 4.0% to 5.0%, due in annual installments from \$1,210 to \$7,505 through October 1, 2038.	58,235
annual installments from \$1,800 to \$9,285 through October 1, 2035.	198,565	Subtotal Less: Unamortized bond premium	149,020 1,219
\$209,740 2008 Electric Revenue Bonds; Series D fixed rate bonds, 3.6% to 5.0%, due in annual installments	,	Less: Unamortized deferred bond refunding costs	(3,101) \$ 147,138
from \$125 to \$24,960 through October 1, 2038.	<u>209,740</u>	Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$674,646</u>
Subtotal Add: Unamortized bond premium Less: Unamortized deferred bond refunding costs	524,780 9,762 (7,034) \$527,508		

\$6,055 1999 University Corridor/Sycamore Canyon

Remaining revenue bond debt service payments will be made from revenues of the Electric and Water Enterprise funds. Annual debt service

of the E	revenue bo lectric and nts to matur	Water E	nterprise		made from nnual deb		Merged Project Area, Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B; \$1,900 serial bonds, 4.5% to 5.5% due in annual installments from \$35 to \$190 through	
	<u>Ele</u>	ectric Utility Fu	<u>nd</u>	<u>Wa</u>	ater Utility Fun	<u>d</u>	September 1, 2013; \$1,135 term bonds at 5.5% due September 1, 2018; and \$3,020 term bonds at 5.625%	
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>	due September 1, 2027	5,025
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 Premium (Discount) Refunding Costs Total	21,300 22,295 21,050 22,040 21,080 66,230 63,970 77,070 94,000 115,745 9,762 (7,034) \$527,508	21,735 20,709 19,693 18,692 17,640 78,514 67,585 54,104 36,768 14,449	43,035 43,004 40,743 40,732 38,720 144,744 131,555 131,174 130,768 130,194 9,762 	4,415 4,465 4,590 4,820 5,050 20,850 19,275 23,160 28,085 34,310 1,219 (3,101) \$147,138	5,939 5,892 5,939 5,709 5,289 23,255 19,677 15,674 10,638 4,235	10,354 10,357 10,529 10,529 10,339 44,105 38,952 38,834 38,723 38,545 1,219 (3,101) \$249,385	\$20,395 1999 Casa Blanca Project Area, Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A; \$8,925 serial bonds, 3.4% to 4.7% due in annual installments from \$455 to \$780 through August 1, 2014; \$2,565 term bonds at 4.75% due August 1, 2017; \$4,035 term bonds at 4.75% due August 1,2021; and \$4,870 term bonds at 5.0% due August 1, 2025.  \$4,550 Arlington Redevelopment Project, 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A; \$420 term bonds at 3.8% due August 1, 2014; \$615 term bonds at 4.6% due August 1, 2024; and \$3,515 term bonds at 4.7% due	15,680
Total	<u>φ321,300</u>	<del>ф349,009</del>	<u>ф011,391</u>	<u>\$ 147,130</u>	<u>φ102,247</u>	<u>φ249,363</u>	August 1, 2034	4,395
Redevelop	ment Agen	cy Bonds:			<u> O</u> u	Principal utstanding	\$2,975 Arlington Redevelopment Project, 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds; Series B: 5.5% due in annual installments from \$85 to \$235 through August 1, 2024	2,605
Bonds, Sel revenue bo installment 2003; and installment	991 Public F ries A, Multi onds 7.15% s from \$100 \$4,175 term s from \$155 on not refur	ple Project to 7.6%, du to \$145 th bonds, 8.0 to \$450 th	Areas; \$1,0 ue in annua rough Febro 10%, due in a	470 serial I uary 1, annual		\$ 160	\$26,255 State of California Department of General Services Project, 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series A; 2.0% to 5.0% due in annual installments from \$545 to \$2,230 through October 1, 2024  \$4,810 State of California Department of General Services Project, 2003 Lease Revenue Refunding	22,330
Merged Pr \$6,205 ser installment \$4,810 terr	999 Univers oject Area, ial bonds, 3 is from \$40 in bonds at m bonds at	Tax Allocati .4% to 4.7% to \$570 thro 4.75% due	ion Bonds, 6 due in and ough Augus August 1, 2	Series A; nual st 1, 2014; 021; and		13,885	Bonds, Series B; \$310 serial bonds 1.20% to 1.42% through October 1, 2004; \$620 term bonds at 3.090% due Oct. 1, 2008; \$1,110 term bonds at 4.340% due Oct. 1, 2014 and \$2,770 term bonds at 5.480% due Oct. 1, 2024	3,880

(amounts	expressed	in	thousands
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\$40,435 Downtown/Airport Merged Project Area, 2003 Tax Allocation and Refunding Bonds; \$32,720 serial bonds 2.0% to 5.25% due in annual installments from \$1,220 to \$1,955 through August 1, 2023; and \$7,715 term bonds at 5.0% due in annual installments from \$195 to \$2,060 through August 2034	34,045	\$43,875 University Corridor Project Area, Arlington Pro Park/Northside Project Area, and La Sierra/Arlanz Allocation Bonds, Taxable, bonds due August 1, 2017 August 1, 2032	ject Area, Hunter a, Magnolia Cente a Project Area 200 Series D, \$15,740	er Project 07 Tax 0 term	42,275
\$24,115 2005 Housing Set-Aside Tax Allocation Bonds;					
\$17,025 serial bonds 3.0% to 4.625% due in annual		Subtotal			279,285
installments from \$505 to \$1,165 through August 1,		Add: Unamortized bond pr	emium		6,457
2025; \$2,425 term bonds at 5.0% due August 1, 2028;		Total Redevelopment Agei			\$285,742
and \$4,665 term bonds at 4.85% due August 1, 2034	21,850		,		<del>*==:;::=</del>
and \$ 1,000 to m bonds at 110070 add 110guot 1, 200 t	,000	Pomoining dobt convice	will be poid by th	o Podovolonmont	Aganay Daht
\$1,465 California Statewide Communities Development Authority 2005 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series A (CRA/ERAF Loan Program); 3.87% to 5.01% due in		Remaining debt service v Service Funds from future requirements to maturity a	e property tax re		
annual installments of \$105 to \$180 through August 1,		Fiscal Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2015	1,105	2010	6,625	13,670	20,295
	,	2011	6,925	13,380	20,305
\$8,340 Downtown/Airport Merged Project Area and		2012	7,235	13,072	20,307
Casa Blanca Project Area 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds,		2012	7,255 7,565	12,753	20,318
Tax Exempt, Series A, serial bonds 4.0% to 4.25% due					
in annual installments from \$20 to \$590,000 through		2014	7,920	12,411	20,331
		2015-2019	45,695	56,073	101,768
August 1, 2025; \$4,980 term bonds at 4.5% due August		2020-2024	61,015	42,744	103,759
1, 2029; \$410 term bonds at 4.375% due August 1,		2025-2029	58,175	26,736	84,911
2037	8,320	2030-2034	45,205	13,826	59,031
		2035-2039	32,925	3,110	36,035
\$14,850 Downtown/Airport Merged Project Area and		Premium	6,457	-	6,457
Casa Blanca Project Area 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds,		Total	\$285,742	\$207,775	\$493,517
Taxable, Series B, \$4,050 term bonds at 5.2% due			<del>*==:::=</del>	<del>*==:,::=</del>	<del>* · · · · ·</del>
August 1, 2017; \$10,800 term bonds at 5.8% due					Principal
August 1, 2028	14,575	General Obligation Bonds:			Outstanding
7.44.guot 1, =0=0	,	General Obligation Bonds.			Outstanding
\$89,205 University Corridor/Sycamore Canyon Merged		\$20,000 Fire Facility Proje	ata Flantian of 200	OO Comoral	
Project Area, Arlington Project Area, Hunter		\$20,000 Fire Facility Projection Panels 2,007 to 5			
Park/Northside Project Area, Magnolia Center Project		Obligation Bond; 3.0% to 5			
Area, and La Sierra/Arlanza Project Area 2007 Tax		installments from \$410 to \$	51,740 through Au	gust 1,	<b></b>
		2024			\$17,940
Allocation Bonds, Tax-Exempt, Series C, serial bonds		Add; Unamortized bond pr	emium		231
4.0% to 5.0% due in annual installments from \$50 to		Total General Obligation B			\$18,171
\$3,210 through August 1, 2025; \$17,955 term bonds at			•		<del>*</del>
4.5% due August 1, 2030; \$47,775 term bonds at 5.0%					
due August 1, 2037	89,155				

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Remaining general obligation bond debt service payments will be made from unrestricted revenues of the General fund. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Remaining pension obligation bond debt service payments will be made from unrestricted revenues of the General fund. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 Premium Total	Principal 625 675 725 780 840 5,210 7,345 1,740 231 \$18,171	Interest 819 794 766 737 706 2,934 1,485 48 - \$8,289	Total 1,444 1,469 1,491 1,517 1,546 8,144 8,830 1,788 231 \$26,460	Fiscal Year 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015-2019 2020-2024 Total * Principal paymen	Principal *33,960 4,130 4,780 5,475 6,230 44,815 40,020 \$139,410  It includes the refunding icipation:	Interest 6,414 5,792 5,593 5,357 5,079 19,539 5,891 \$53,665	Total 40,374 9,922 10,373 10,832 11,309 64,354 45,911 \$193,075  Principal Outstanding
Pension Obligation Bo \$89,540 California Sta		evelonment	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>	Certificates of Part	cipal Improvements Corpo icipation; 6.0% to 7.6%, do s from \$310 to \$815 through	ue in	\$ 815
Authority (Public Safet Obligation Bond; 2.65% installments from \$1,12	y) 2004 Taxable Pensi % to 5.896%, due in ar	ion nnual	\$82,100	Certificates of Part	erside Public Financing Au icipation; 2.0% to 5.0%, do s from \$755 to \$2,830 thro	ue in ´	47,845
\$30,000 2005 Taxable Series A; 3.85% to 4.7 \$630 to \$3,860 through	8%, due in annual inst h June 1,2020	tallments	26,885	Certificates of Part	eria at Tyler Public Improvicipation; 4.0% to 5.0%, dis from \$435 to \$1,270 thro	ue in	19,945
\$30,425 2009 Taxable Bond Anticipation Note 1.5%, \$30,425 due Jur Total Pension Obligation	es; rate at June 30, 200 ne 1, 2010.		30,425 \$139,410	Participation; rate a	verside Renaissance Certi at June 30, 2008 was 3.62 s from \$2,900 to \$7,200 th	2%, due in	128,300
ū				Subtotal Add: Unamortized Total Certificates o	•		196,905 1,363 \$198,268

(amounts expressed in thousands)

\$8,749

4,341

Remaining certificates of participation debt service payments will be made from unrestricted revenues of the Debt Service funds. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year 2010	Principal 2,045	Interest 7,533	<u>Total</u> 9,578
2011	4,175	7,403	11,578
2012	4,750	7,250	12,000
2013	4,920	7,079	11,999
2014	5,085	6,902	11,987
2015-2019	28,660	31,418	60,078
2020-2024	34,970	25,346	60,316
2025-2029	39,490	18,138	57,628
2030-2034	48,275	9,618	57,893
2035-2039	24,535	1,525	26,060
Premium	<u>1,363</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,363</u>
Total	<u>\$198,268</u>	<u>\$122,212</u>	<u>\$320,480</u>

Contracts – Enterprise Funds:	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>
Water stock acquisition rights payable on demand to various water companies	<u>\$948</u>

	Principal
Notes Payable - Redevelopment Agency:	Outstanding

These notes payable have been issued to promote development and expansion within the City's redevelopment areas.

Pepsi Cola Bottling Company of Los Angeles, 10.5%,	
payable in net annual installments of \$341,	
including principal and interest through June 2020	

HUD Section 108 loan for University Village,
5.36% to 7.66%, payable in semi-annual
installments beginning August 1, 1996 of
\$272 to \$425 through August 1, 2015

HUD Section 108 loan for Mission Village	
Project, 6.15% to 6.72%, payable in	
semi-annual installments beginning	3,175
August 1, 1999 of \$110 to \$420	
through August 1, 2018	

Note payable to California Housing Finance Agency,	
interest at 3%, payable in annual installments of \$88	
through 2013, for housing projects.	327

Total notes payable – Redevelopment Agency

				_	•			-		
Remaining	notes	payable	debt	service	payments	will	be	made	from	

unrestricted revenues of the Redevelopment Agency. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	<u>Redeve</u>	elopment Agency	
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2010	586	601	1,187
2011	631	574	1,205
2012	677	543	1,220
2013	728	509	1,237
2014	692	471	1,163
2015-2019	2,907	1,779	4,686
2020-2024	471	1,238	1,709
2025-2029	777	932	1,709
2030-2034	<u>1,280</u>	<u>430</u>	1,710
Total	<u>\$8,749</u>	<u>\$7,077</u>	<u>\$15,826</u>

Notes payable – Sewer Fund:	Principal <u>Outstanding</u>
Sewer fund loan from State of California for Cogeneration project, 2.336%, payable in net annual installments of \$339,474, beginning January 29, 2003 through January 29, 2022	\$ 3,574
Sewer fund loan from State of California for Headworks project, 1.803%, payable in net annual installments of \$477.387, beginning November 6, 1999 through	

Total notes payable – Sewer Fund	<u>\$7,915</u>
Total Hotes payable — Sewel Lunu	$\mathbf{v}_{1}$

November 6, 2018

\$2,987

2,260

Remaining notes payable debt service payments will be made from unrestricted revenues of the Sewer fund. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Sewer Fund	
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2010	666	151	817
2011	679	138	817
2012	692	125	817
2013	705	112	817
2014	718	99	817
2015-2019	3,797	286	4,083
2020-2021	<u>658</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>679</u>
Total	<u>\$7,915</u>	<u>\$932</u>	<u>\$8,847</u>

# Capital Leases:

The City leases various equipment through capital leasing arrangements in the governmental and proprietary fund types. These activities are recorded for both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The assets and related obligations under leases in governmental funds are not recorded in the fund statements. For proprietary funds, the assets and their related liabilities are reported directly in the fund. Amortization applicable to proprietary assets acquired through capital lease arrangements is included with depreciation for financial statement presentation. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental	Business-Type
<u>Asset</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>
Buildings and improvements	\$6,069	\$488
Equipment	4,763	<u>2,727</u>
Subtotal	10,832	3,215
Less: Accumulated		
Depreciation	(2,330)	<u>(133)</u>
Total	<u>\$8,502</u>	<u>\$3,082</u>

The future minimum lease obligations as of June 30, 2009 were as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Governmental	Business-type
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>
2010	1,598	497
2011	1,598	497
2012	1,081	446
2013	938	446
2014	703	446
Thereafter	2,140	497
Copiers	<u>585</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Minimum lease payments	8,643	2,829
Less: Amount representing interest		(255)
(rates ranging from 2.5% to 9%)	<u>(1,188)</u>	<del></del>
Total capital lease payable	\$7,45 <u>5</u>	<u>\$2,574</u>

The following are legally required debt service cash reserves. These amounts, at a minimum, are held by the City or fiscal agents at June 30, 2009:

General long-term obligations.	
Redevelopment Agency	\$ 7,033
Certificates of Participation	_12,908
Total	<u>\$19,941</u>
Enterprise funds:	
	<b>MO4.000</b>

Congral long-term obligations:

Enterprise ranas.	
Electric	\$31,398
Water	8,259
Total	\$39,657

The City and its component units have a number of debt issuances outstanding that are collateralized by the pledging of certain revenues. The amount and term of the remainder of these commitments are indicated in the debt service to maturity tables presented in the accompanying notes. The purposes for which the proceeds of the related debt issuances were utilized are disclosed in the debt descriptions in the accompanying notes. For the current year, debt service payments as a percentage of the pledged gross revenue (or net of certain expenses where so required by the debt agreement) are indicated in the table below. The debt service coverage ratios also approximate the relationship of debt service to pledged revenue for the remainder of the term of the commitment:

Description of Pledged Revenue	Annual Amount of Pledged Revenue (net of expenses, where required)	Annual Debt Service Payments (of all debt secured by this revenue)	Debt Service Coverage Ratio for FYE 6/30/09
Tax increment: Non-Housing	\$42,659	\$15,440	2.76
Housing	7,611	2,776	2.74
Electric revenues	117,543	45,286	2.60
Water revenues	25,247	11,201	2.25

There are also a number of limitations and restrictions contained in Assessment Bond indentures. The City believes they are in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

#### Defeasance of Debt:

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt issues. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased debt issues are not included in the City's financial statements.

At June 30, 2009, the following amounts are considered defeased:

2001 Electric Revenue Bonds	\$9,260,000
2001 Water Revenue Bonds	13,320,000
1993 Sewer Revenue Bonds	17,590,000

#### Landfill Capping:

State and Federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on all active landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. To comply with these laws and regulations, the City is funding the costs of closure and "final capping" of the Tequesquite landfill located in the City. This area, comprised of approximately 120 acres, operated as a "Class II Sanitary Landfill" until its closure in 1985. During its operation, the landfill did not accept hazardous waste and no clean up and abatement or cease and desist orders have been issued to the City. The capacity used at June 30, 2009 was 100%.

The estimated costs as determined by an independent consultant and updated by the City's Engineering Department are associated with flood control upgrades, remediation of possible ground water contamination and control of methane gas. All potential costs have been recognized in the financial statements. There is the potential for these estimates to change due to inflation, deflation, technology, or change in laws or regulations. To fund the cost, the City imposed a landfill capping surcharge on customers effective August 1, 1988. The minimum unamortized estimated cost is recorded as a deferred charge in the accompanying financial statements of the Refuse fund and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining post closure period, currently 23 years. The estimated cost of meeting the State's requirements was increased by \$4.9 million during 2009 based on the engineer's annual review of closure and post-closure maintenance costs.

# 8. Other Long-Term Obligations

Assessment Districts Bonds (Not obligations of the City)

As of June 30, 2009, the City has several series of Assessment District Bonds outstanding in the amount of \$64,102. Bonds issued for improvements in certain special assessment districts, in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Improvements Acts, are liabilities of the property owners and are secured by liens against the assessed property. The City Treasurer acts as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if applicable. Since the debt does not constitute an obligation of the City, it is not reflected as a long-term obligation of the City and is not reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Conduit Debt Obligations

Mortgage Revenue Bonds outstanding of \$10,385 and Industrial Development Revenue Bonds of \$11,275 are not included in the accompanying financial statements. These bonds are special obligations of third parties and payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the receipts received from the acquired mortgage loans and certain other reserve funds and related monies. The bonds are not payable from any other revenues or assets of the City or Redevelopment Agency. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, the Redevelopment Agency, the State of California or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds.

#### 9. Interest Rate Swaps

Objective: In order to lower borrowing costs as compared to fixed-rate bonds, at the time of issuance in May 2008, the City entered into interest rate swap agreements in connection with its \$198,115 2008 Electric Revenue Bonds (Series A, B, and C) and \$61,300 2008 Water Revenue Bonds. Also, in 2008, the City entered into an additional interest rate swap agreement in connection with its \$128,300 2008 Certificates of Participation.

Terms: Per the existing swap agreements, the City pays a counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed as 62.68% of the London Interbank Offering Rate ("LIBOR") one month index plus 12 basis points for the Electric and Water swaps. For the COP swap, the City again pays a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed as 63.00% of the LIBOR one month index plus 7 basis points. The swaps have notional amounts equal to the principal amounts stated above. Starting in fiscal year 2009, the notional value of the swaps and the principal amounts of the associated debt decline by \$975 to \$7,200 until the debt is completely retired in fiscal year 2037.

The bonds and the related swap agreements for the 2008A Electric Revenue Bonds mature on October 1, 2029 and the 2008B and C Electric and 2008 Water Revenue/Refunding Bonds both mature on October 1, 2035. The 2008 Certificates of Participation mature on March 1, 2037.

As of June 30, 2009 rates were as follows:

		2008 Water Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series A</u>	2008 Electric Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series B</u>
Interest rate away:	<u>Terms</u>	Rates	Rates
Interest rate swap: Fixed payment to counterparty	Fixed 62.68 LIBOR	3.20000%	3.20100%
Variable payment from counterparty Net interest rate swap payments	+ 12 bps	( <u>2.50962%</u> ) 0.69038%	(2.49327%) 0.70773%
Variable-rate bond coupon payments Synthetic interest rate on bonds		2.72754% 3.41792%	2.79314% 3.50087%
		2008 Electric Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series C</u>	2008 Electric Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series A</u>
Interest rate swan:	<u>Terms</u>	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds
Interest rate swap: Fixed payment to counterparty	<u>Terms</u> Fixed 62.68 LIBOR	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds Series C	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series A</u>
•	Fixed	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds Series C	Refunding/ Revenue Bonds <u>Series A</u> <u>Rates</u>

		COP 2008 Bonds
Interest rate swap:	<u>Terms</u>	<u>Rates</u>
Fixed payment to counterparty	Fixed 63.00 LIBOR	3.36200%
Variable payment from counterparty Net interest rate swap payments	+ 7 bps	(1.16340%) 2.19860%
Variable-rate bond coupon payments Synthetic interest rate on bonds		1.23936% 3.43796%

Fair Value: As of June 30, 2009, in connection with all swap arrangements, the transactions had a total negative fair value of <\$29,870>. Because the coupons on the City's variable-rate bonds adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value decrease. The fair value was developed by a pricing service using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swap.

Credit risk: As of June 30, 2009, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. The swap counterparties, Bank of America, J.P. Morgan and Merrill Lynch were rated AA+, AA- and A respectively by Standard & Poor's. To mitigate the potential for credit risk, the swap agreements require the fair value of the swap to be collateralized by the counterparty with U.S. Government securities if the counterparties' rating decreases to negotiated trigger points. Collateral would be posted with a third-party custodian. At June 30, 2009, there is no requirement for collateral posting for any of the outstanding swaps.

Basis risk: As noted above, the swaps expose the City to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and the variable interest rate, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Termination risk: The derivative contract uses the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The Schedule to the Master Agreement includes an "additional termination event." That is, a swap may be terminated by the City if either counterparty's credit quality falls below "BBB-" as issued by Standard and Poor's. The City or the counterparty may terminate a swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the

contract. If a swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination a swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt: As of June 30, 2009, the debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are summarized in the following table. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

<u>Variable-Rate Bonds</u>				
Fiscal Year Ending		Interest Rate		
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Swaps, Net	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$ 1,000	\$ 7,305	\$ 4,601	\$ 12,906
2011	1,025	7,276	4,588	12,889
2012	6,350	7,175	4,505	18,030
2013	6,575	7,071	4,420	18,066
2014	6,800	6,962	4,332	18,094
2015-2019	63,975	30,804	19,688	114,467
2020-2024	75,475	23,494	15,749	114,718
2025-2029	82,650	15,944	10,902	109,496
2030-2034	91,825	7,697	5,567	105,089
2034-2037	49,050	<u>436</u>	504	49,990
Total	<u>\$384,725</u>	<u>\$114,164</u>	<u>\$ 74,856</u>	<u>\$573,745</u>

#### 10. Reserved Fund Balances:

Reserved fund balances at June 30, 2009 for the General Fund, Redevelopment Debt Service Fund, COPS Debt Service Fund, Capital Outlay Fund and the Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund consist of the following:

# Reserved for:

COCIVCA IOI.	
Encumbrances	\$ 49,926
Interfund receivable	27,465
Debt service	39,109
Prepaid items	314
Notes receivable	527
Fire bond	9,928
Land & improvements held for resale	<u>73,511</u>
Total reserved fund balance	\$ <u>200,780</u>

#### 11. Interfund Assets, Liabilities and Transfers

<u>Due From/To Other Funds</u>: These balances resulted from expenditures being incurred prior to receipt of the related revenue source.

The following table shows amounts receivable/payable between funds within the City at June 30, 2009:

Receivable Fund General	<u>Payable Fund</u> Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>Amount</u> \$2,945
	Capital Outlay Fund Unemployment Insurance* Central Stores *	10,237 12 <u>2,787</u> 15,981
RDA Capital Projects	RDA Debt Service	3
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Outlay Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	12,553 <u>95</u>
Total * Internal service funds		12,648 \$ <u>28,632</u>

<u>Advances To/From Other Funds</u>: These balances consist of advances used to fund capital projects in advance of related financing/assessments and for other long-term borrowing purposes.

The following table shows amounts advanced from funds within the City to other funds within the City at June 30, 2009:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Electric	\$12,979
	Redevelopment Capital Projects	745
	Water	5,584
	Sewer	3,572
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	598
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2,401
	Workers' Compensation *	234
	Central Stores *	246
	Central Garage *	1,106
		27,465

7,775 245 337 840 9,197

> 304 304

35,991 35,991

414

1,056 1,470

\$100.797

			COPS Debt Service Fund	Redevelopment Debt Service
Workers' Compensation *	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	6,881		Capital Outlay
•	General	217		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
	Redevelopment Capital			
	Projects	<u>5,518</u>		
		12,616	Capital Outlay	COPS Debt Service Fund
Sewer	Redevelopment Capital			
	Projects	10,018		
			Redevelopment Capital	
Electric	Redevelopment Capital		Projects	Redevelopment Debt Service
	Projects	5,269		
	Central Stores*	<u>650</u>		
		<u>5,919</u>	Nonmajor Governmental	Redevelopment Capital
<b>+</b>		<b>#</b> 50.040	Funds	Projects
Total		<u>\$56,018</u>		Nonnaiar Cayaramantal Fyinda
Transfers In/Out. Transfer	a are used to (4) may a revenue to	a tha formal that		Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Transiers in/Out: Transfer	s are used to (1) move revenues to	o the lund that		

<u>Transfers In/Out</u>: Transfers are used to (1) move revenues to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, (3) record the difference between the sales price and original carrying value of an asset that was transferred from the General Fund to the Water Fund (4) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General fund to finance various programs accounted for in the other funds in accordance with budgetary operations.

The following table shows amounts transferred to/from funds within the City as of June 30, 2009:

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Electric Water Capital Outlay COPS Debt Service Fund	\$29,583 11,664 7,500 1,903 50,650
Redevelopment Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	<u>3,185</u> 3,185

#### 12. Deficit Fund Balances/Net Assets

COPS Debt Service Fund

Deficit fund balance/net assets exist in the Urban Areas Security Initiative Special Revenue Fund (\$92), Housing & Community Development Special Revenue Fund (\$120), Transportation Capital Projects Fund (\$20), Unemployment Compensation Internal Service Fund (\$229), and the Public Liability Internal Service Fund (\$7,580) at fiscal year end. The deficit in these funds will be primarily reduced based on a rate increase implemented in the subsequent fiscal year. Management's analysis shows that continuing cost control together with the rate increase will eliminate these deficits over the next few years.

General Fund

# 13. Litigation

Total

The City continues to participate in key FERC dockets impacting the City's Electric Utility, such as the California Independent System Operator's (ISO) Market Redesign and Technology Upgrade (MRTU).

The Electric and Water Utilities are defendants in various lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Present lawsuits and other claims against the

Electric and Water Utilities are incidental to the ordinary course of operations and are largely covered by the City's self-insurance program. In the opinion of management and the City Attorney, such claims and litigation will not have a materially adverse effect upon the financial position or results of operation of the City.

The Water Utility is also a plaintiff in a lawsuit against the manufacturers and distributors of methyl tertiary-butyl ether (MTBE) and its by-products, and of fuel containing these chemicals, arising out of the threat to the Water Utility wells of contamination with those chemicals from leaking underground storage tanks.

The defendants removed this lawsuit to federal court and then transferred the case to the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation, New York, where it was consolidated with all other pending MTBE water contamination litigation cases in the country. Although the City has tentatively settled with a number of the defendants, the settlement has not been approved by the court and no trial date for the remainder of the case.

The City also detected perchlorate in a number of its drinking water wells. While Lockheed Martin has not admitted liability for the presence of perchlorate in the City's wells, Lockheed Martin has agreed to pay for the design, construction, installation, rental and permitting, and to reimburse the City for its operational and maintenance costs associated with perchlorate treatment facilities on certain of the City's drinking water wells, under an agreement between the City and Lockheed Martin dated October 29, 2002 (the "Interim Perchlorate Agreement"). The Interim Perchlorate Agreement has been thrice amended, on November 25, 2003, on February 22, 2005, and on May 31, 2007, with each amendment increasing the number of wells from an original four wells to fourteen wells being treated for perchlorate at Lockheed Martin's expense.

# 14. City Employees Retirement Plan

(A) Plan Description. The City of Riverside contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the cost sharing plans that are administered by PERS. Benefit provisions and all other

requirements are established by state statute and City ordinance. Copies of CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

- (B) Funding Policy. For each of the fiscal years shown below, the City has contributed at the actuarially determined rate provided by PERS' actuaries. Participants are required to contribute 8% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by CalPERS.
- (C) Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2006 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 3.25% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, and (c) 3.0% expected long term inflation. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the affects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments (smoothed market value). CalPERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis over 20 years.

Three-year trend information for CalPERS:

Fiscal Year <u>June 30,</u>	<u>Plan</u>	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	% of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
2007	Misc	\$11,693	100%	(58,908)
2007	Safety	10,622	100%	(87,813)
2008	Misc	12,457	100%	(58,334)
2008	Safety	11,134	100%	(87,043)
2009	Misc	14,735	100%	(57,548)
2009	Safety	12,543	100%	(85,909)

A total of \$143,457 of net pension assets are included as a deferred charge in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets. The deferred charge relating to the net pension assets will be amortized over 19 years in accordance with the method used by CalPERS for calculating actuarial gains and losses.

Determination of Net Pension Asset as of June 30, 2009:

<u>Misc</u>	<u>Safety</u>
\$13,949	11,409
(4,521)	(6,746)
5,307	7,880
14,735	12,543
(13,949)	(11,409)
786	1,134
(58,334)	(87,043)
<u>\$(57,548)</u>	<u>(85,909)</u>
	\$13,949 (4,521) <u>5,307</u> 14,735 (13,949) 786 (58,334)

#### Schedule of funding for CalPERS:

<u>Plan</u>	Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Unfunded/ (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	% Funded <u>Ratio</u>	Annual Covered <u>Payroll</u>	UAAL as a % of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
Misc.	6/30/05	\$655,642	634,694	20,948	96.8	84,290	24.9
Safety	6/30/05	486,880	468,652	18,228	96.3	50,368	36.2
Misc.	6/30/06	712,551	677,903	34,648	95.1	92,844	37.3
Safety	6/30/06	523,914	498,433	25,481	95.1	53,728	47.4
Misc.	6/30/07*	770,089	731,550	38,539	95.0	102,435	37.6
Safety	6/30/07*	567,733	536,774	30,959	94.5	61,058	50.7

<sup>\*</sup> Information presented is for the most recent valuation date available.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits

(All amounts are in whole dollars unless otherwise stated)

# Plan Description

The City of Riverside (City) contributes to two single-employer defined benefit healthcare plans: a Stipend Plan and the Implied Subsidy Plan. The plans provide other post-employment health care benefits (OPEB) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries.

The Stipend Plan is available to eligible retirees and beneficiaries pursuant to their collective bargaining agreements. The City currently contributes to seven bargaining units through their associations. The following seven associations are responsible for the administration of their individual plans: The Riverside City Fire Association (RCFA), International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers General Trust (IBEW), The Riverside Police Administrator's Association (RPAA), The Riverside Police Association Sergeants Trust 1991 (RPOA 91), The Riverside Police Association Sergeants Trust 2006 (RPOA 06), Service Employee's International Union General Trust (SEIUG), and the Service Employee's International Union Refuse (SEIUR). The RCFA and the RPAA associations are new trusts and the benefit levels are not yet established, therefore the actuarial information was excluded and the actuarial information stated that the ARC for both trusts would be equal to the City's contribution.

The City also provides benefits to retirees in the form of an implied rate subsidy (Implied Subsidy). Under an implied rate subsidy, retirees and current employees are insured together as a group, thus creating a lower rate for retirees than if they were insured separately. Although the retirees are solely responsible for the cost of their health insurance benefits through this plan, the retirees are receiving the benefit of a lower rate.

Benefit provisions for the Stipend Plan for eligible retirees and beneficiaries are established and amended through the various memoranda of understanding (MOU). The MOU's are agreements established between the City and the respective employee associations. The City does not issue separate stand-alone financial reports for the plans, instead financial information for the trust funds can be obtained by contacting the individual association. The benefit summary information is as followed:

BENEFIT SUMMARY <sup>1</sup>			
Eligibility &	Trust/Group	<u>Eligibility</u>	Monthly Benefit
Benefit	• IBEW	• DOR>7/1/2000 50 & 5, or disability	\$100 until     Medicare     eligible
	• RPOA 91	<ul> <li>Active on 6/1/90 or bought into plan, 20 yrs as Police officer (15 with City), or industrial disability with 5 yrs City Police service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>DOR&lt;6/1/1990: \$75</li> <li>DOR&gt;6/1/1990: \$150</li> </ul>
	• RPOA 06	<ul> <li>DOR&gt;7/1/06, 15 yrs City police service, or industrial disability</li> </ul>	• \$200
	• SEIUG	<ul> <li>20 yrs City service or industrial disability with 5 yrs service</li> </ul>	<ul><li>DOR&lt;6/30/90: \$50</li><li>DOR&gt;6/30/90: \$100</li></ul>
	• SEIUR	<ul> <li>20 yrs City service or industrial disability with 5 yrs service</li> </ul>	• \$100

BENEFIT SUMMARY				
<ul><li>Eligibility</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Retire directly from City under CalPERS (age 50, 5 years of service or disability), and meet plan eligibility above</li> </ul>			
City Contribution	Trust/Group	Contribution		
Continuation	• IBEW	• \$50/month for each active		
	• RPOA 91	<ul> <li>Initial contribution of \$750,000</li> </ul>		
	• RPOA 06	\$100/month for each active		
	• SEIUG	<ul> <li>Each January 1st through 2010, City contributes 0.25% of annual full-time payroll</li> </ul>		
	• SEIUR	<ul> <li>Each January 1st through 2011, City contributes 0.25% of annual full-time payroll</li> </ul>		

# Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost

The contribution requirements of the City for the Stipend Plan are established and may be amended through the memoranda of understanding (MOU) between the City and the unions. The City's contribution is paid on a "pay-as-you-go-basis", which is currently less than the annual required contribution.

Assets Trust Amounts As of Most Recent Actuarial Valuation				
IBEW General Retiree Health Trust	\$	204,858		
RPOA 1991 Trust	•	531,376		
RPOA 2006 Trust		230,105		
SEIU General Retiree Health		1,839,569		
SEIU Refuse Retiree Health		30,317		
Total	\$	2,836,225		

The contribution requirements of the City's Implied Subsidy Plan are established by the City Council. The City is not required by law or contractual agreement to provide funding other than the pay-as-you-go amount necessary to provide current benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries.

<sup>1</sup> Chart information obtained from the Bartel Associates, LLC Stipend and Implied Subsidy Plans-GASB 45 Actuarial Valuation report dated July 24, 2008.

The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) for each plan is reported based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) (UAAL) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The City's annual OPEB costs for the current year and the related information for each plan are as follows (amounts in thousands):

RESULTS – STIPEND PLANS					
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) at 4.5% 2008/09 Fiscal Year (amounts in 000's)					
	IBEW	RPOA 1991 Trust	RPOA 2006 Trust	SEIU General	SEIU Refuse
<ul> <li>ARC \$</li> <li>Normal Cost<sup>2</sup></li> <li>UAAL</li> </ul>	\$19	\$44	\$303	\$172	\$7
Amortization <sup>3</sup>	4	94	150	128	8
<ul> <li>Total</li> </ul>	23	138	453	300	15
<ul><li>2008/09 Payroll</li><li>ARC as % of payroll</li></ul>	15,326	8,343	27,253	47,621	1,762
<ul><li>Normal Cost</li><li>UAAL</li></ul>	0.1%	0.5%	1.1%	0.4%	0.4%
Amortization	0.0%	1.1%	0.6%	0.3%	0.5%
<ul><li>Total</li></ul>	0.1%	1.6%	1.7%	0.7%	0.9%
<ul> <li>Current</li> <li>Contribution</li> </ul>					
• \$	\$123	-	\$424	\$113 <sup>4</sup>	-
<ul> <li>% of payroll</li> </ul>	0.8%	-	1.6%	0.24%	-

RESULTS – IMPLIED	SUBSIDY	
Discount Rate and Amortiza (amounts in 000)	•	
Discount Rate	4.	.5%
Amortization Period	20 Years	30

<ul> <li>Discount Rate</li> </ul>	4.5%		
<ul> <li>Amortization Period</li> </ul>	20 Years	30 Years	
<ul> <li>Present Value of Benefits<sup>5</sup></li> <li>Funded Status<sup>5</sup></li> </ul>	\$75,665	\$75,665	
<ul> <li>AAL (Accrued Actuarial Liability)</li> </ul>	50,430	50,430	
<ul> <li>Assets</li> </ul>		_	
• UAAL	50,430	50,430	
- 2008/2009 ARC <sup>5</sup>			
Normal Cost	2,306	2,306	
<ul> <li>UAAL Amortization</li> </ul>	2,947	2,080	
ARC	5,253	4,386	
ARC as % of payroll	3%	3%	

The City's annual OPEB cost (AOC), the contribution, and the net OPEB obligation (NOO) for the year ended June 30, 2009 for each of the plans were as follows (dollar amounts in thousands):

**RESULTS – STIPEND PLANS** 

#### **Estimated Net OPEB Obligation** (amounts in 000's) 4.5% Discount Rate **RPOA** 1991 **RPOA** SEIU SEIU TRUS 2006 **IBEW** Т **TRUST GENERAL REFUSE** Total NOO 6/30/2007 o AOC<sup>6</sup> 23 138 453 300 15 929 Contribution (322)(4) (105)(113)(544)NOO 6/30/2008 \$ (82) \$ 138 \$ 131 187 11 \$ 385 o AOC<sup>5</sup> 23 138 453 300 15 929

(424)

\$ 160

(113)

374

(660)

\$ 654

26

\$ 276

(123)

\$(182)

Contribution

Estimated NOO 6/30/2009

<sup>2</sup> Level \$

<sup>3</sup> Amortized as a level percent of payroll over 30 years

<sup>4</sup> Contribution was based on annual projected payroll figures as of January 1, 2009. If actual payroll had been used, contributions would be \$119.

<sup>5</sup> Based on most recent actuarial valuation performed as of 6/30/08.

<sup>6 30</sup> year amortization. Level \$ for IBEW, RPOA 1991 & RPOA 2006. Level % of payroll for SEIU General and SEIU Refuse.

DECLIFTS IMPLIED SUBSIDY		
RESULTS – IMPLIED SUBSIDY		
Estimated Net OPEB Obligation		
(amounts in 000's)		
	N	o Pre-
	Fι	ınding
		4.5%
NOO 6/30/2007	\$	-
o 2007/08 ARC <sup>7</sup>		4,386
o Contributions <sup>8</sup>		(1,290)
NOO 6/30/2008	\$	3,096
o 2008/09 ARC <sup>9</sup>		4,386
o Contributions <sup>7</sup>	<u>,</u>	(1,290)
<ul> <li>Estimated NOO 6/30/2009</li> </ul>	\$	6,192

# **Funding Status and Funding Progress**

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information normally provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Based on the most recent actuarial valuation performed on June 30, 2008, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$50.4 million. The funded status of the Stipend Plan was as follows (amounts in thousands):

# Stipend Plan

Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Actuarial Valuation Date	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
\$ 2,885	\$ 12,186	\$9,301	06/30/08*	24%	92,643	10%

<sup>\*</sup> Information presented is for the most recent valuation date available.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the city and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

	ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS						
	June 30, 2007 Valuation						
•	Valuation Date	<ul><li>June 30, 2007</li><li>Cost for fiscal year 2007/08 (end of year)</li></ul>					
•	Discount Rate:	6.0% Baseline     4.5% Assets invested conservatively     7.75% Pre-funded with CalPERS CERBT – diversified and irrevocable trust					
•	General Inflation	• 3.0%					
•	Aggregate Payroll Increases	• 3.25%					
•	Retirement	• CalPERS	1997-2002 Exper	ience Study			
			<u>Misc</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Police</u>		
		Level	2.7%@55	3%@50	3%@50		
		Hire Age Exp. Ret.	34	27	27		
		Age	60 (M) 59 (F)	56	54		
•	Mortality, Termination, & Disability	CalPERS 1997	7-2002 Experienc	e Study			

<sup>7</sup> UAAL amortized as a level percent of payroll over 30 years.

<sup>8</sup> Includes benefit payments.

<sup>9</sup> Based on most recent actuarial valuation performed as of 6/30/08.

•	Medicare Eligible Rate	• 100%
•	Plan Assets	<ul><li>Market value of assets</li><li>No smoothing</li></ul>
-	Cost Method	■ Entry Age Normal  ■ As a level % of pay:  ➤ SEIU General  ➤ SEIU Refuse  ■ As a level \$ amount:  ➤ IBEW Trust  ➤ RPOA 1991 Trust  ➤ RPOA 2006 Trust  ■ Acceptable under GASB 27
•	Amortization Period	<ul><li>30 years</li><li>20 years sensitivity</li></ul>
•	Amortization Method	<ul> <li>Level Percent of Payroll (same as CalPERS)</li> <li>Level Dollar Amount</li> </ul>
•	Future New Entrants	■ None – Closed Group

# 15. Commitments and Contingencies

# A. Long-Term Electric Utility Commitments

# Intermountain Power Agency

The Electric Utility has entered into a power purchase contract with Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the delivery of electric power. The Electric Utility's share of IPA power is equal to 7.6 percent, or approximately 137.1 MW, of the net generation output of IPA's 1,800 MW coal-fueled generating station located in central Utah. The contract expires in 2027 and the debt fully matures in 2024.

The contract constitutes an obligation of the Electric Utility to make payments solely from operating revenues. The power purchase contract requires the Electric Utility to pay certain minimum charges that are based on debt service requirements. Such payments are considered a cost of production.

# Southern California Public Power Authority

On November 1, 1980, the City of Riverside joined with the Imperial Irrigation District and the cities of Los Angeles, Anaheim, Vernon, Azusa, Banning, Colton, Burbank, Glendale and Pasadena to create the Southern California Public Power Authority (SCPPA) by a Joint Powers Agreement under the laws of the State of California. As of July 2001, the City of Cerritos was admitted as a member. The primary purpose of SCPPA is to plan, finance, develop, acquire, construct, operate and maintain projects for the generation and transmission of electric energy for sale to its participants. SCPPA is governed by a Board of Directors, which consists of one representative for each of the members. During the 2008-09 and 2007-08 fiscal years, the Electric Utility paid approximately \$17,792 and \$17,074, respectively, to SCPPA under various take-or-pay contracts. These payments are reflected as a component of production and purchased power or transmission expense in the financial statements.

The projects and the Electric Utility's proportionate share of SCPPA's obligations, including final maturities and contract expirations are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Percent Share	<u>Entitlement</u>
Palo Verde Nuclear Generating Station (PV)	5.40%	11.7MW
Southern Transmission System (STS)	10.20%	195.0MW
Hoover Dam Uprating (Hoover)	31.90%	30.0MW
Mead – Phoenix Transmission (MPP)	4.00%	12.0MW
Mead – Adelanto Transmission (MAT)	13.50%	118.0MW

# Terms of Take or Pay Commitments

As part of the take-or-pay commitments with IPA and SCPPA, the Electric Utility has agreed to pay its share of current and long-term obligations. Management intends to pay these obligations from operating revenues received during the year that payment is due. A long-term obligation has not been recorded on the accompanying financial statements for these commitments. Take-or-pay commitments terminate upon the later of contract expiration or final maturity of outstanding bonds for each project.

Interest rates on the outstanding debt associated with the take-or-pay obligations range from 3.0 percent to 6.38 percent. The schedule below details the amount of principal and interest that is due and payable by the Electric Utility as part of the take-or-pay contract for each project in the fiscal year indicated.

	-		SCPPA										
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u>IPA</u>	PV	<u>STS</u>	<u>Hoover</u>	<u>MPP</u>	MAT	<u>Total</u>						
2010	\$19,926	\$ 692	\$ 6,457	\$ 708	\$ 229	\$ 2,454	\$ 30,466						
2011	25,742	662	7,538	708	319	3,100	38,069						
2012	23,323	666	7,936	706	318	3,090	36,039						
2013	20,116	669	9,614	704	318	3,087	34,508						
2014	22,918	672	8,764	705	318	3,092	36,469						
Thereafter	165,263	2,725	102,231	2,803	1,826	20,653	295,501						
Total	<u>\$277,288</u>	\$ 6,086	<u>\$142,540</u>	<u>\$ 6,334</u>	\$ 3,328	<u>\$35,476</u>	\$471,052						

Take-or-pay commitments expire upon final maturity of outstanding bonds for each project. Final fiscal year maturities are as follows:

Project	Final Maturity Date
Intermountain Power Project	2024
Palo Verde Nuclear Generating System	2017
Southern Transmission System	2023
Hoover Dam Upgrading	2017
Mead-Phoenix Transmission	2020
Mead-Adelanto Transmission	2020

In addition to debt service, Riverside's entitlements require the payment of fuel costs, operating and maintenance, administrative and general and other miscellaneous costs associated with the generation and transmission facilities discussed above. These costs do not have a similar structured payment schedule as debt service and vary each year. The costs incurred for the year ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	<u>IPA</u>	<u>PV</u>	<u>STS</u>	<u>MAT</u>	<u>MPP</u>	<u>Hoover</u>	<u>Total</u>
2009	\$28,010	\$3,044	\$1,975	\$ 243	\$ 121	\$ 81	\$33,474
2008	27,759	2,758	2,181	248	97	88	33,131

These costs are included in production and purchased power or transmission expense on the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Equity.

### B. Other Commitments

### Power Purchase Agreements:

The Electric Utility has executed five firm power purchase agreements. The agreements are with Deseret Generation and Transmission Cooperative (Deseret) of Murray, Utah; and Bonneville Power Administration (BPA). The

minimum annual obligations under each of these contracts are shown in the following table.

### Minimum Obligations 2009-2010

Supplier	<u>Capacity</u>	<u>Energy</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deseret	\$1,732	\$1,143	\$2,875
BPA (two agreements)	1,096	<u>-</u>	1,096
Total	\$2,828	<u>\$1,143</u>	\$3,971

The agreement with Deseret is for five megawatts of capacity and associated energy from January 1, 1992, through December 31, 1994, then increasing to 52 megawatts of capacity and associated energy through December 31, 2009. A notice of termination of the power purchase agreement was provided to Deseret effective March 31, 1998, resulting in litigation which was settled on July 31, 1999. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the notice of termination was rescinded and the power purchase agreement was amended to reflect substantial price reductions after fiscal year 2002 through the term of the agreement in 2009. In exchange, Riverside Public Utilities paid Deseret \$25,000 from Electric fund reserves, which is reflected on the Balance Sheets as Deferred purchased power. On July 1, 2002, the Electric Utility began to amortize the \$25,000, and will continue to amortize the remaining balance over the term of the agreement using the straight-line method.

As of June 30, 2009 and 2008, Deferred purchased power was \$1,670 and \$5,011, respectively, and the Utility had recorded amortization of \$3,341 in both fiscal years.

The first agreement with BPA is for the purchase of firm capacity (23 megawatts in the summer months and 16 megawatts in the winter months) beginning February 1, 1991, for a period of 20 years. The second BPA agreement is for the purchase of capacity (50 megawatts during the summer months and 13 megawatts during the winter months) beginning April 30, 1996, for 20 years. Effective May 1, 1998, these summer and winter capacity amounts increased to 60 megawatts and 15 megawatts, respectively, for the remainder of the second agreement.

On June 6, 2003 and July 8, 2003, the Public Utilities Board and the City Council respectively, adopted a RPS to increase procurement of renewable resources to reach a target of 20% of the Utility's energy by 2015. On March 16, 2007, the Public Utilities Board approved a new RPS, increasing the

targets to 20% and 25% by 2010 and 2015, respectively. On May 4, 2007, the Public Utilities added an additional target of 33% by 2020.

The contracts in the following table were executed as part of compliance with this standard. The Utility also has an agreement with Bonneville Power Administration for the purchase of energy credits that add to the total renewable portfolio.

Estimated

Long-term renewable power purchase agreements:

				Latinated
		Maximum	Contract	Annual Cost
<u>Supplier</u>	<u>Type</u>	Contract	<b>Expiration</b>	for 2009
Wintec	Wind	8.0MW	11/10/2021	233
Salton Sea Power	Geothermal	20.0MW	5/31/2020	22,123
Total		28.0MW		\$22,356

All contracts are contingent on energy production from specific related generating facilities. Riverside has no commitment to pay any amounts except for energy produced on a monthly basis from these facilities.

On August 23, 2005, the City Council approved an amendment to the Power Purchase Agreement between Salton Sea and the City. The agreement increases the amount of renewable energy available to the City from the current 20 MW to 46 MW effective June 1, 2009 through May 31, 2020, at the same price under the current contract until 2013, with escalation thereafter based on an inflationary type index. Similar to other renewable power purchase agreements, the City is only obligated for purchases of energy delivered to the City.

On November 10, 2006, the City of Riverside entered into a second Renewable Power Purchase Agreement with Wintec Energy, Ltd for wind generation capacity of up to 8 MW. The contract term is for 15 years, with capacity available upon completion of Wintec's Facility II Wind Turbine Project.

On June 19, 2008 and December 12, 2008, the City of Riverside entered into two separate Renewable Power Purchase Agreements with Shoshone Renaissance, LLC for geothermal power. The contract term is for 30 years with an estimated start date in late 2011 and will provide a combined 96 MW of geothermal energy.

### **Construction Commitments:**

As of June 30, 2009, the Electric Utility had major commitments of approximately \$17,207, with respect to unfinished capital projects, of which \$16,560 is expected to be funded by bonds and \$647 funded by rates.

As of June 30, 2009, the Water Utility had major commitments of approximately \$8,663 with respect to unfinished capital projects, of which \$8,000 is expected to be funded by bonds and \$663 funded by rates.

### C. Jointly-Owned Utility Project

Pursuant to a settlement agreement with SCE, dated August 4, 1972, the City was granted the right to acquire a 1.79 percent ownership interest in San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station (SONGS), Units 2 and 3, equating to 19.2 MW and 19.3 MW respectively, of the available capacity. In the settlement agreement, SCE agreed to provide the necessary transmission service to deliver the output of SONGS to Riverside. SCE and the City entered into the SONGS Participation Agreement that sets forth the terms and conditions under which the City, through the Electric Utility, participates in the ownership and output of SONGS. Other participants in this project include SCE, 75.05 percent; San Diego Gas & Electric Company, 20.00 percent; and the City of Anaheim, 3.16 percent. Maintenance and operation of SONGS remain the responsibility of SCE, as operating agent for the City.

SCE, as operating agent, has declared an "operating impairment" due to deterioration of the steam generators ("SGs"), which would likely result in permanent shutdown of the plant in the 2009-2010 timeframe. The estimated costs to replace the SGs is \$680,000, of which approximately \$12,200 would represent the City's share. Replacement of the SGs is expected to enable plant operations through at least 2022, and perhaps beyond if Nuclear Regulatory Commission approval is obtained. Although the City Council has approved participation in the replacement of the SGs, Anaheim has opted not to participate. During 2006, the FERC, Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the California Public Utility Commission (CPUC) approved the transfer of Anaheim's shares to SCE, and as a result, SCE's ownership was increased to 78.21 percent in units 2 and 3 of SONGS.

The original operating license for SONGS units 2 and 3 was set to expire in 2013; however, this was subsequently extended due to a construction recapture provision, and now expires February 16, 2022 and November 15, 2022 for Units 2 and 3 respectively.

There are no separate financial statements for the jointly-owned utility plant since each participant's interests in the utility plant and operating expenses are included in their respective financial statements. The Electric Utility's 1.79 percent share of the capitalized construction costs for SONGS totaled \$146,027 and \$142,120 for fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City Council approved participation in SONGS through the extended operations date. As a result, all acquisitions are now depreciated through 2022, to include the construction recapture extension period. The accumulated depreciation amounted to \$120,549 and \$114,511 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The Electric Utility made provisions for future decommissioning costs of \$1,581 for both fiscal years plus earnings on the Decommissioning Trust Fund of \$2,968 and \$2,336 for fiscal years June 30. 2009 and June 30, 2008, respectively (see Note 1). The Electric Utility's portion of current and long-term debt associated with SONGS is included in the accompanying financial statements.

### 16. Uncertainty Relating to the State of California's Budget Deficit

The State of California continues to have significant financial challenges and remains an ongoing uncertainty for the City as they continue to look to local municipalities to assist with closing their budget gap. When adopting its budget for fiscal year 2009-10, the State of California reflected in that budget a shift of a significant portion of tax increment revenue from redevelopment agencies to school districts for fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11. The California Redevelopment Association has filed a lawsuit challenging the legality of this tax shift. The outcome of that lawsuit is not certain at this time. The specific impact on the City's redevelopment agency would be to re-direct \$17 million from the redevelopment agency to offset a portion of the State budget deficit.

### 17. Subsequent Events

On August 6, 2009, the City issued the 2009 Sewer Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$240,910. The bonds were issued to reimburse certain previously incurred improvement costs and to finance certain capital projects of the City's sewer system. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2010. The rate of interest varies from 4.0% to 7.2% per annum depending on maturity date. Principal is payable in annual installments ranging from \$6,760 to \$109,130 commencing August 1, 2012 and ending August 1, 2039.

### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

# **Special Revenue Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

**Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) Fund** – To account for UASI grants received from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

**Special Gas Tax Fund** – To account for the construction and maintenance of the road network system of the City. Financing is provided by the City's share of state gasoline taxes which state law requires to be used to maintain streets.

Air Quality Improvement Fund – To account for qualified air pollution reduction programs funded by the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

**Housing and Community Development Fund** – To account for Federal grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The grants are used for the development of a viable urban community by providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, and expanding economic opportunities, principally for persons with low and moderate incomes.

**Redevelopment Agency Fund** – To account for the portion of Redevelopment tax increment monies which California Redevelopment Law requires be set aside for the development of low and moderate income housing.

National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) – To account for storm drain maintenance and inspection required for California storm water permits. Activities are funded by a special assessment district of Riverside County, California.

**Neglected Property Abatement Fund** – To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the neglected property abatement activities of the Code Enforcement Division of the Community Development Department.

### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of long-term debt obligations of the City and related entities.

**Debt Service Fund** – To accumulate monies for the payment of interest and principal on long-term debt obligations of the City. Debt service is financed via special property tax assessments.

# **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

**Special Capital Improvements Fund** – To account for the acquisition, construction and installation of capital improvements and a Community Facilities District within the City.

**Storm Drain Fund** – To account for the acquisition, construction and installation of storm drains in the City.

**Transportation Fund** – To account for the construction and installation of street and highway improvements in accordance with Articles 3 and 8 of the Transportation Development Act of 1971 of the State of California.

### **Permanent Fund**

**Permanent Funds** are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs.

**Library Special Fund** – To account for the monies held in trust for the benefit of the Riverside City Public Library System..

City of Riverside Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Special Revenue												
Assets	Urban Areas Security Initiative	Gas Tax	lı	Air Quality		Housing & Community Development		Redevelopment Agency	NPDES Storm Drain	N	eglected Property Abatement		Total
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 9,413	\$	701	\$	-	\$	23,475	\$ -	\$	-	\$	33,589
Cash and investments at fiscal agent	-	-		-		-		386	-		-		386
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):													
Interest	-	48		4		-		165	-		-		217
Accounts	-	-		-		2		-	-		1,671		1,673
Intergovernmental	-	991		-		3,294		-	438		-		4,723
Notes	-	-		-		6,064		12,383	-		-		18,447
Land & improvements held for resale				-		-		10,591			-		10,591
Total assets	\$ -	\$ 10,452	\$	705	\$	9,360	\$	47,000	\$ 438	\$	1,671	\$	69,626
Liabilities and fund balances													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 67	\$	11	\$	758	\$	72	\$ 2	\$	49	\$	959
Accrued payroll	-	-		-		18		-	-		9		27
Retainage payable	-	2,640		-		-		-	-		-		2,640
Deferred revenue	-	-		-		6,066		12,459	-		-		18,525
Deposits	-	-		-		-		26	-		-		26
Due to other funds	92	-		-		2,040		1	436		375		2,944
Advance from other funds	-	-		-		598		-	-		-		598
Total liabilities	92	2,707		11	_	9,480		12,558	438	_	433		25,719
Fund balances Reserved:													
Reserved for noncurrent loans receivable	-	-		-		-		52	-		-		52
Reserved for encumbrances	600	164		11		2,518		900	-		25		4,218
Reserved for land & improvements held for resale	-	-		-		-		10,591	-		-		10,591
Unreserved, designated for future operations	-	6,463		523		-		19,034	-		77		26,097
Unreserved, undesignated	(692)	1,118		160		(2,638)		3,865			1,136		2,949
Total fund balances	(92)	7,745		694		(120)		34,442			1,238		43,907
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ -	\$ 10,452	\$	705	\$	9,360	\$	47,000	\$ 438	\$	1,671	\$	69,626

City of Riverside Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Debt Service							Permanent Capital Projects Fund							
			JC1 V10		•	cial Capital	<b>a</b> .	•	•					al Nonmajor overnmental
Assets	Debt Se	rvice	_	Total		provement		orm Drain	Transportation	_	Total		ry Special	 Funds
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$		- \$	3,201	\$	5,046	\$ -	\$	8,247	\$	1,273	\$ 43,109
Cash and investments at fiscal agent		-			-	4,302		-	-		4,302		-	4,688
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						0.5		00			400			0.40
Interest		-			-	95		28	-		123		-	340
Accounts		-			-	277		-	-		277		-	1,950
Intergovernmental		-			-	-		-	76		76		-	4,799
Notes		-			-	-		-	-		-		-	18,447
Due from other funds		-			-	12,648		-	-		12,648		-	12,648
Land & improvements held for resale		-				-							-	10,591
Total assets	\$		\$		- \$	20,523	\$	5,074	\$ 76	\$	25,673	\$	1,273	\$ 96,572
Liabilities and fund balances														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$		- \$	242	\$	18	\$ -	\$	260	\$	-	\$ 1,219
Accrued payroll		-			-	-		_	-		-		-	27
Retainage payable		-			-	1,028		_	-		1,028		-	3,668
Deferred revenue		-			-	-		1	-		1		-	18,526
Deposits		-			-	_		_	-		_		_	26
Due to other funds		-			-	_		_	96		96		_	3,040
Advance from other funds		-			-	-		_	-		-		-	598
Total liabilities		-				1,270		19	96	_	1,385		-	27,104
Fund balances														
Reserved:														
Reserved for noncurrent loans receivable		-			-	-		-	-		_		-	52
Reserved for encumbrances		_			-	3,091		144	_		3,235		_	7,453
Reserved for land & improvements held for resale		_			_	-		-	_		-,		_	10,591
Reserved for library services		_			_	_		_	_		_		1,273	1,273
Unreserved, designated for future operations		_			_	8,524		3,395	_		11,919		-,	38,016
Unreserved, undesignated		_			-	7,638		1,516	(20)		9,134		_	12,083
Total fund balances	-					19,253		5,055	(20)		24,288		1,273	 69,468
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$		- \$	20,523	\$	5,074	\$ 76	\$	25,673	\$	1,273	\$ 96,572
. C.a. Habilitioo aria faria balariooo	<u> </u>		Ψ			20,020	Ψ	0,017	<del>-</del> 10	. <u> </u>	20,010		1,210	 00,012

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Special Revenue			
	Urban Area Security Initiative	Gas Tax	Air Quality Improvement	Housing & Community Development	Redevelopment Agency	NPDES Storm Drain	Neglected Property Abatement	Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,094	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,094
Intergovernmental	-	7,217	345	9,958	151	-	-	17,671
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	96	96
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,564	1,564
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	438	563	1,001
Rental and investment income	-	329	38	38	1,489	-	-	1,894
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	242	229	-	-	471
Total revenues		7,546	383	10,238	14,963	438	2,223	35,791
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	_	1,090	414	315	2,373	267	985	5,444
Culture and recreation	92	-			-		-	92
Capital outlay		3,685		10,098	1,925	171	-	15,879
Total expenditures	92	4,775	414	10,413	4,298	438	985	21,415
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over (under) expenditures	(92)	2,771	(31)	(175)	10,665		1,238	14,376
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	_	-		561	909	-	-	1,470
Transfers out	-	-	-	(506)	(3,735)	-	-	(4,241)
Sales of capital assets	_	-			(4,681)	-	-	(4,681)
Total other financing sources (uses)				55	(7,507)		-	(7,452)
Net change in fund balances	(92)	2,771	(31)	(120)	3,158		1,238	6,924
Fund balances - beginning	-	4,974	725	(1-0)	31,284	-	-	36,983
Fund balances - ending	\$ (92)	\$ 7,745	\$ 694	\$ (120)	\$ 34,442	\$ -	\$ 1,238	\$ 43,907

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	5.1.0			0. 7.1	<b>D</b>		Permanent	
	Debt S	Service		Capital	Projects		Fund	
	Debt Service	Total	Special Capital	Storm Drain	Transportation	Total	Library Special	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,094
Licenses and permits	-	-	868	119	-	987	-	987
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	162	162	-	17,833
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,564
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,001
Rental and investment income	-	-	979	288	-	1,267	55	3,216
Miscellaneous							107	578
Total revenues			1,847	407	162	2,416	162	38,369
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	54	54	294	-	-	294	-	5,792
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	213
Capital outlay			5,733	1,035	191	6,959	<u> </u>	22,838
Total expenditures	54	54	6,027	1,035	191	7,253	121	28,843
Excess (deficiency)								·
of revenues over (under) expenditures	(54)	(54)	(4,180)	(628)	(29)	(4,837)	41	9,526
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,470
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,241)
Sales of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,681)
Total other financing sources (uses)								(7,452)
Net change in fund balances	(54)	(54)	(4,180)	(628)	(29)	(4,837)	41	2,074
Fund balances - beginning	54	54	23,433	5,683	9	29,125	1,232	67,394
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,253	\$ 5,055	\$ (20)	\$ 24,288	\$ 1,273	\$ 69,468

City of Riverside
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Special Revenue										
	Urban	Area Security II	nitiative		Gas Tax		Air Qu	ality Improve	ment				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget				
Revenues													
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental	2,601	-	(2,601)	7,850	7,217	(633)	385	345	(40)				
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Rental and investment income	-	-	-	50	329	279	-	38	38				
Miscellaneous								-					
Total revenues	2,601	-	(2,601)	7,900	7,546	(354)	385	383	(2)				
Expenditures													
Current:													
General government	-	-	-	1,090	1,090	-	914	414	500				
Culture and recreation	2,601	92	2,509	_	-	-	112	-	112				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	11,652	3,685	7,967	-	-	-				
Total expenditures	2,601	92	2,509	12,742	4,775	7,967	1,026	414	612				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(92)	(92)	(4,842)	2,771	7,613	(641)	(31)	610				
Other financing sources (uses)													
Transfers in	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_				
Transfers out	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_				
Sale of capital assets	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_				
Total other financing sources					-			-					
Net change in fund balances	_	(92)	(92)	(4,842)	2,771	7,613	(641)	(31)	610				
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	-	-	-	4,974	4,974	-	725	725	-				
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ -	\$ (92)	\$ (92)	\$ 132	\$ 7,745	\$ 7,613		\$ 694	\$ 610				

(continued)

City of Riverside
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Special Revenue										
	Housing &	& Community De	evelopment	R	edevelopment A	gency	N	PDES Storm Dr	ain			
			Variance			Variance			Variance			
	Final		to Final	Final		to Final	Final		to Final			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget			
Revenues												
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,477	\$ 13,094	\$ 617	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental	9,354	9,958	ъ - 604	φ 12,477 281	151	(130)	Φ -	Ψ -	Φ -			
Licenses and permits	9,334	9,936	004	201	151	(130)	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-			
Special assessments	-	-	-	•	-	-	565	438	(127)			
Rental and investment income	-	38	-	1,372	1,489	- 117	505	430	(127)			
Miscellaneous	-		38				-	-	-			
	288	242	(46)		_	226	-	420	(4.07)			
Total revenues	9,642	10,238	596	14,133	14,963	830	565	438	(127)			
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government	924	315	609	1,483	2,373	(890)	293	267	26			
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	18,841	10,098	8,743	39,530	1,925	37,605	227	171	56			
Total expenditures	19,765	10,413	9,352	41,013	4,298	36,715	520	438	82			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,123)	(175)	9,948	(26,880	10,665	37,545	45		(45)			
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in	561	561	-	909	909	_	_	_	_			
Transfers out	(506)	(506)	-	(3,735		_	_	_	_			
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	(-,	, , , , , ,	(4,681)	_	_	_			
Total other financing sources	55	55		(2,826		(4,681)						
Total only line long codioco					(1,001)	(1,001)						
Net change in fund balances	(10,068)	(120)	9,948	(29,706	) 3,158	32,864	45	-	(45)			
Fund balances (deficit), beginning				31,284	31,284	<u> </u>						
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ (10,068)	\$ (120)	\$ 9,948	\$ 1,578	\$ 34,442	\$ 32,864	\$ 45	\$ -	\$ (45)			

(continued)

City of Riverside
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Special Reven	ue			Capital	Projects			
	Negle	cted Property A	batement		Capital Outlay			Redevelopment	t	
			Variance			Variance			Variance	
	Final		to Final	Final		to Final	Final		to Final	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	95,783	57,211	(38,572)	3,225	827	(2,398)	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	266	96	(170)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	440	1,564	1,124	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	262	563	301	350	195	(155)	-	-	-	
Rental and investment income	-	-	-	300	3,067	2,767	4,560	5,278	718	
Miscellaneous				1,087		(1,087)	261	393	132	
Total revenues	968	2,223	1,255	97,520	60,473	(37,047)	8,046	6,498	(1,548)	
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	924	985	(61)	-	136	(136)	10,972	11,226	(254)	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	207,549	105,309	102,240	158,166	47,411	110,755	
Total expenditures	924	985	(61)	207,549	105,445	102,104	169,138	58,637	110,501	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	44	1,238	1,194	(110,029)	(44,972)	65,057	(161,092)	(52,139)	108,953	
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	304	304	36,891	35,991	(900)	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(7,837)	(7,837)	(1,303)	(414)	889	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	(1,354)	(1,354)	
Total other financing sources				-	(7,531)	(7,531)	35,588	34,223	(1,365)	
Net change in fund balances	44	1,238	1,194	(110,029)	(52,503)	57,526	(125,504)	(17,916)	107,588	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	-	-	-	100,716	100,716	-	192,654	192,654	-	
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 44	\$ 1,238	\$ 1,194	\$ (9,313)		\$ 57,526		\$ 174,738	\$ 107,588	
									(continued)	

City of Riverside
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

				S						
	Speci	al Capital Impro	vement		Storm Drain			Transportation	1	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance to Final Budget	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	296	162	(134)	
Licenses and permits	-	868	868	100	119	19	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rental and investment income	-	979	979	29	288	259	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous			<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>	
Total revenues		1,847	1,847	129	407	278	296	162	(134)	
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	1,237	294	943	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	20,806	5,733	15,073	3,658	1,035	2,623	225	191	34	
Total expenditures	22,043	6,027	16,016	3,658	1,035	2,623	225	191	34	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(22,043)	(4,180)	17,863	(3,529)	(628)	2,901	71	(29)	(100)	
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(8)	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of capital assets										
Total other financing sources	(8)		8							
Net change in fund balances	(22,051)	(4,180)	17,871	(3,529)	(628)	2,901	71	(29)	(100)	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning	23,433	23,433		5,683	5,683		9	9		
Fund balances (deficit), ending	\$ 1,382	\$ 19,253	\$ 17,871	\$ 2,154	\$ 5,055	\$ 2,901	\$ 80	\$ (20)	\$ (100)	

### **Nonmajor Enterprise Funds**

**Enterprise Funds** are used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The City's intent is to demonstrate that the cost of services provided to the general public on a continuing basis is financed or recovered through user charges; or the City has decided that the periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

**Airport Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's airport.

**Refuse Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's solid waste and sanitation program which provides for the collection and disposal of solid waste on a user charge basis to residents and businesses.

**Transportation** – To account for the operations of the City's Senior Citizens' and Handicapped Transportation System in accordance with Article 4 of the Transportation Development Act of 1971 (SB325) of the State of California. Federal Transit Administration Funds are also accounted for in this fund.

**Public Parking** – To account for the operations and construction of the City's public parking facilities.

City of Riverside Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Assets	Aiı	rport	Refuse		Transportation		<b>Public Parking</b>			Total
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	784	\$	87	\$	1,805	\$	2,756	\$	5,432
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)										
Interest		9		22		10		42		83
Utility billed		-		597		-		-		597
Utility unbilled		-		637		-		=		637
Accounts		78		186		-		138		402
Intergovernmental		201		275		46		50		572
Prepaid items		-		-		12		=		12
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents		-		2,975		-		=		2,975
Total current assets		1,072		4,779		1,873		2,986		10,710
Non-current assets:										
Deferred charges		248		10,212		650		182		11,292
Capital assets:										
Land		9,988		-		-		3,713		13,701
Buildings		2,114		-		22		18,202		20,338
Accumulated depreciation-buildings		(965)		-		(8)		(2,822)		(3,795)
Improvements other than buildings		16,557		-		-		3,261		19,818
Accumulated depreciation-improvements other than buildings		(3,709)		-		-		(337)		(4,046)
Machinery and equipment		438		13,390		2,756		1,112		17,696
Accumulated depreciation-machinery and equipment		(174)		(7,601)		(1,434)		(496)		(9,705)
Construction in progress		1,987		-		120		2,544		4,651
Total non-current assets:		26,484		16,001		2,106		25,359		69,950
Total assets		27,556		20,780		3,979		28,345		80,660
		,							(c	ontinued)

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City of Riverside Combining Statement of Net Assets Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Liabilities	Airport	Refuse	Transportation	<b>Public Parking</b>	Total
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	41	437	22	668	1,168
Accrued payroll	46	529	92	53	720
Retainage payable	1	=	=	=	1
Unearned revenue	45	-	1,695	-	1,740
Deposits	1	=	=	=	1
Capital leases-current	17	=	=	=	17
Landfill capping-current	-	300	=	-	300
Other payables	20	195	86	30	331
Total current liabilities	171	1,461	1,895	751	4,278
Non-current liabilities:					
Capital leases	81	-	-	-	81
Advances from other funds	245	1,334	642	7,061	9,282
Landfill capping	=	7,212	-	-	7,212
Total non-current liabilities	326	8,546	642	7,061	16,575
Total liabilities	497	10,007	2,537	7,812	20,853
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	26,155	5,789	1,456	25,177	58,577
Restricted for other purposes	-	2,975	=	-	2,975
Unrestricted	904	2,009	(14)	(4,644)	(1,745)
Total net assets	\$ 27,059	\$ 10,773	\$ 1,442	\$ 20,533	\$ 59,807

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Α	irport	Refuse Transporta		ortation	ation Public Parking			Total
Operating revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	1,232	\$ 18,394	\$	336	\$	4,332	\$	24,294
Operating expenses:									
Personal Services		587	3,888		1,816		751		7,042
Contractual services		38	3,125		60		1,152		4,375
Maintenance and operation		227	5,460		406		393		6,486
General		185	3,364		274		165		3,988
Materials and supplies		16	608		301		15		940
Insurance		26	99		34		92		251
Depreciation and amortization		607	1,800		270		570		3,247
Total operating expenses		1,686	18,344		3,161		3,138		26,329
Operating Income (loss)		(454)	50		(2,825)		1,194		(2,035)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):									
Operating grants		-	168		1,761		-		1,929
Interest income		90	179		60		261		590
Other		118	197		-		596		911
Loss on retirement of capital assets		-	(13)		-		(1,627)		(1,640)
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(48)	(68)		(33)		(330)		(479)
Total non-operating revenues		160	463		1,788		(1,100)		1,311
Income before capital contributions and transfers		(294)	513		(1,037)		94		(724)
Cash capital contributions		2,082	-		937		10		3,029
Transfers out		-	-		-		(840)		(840)
Change in net assets		1,788	513		(100)		(736)		1,465
Total net assets - beginning		25,271	10,260		1,542		21,269		58,342
Total net assets - ending	\$	27,059	\$ 10,773	\$	1,442	\$	20,533	\$	59,807

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Airport		Refuse		Trans- ortation		Public Parking	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Cash received from customers and users	\$	1,286	\$ 18,164	\$	336	\$	4,147	\$ 23,933
Cash paid to employees for services		(588)	(4,010)		(1,791)		(754)	(7,143)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services		(618)	(13,269)		(1,074)		(1,595)	(16,556)
Other receipts		118	 197		-		596	 911
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		198	1,082		(2,529)		2,394	1,145
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Operating grants		-	168		2,843		-	3,011
Transfers to other funds		-	-		-		(840)	(840)
Cash received (repaid) on loans from other funds		(731)	(23)		(11)		738	(27)
Cash repaid on amounts due to the General Fund		(645)	 					 (645)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing			 _			<u> </u>		
activities		(1,376)	 145		2,832		(102)	 1,499
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Purchase of capital assets		(742)	(1,690)		(915)		(3,729)	(7,076)
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(47)	(68)		(33)		(330)	(478)
Capital contributions		2,670	 		937		10	3,617
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related			 					
financing activities		1,881	 (1,758)		(11)		(4,049)	 (3,937)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Income from investments		81	 199		60		263	 603
Net cash provided by investing activities		81	 199		60		263	603
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		784	(332)		352		(1,494)	(690)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning			 3,394		1,453		4,250	9,097
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	784	\$ 3,062	\$	1,805	\$	2,756	\$ 8,407
								 continued

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Airport	F	Refuse	Trans- ortation	Public Parking	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities:						
Operating Income (loss)	\$ (454)	\$	50	\$ (2,825)	\$ 1,194	\$ (2,035)
Other receipts	118		197	-	596	911
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization	607		1,800	270	570	3,247
Amortization of pension costs	3		18	9	3	33
Decrease in utility billed receivable	-		61	-	-	61
Decrease in utility unbilled receivable	-		7	-	-	7
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	54		(130)	-	(139)	(215)
(Increase) in intergovernmental receivable	-		(168)	-	(50)	(218)
(Increase) in prepaid items	-		-	(12)	-	(12)
Increase (decrease)in accounts payable	(126)		(321)	13	206	(228)
(Decrease) in accrued payroll	(4)		(237)	(29)	(3)	(273)
Increase in other payable	-		97	45	17	159
(Decrease) in landfill capping	 		(292)	 	 	 (292)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 198	\$	1,082	\$ (2,529)	\$ 2,394	\$ 1,145



### **Internal Service Funds**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Workers' Compensation Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's self-insured workers' compensation program.

**Unemployment Compensation Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's self-insured unemployment compensation program.

**Public Liability Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's self-insured liability program.

**Central Stores Fund** – To account for the operations of the City's centralized supplies inventory, including receiving and delivery services provided to City departments.

Central Garage Fund - To account for the maintenance and repair of all city-owned vehicles and motorized equipment, except for Police vehicles.

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Net Assets
Internal Service funds
June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Self-Insurance										
Assets	Workers' Compensation	<u> </u>	Unemployment Compensation	Public Liability		Central Stores		Centr	al Garage	Totals	
Current assets:											
Cash and investments	\$ 5,99	91	\$ 4	\$	2,784	\$	-	\$	1,177	\$	9,956
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):											
Interest	11		-		17		-		4		131
Accounts	1	13	-		-		-		9		22
Intergovernmental	1	14	-		-		-		1		15
Inventory		-	-		-	5	,470		365		5,835
Prepaid items		8	-		-		-		-		8
Total current assets	6,13	36	4		2,801	5	,470		1,556		15,967
Advances to other funds	12,61	6	-		-		-		-		12,616
Deferred charges	23	37	-		-		249		1,118		1,604
Capital assets:											
Buildings		-	-		-		-		1,488		1,488
Accumulated depreciation-buildings		-	-		-		-		(151)		(151)
Machinery and equipment		7	-		-		148		9,420		9,575
Accumulated depreciation-machinery and equipment		(7)	-		-		(134)		(7,190)		(7,331)
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		-			-		14		3,567		3,581
Total noncurrent assets	12,85	53			-		263		4,685		17,801
Total assets	18,98	39	4		2,801	5	,733		6,241		33,768
Liabilities	_										
Current liabilities:											
Accounts payable		-	-		246		295		324		865
Accrued payroll	6	65	-		-		76		392		533
Claims and judgements	14,60	)3	221		10,135		-		-		24,959
Deposits		-	-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-	12		-	2	,787		-		2,799
Other payables	2	21	-		-		25		118		164
Total current liabilities	14,68		233		10,381	3	,183		834		29,320
Noncurrent liabilities:											
Advances from other funds	23	34	-		-		896		1,105		2,235
Total noncurrent liabilities	23	34			-		896		1,105		2,235
Total liabilities	14,92	23	233	_	10,381	4	,079		1,939		31,555
Net Assets											
Invested in capital assets	_	-	-		-		14		3,567		3,581
Unrestricted	4,06	66	(229)		(7,580)	1	,640		735		(1,368)
Total net assets	\$ 4,06	66	\$ (229)	\$	(7,580)		,654	\$	4,302	\$	2,213

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Internal Service Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

			Self-I	nsured								
		orkers' pensation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Publi	c Liability	Centra	al Stores	Centr	al Garage	1	Γotals
Operating revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	5,000	\$	86	\$	3,001	\$	1,265	\$	6,482	\$	15,834
Operating expenses:												
Personal services		387		-		-		544		2,720		3,651
Contractual services		65		-		3		-		40		108
Maintenance and operation		1		-		-		21		1,491		1,513
General		432		6		315		275		705		1,733
Materials and supplies		3		-		-		10		-		13
Claims/Insurance		(1,500)		403		6,177		8		26		5,114
Depreciation and amortization		-		-		-		4		936		940
Total operating expenses		(612)		409		6,495		862		5,918		13,072
Operating income (loss)	•	5,612		(323)		(3,494)		403		564		2,762
Non-operating revenues (expenses):												
Interest income		1,182		7		259		-		20		1,468
Other		-		-		3		-		-		3
Loss on retirement of capital assets		-		-		-		-		(5)		(5)
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(12)		-		-		(13)		(57)		(82)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		1,170		7		262		(13)		(42)		1,384
Change in net assets		6,782		(316)		(3,232)		390		522		4,146
Total net assets - beginning		(2,716)		87		(4,348)		1,264		3,780		(1,933)
Total net assets - ending	\$	4,066	\$	(229)	\$	(7,580)	\$	1,654	\$	4,302	\$	2,213

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Self Insured										
		Vorkers'	Unemployment Compensation		Public Liability		Central Stores		Central Garage		 Total
Cash flows from operating activities:											
Cash received from customers and users	\$	5,001	\$	86	\$	3,001	\$	1,265	\$	6,541	\$ 15,894
Cash paid to employees for services		(413)		-		-		(575)		(2,789)	(3,777)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services		(3,650)		(356)		(5,447)		(673)		(2,169)	(12,295)
Other		-		-		3		-		-	 3
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		938		(270)		(2,443)		17		1,583	 (175)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:											
Cash received (repaid) on loans from other funds		-		-		-		(4)		(20)	(24)
Advances to other funds		(12,620)						-			 (12,620)
Net cash (used) by noncapital financing											
activities		(12,620)						(4)		(20)	 (12,644)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	<u></u>										 
Interest paid on long-term obligation		(12)		-		-		(13)		(57)	(82)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		(5)	(5)
Purchase of capital assets		-		-		-		-		(698)	(698)
Net cash (used) for capital and related											
financing activities		(12)				<u>-</u>		(13)		(760)	 (785)
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Income from investments		1,124		9		242		-		18	1,393
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,124		9		242		-		18	1,393
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(10,570)		(261)		(2,201)		-		821	(12,211)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		16,561		265		4,985				356	 22,167
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	5,991	\$	4_	\$	2,784	\$	_	\$	1,177	\$ 9,956
											 ontinued

City of Riverside
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Self Insured										
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Workers' Compensation		Unemployment Compensation		Public Liability		Central Stores		Central Garage		 Total
Operating income (loss) Other Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to	\$	5,612 -	\$	(323)	\$	(3,494)	\$	403	\$	564 -	\$ 2,762 3
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Amortization of pension costs		- 3		-		-		4 3		936 16	940 22
(Increase) decrease in account receivable (Increase) in intergovernmental receivable		(11) 12		-		-		-		31 3	20 15
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items  Decrease in inventory  (Decrease) in accounts payable		(8) - (1)		- - -		- (31)		632 (23)		25 169 (76)	17 801 (131)
Increase in other payable (Decrease) in accrued payroll		10 (39)		-		-		13 (47)		58 (143)	81 (229)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments		(4,640)		12 41		1,079		(968)		<u>-</u>	 (956) (3,520)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	938	\$	(270)	\$	(2,443)	\$	17	\$	1,583	\$ (175)

# Fiduciary Fund The City's Fiduciary Fund is comprised of an Agency Fund, which is used to account for special assessments that service no-commitment debt.

City of Riverside
Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	E	Balance					E	Balance	
	Ju	ly 1, 2008	Δ	dditions	De	ductions	June 30, 2009		
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	11,176	\$	9,724	\$	10,002	\$	10,898	
Cash and investments at fiscal agent		9,308		11,072		11,086		9,294	
Interest receivable		93		830		862		61	
Property taxes receivable		286		187		286		187	
Total assets	\$	20,863	\$	21,813	\$	22,236	\$	20,440	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	169	\$	148		21	
Held for bond holders		20,863		9,237		9,681		20,419	
Total liabilities	\$	20,863	\$	9,406	\$	9,829	\$	20,440	



# City of Riverside Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule By Source June 30, 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental funds capital assets:	
Land	\$ 270,580
Buildings and improvements	122,731
Improvements other than buildings	115,720
Machinery and equipment	73,245
Infrastructure	747,818
Construction in progress	 112,742
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,442,836
Investments in governmental funds capital assets by source:	
Certificates of participation	\$ 122,962
Gifts	304,213
Operating revenue	299,870
General obligation bonds	4,483
Revenue bonds	21,104
County contracts and grants	397
State grants	1,026
Asset forfeiture - state	2,279
Asset forfeiture - federal	218
Housing and community development grants	33,771
Other federal grants	148
Community facilities bonds	2,045
Assessment district bonds	28,234
Capital leases	18,385
RDA tax increment bonds	13,264
Capital projects funds	 590,437
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,442,836

City of Riverside
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Schedule By Function and Activity
June 30, 2009
(amount expressed in thousands)

	 Land	Construction in Progress/ Buildings and Improvements	Imp	nstruction in Progress/ rovements other than Buildings	achinery and quipment	Infi	rastructure	 Total
General government	\$ 10,652	\$ 59,677	\$	10,807	\$ 13,423	\$	0	\$ 94,559
Public safety	14,242	58,355		1,704	34,452		0	108,753
Highways and streets	217,754	13,810		4,159	20,182		747,818	1,003,723
Recreation and culture	26,643	178,996		23,315	4,918		0	233,872
Community development	 1,289	 370		0	 270		0	 1,929
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 270,580	\$ 311,208	\$	39,985	\$ 73,245	\$	747,818	\$ 1,442,836

City of Riverside
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Schedule of Changes By Function and Activity
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009
(amount expressed in thousands)

		overnmental unds Capital					overnmental ands Capital	
	J	Assets July 1, 2008	,	Additions	 ctions and	Assets June 30, 200		
		, .,			 			
General government	\$	46,018	\$	57,511	\$ 8,970	\$	94,559	
Public safety		109,237		1,831	2,315		108,753	
Highways and streets		907,221		126,224	29,722		1,003,723	
Recreation and culture		204,113		34,743	4,984		233,872	
Community development		1,082		875	28		1,929	
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	1,267,671	\$	221,184	\$ 46,019	\$	1,442,836	



# City of Riverside Statistical Section For the year ended June 30, 2009

# **Table of Contents**

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	87
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property and sales taxes.	93
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	102
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	109
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	111

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in the year ended June 30, 2001; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Table 1
City of Riverside
Net Assets by Component
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

					Fi	scal Year					
	2001	2002	2003	2004		2005	2006	2007	2008		2009
Governmental activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 422,886	\$ 465,803	\$ 471,380	\$ 484,784	\$	515,354	\$ 622,336	\$ 712,801	\$ 850,740	\$	950,496
Restricted	106,320	115,352	106,862	137,126		154,957	158,038	107,982	102,677		98,903
Unrestricted	 (54,406)	(59,893)	(10,227)	(41,353)		(46,419)	(51,261)	(34,245)	(31,429)		(41,861)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 474,800	\$ 521,262	\$ 568,015	\$ 580,557	\$	623,892	\$ 729,113	\$ 786,538	\$ 921,988	\$ 1	1,007,538
											<u>.</u>
Business-type activities											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 279,165	\$ 293,936	\$ 323,094	\$ 341,041	\$	402,377	\$ 425,285	\$ 520,059	\$ 601,999	\$	659,904
Restricted	31,154	38,535	40,869	49,242		54,540	71,386	57,613	43,341		38,621
Unrestricted	 172,344	177,537	181,985	217,762		229,462	250,041	242,966	225,281		207,405
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 482,663	\$ 510,008	\$ 545,948	\$ 608,045	\$	686,379	\$ 746,712	\$ 820,638	\$ 870,621	\$	905,930
Primary government											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 702,051	\$ 759,739	\$ 794,474	\$ 825,825	\$	917,731	\$ 1,047,621	\$ 1,232,860	\$ 1,452,739	\$ 1	1,610,400
Restricted	137,474	153,887	147,731	186,368		209,497	229,424	165,595	146,018		137,524
Unrestricted	 117,938	117,644	171,758	176,409		183,043	198,780	208,721	193,852		165,544
Total primary government net assets	\$ 957,463	\$ 1,031,270	\$ 1,113,963	\$ 1,188,602	\$	1,310,271	\$ 1,475,825	\$ 1,607,176	\$ 1,792,609	\$ 1	1,913,468

The City of Riverside implemented GASB 34 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Table 2
City of Riverside
Changes in Net Assets
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)								(III t	housands) Pag	ge 1 of 2
						Fiscal Year				
F	2001		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses										
Governmental activities:	ф co.coo	Φ.	47.045	ф го гоо	¢ c2.000	\$ 58.460	Ф <b>74.4</b> ГО	Ф 40E 40C	£440.007	<b>#400.00</b>
General government	\$ 60,688	\$	47,245	\$ 59,530	\$ 63,000	+,	\$ 74,458	\$ 105,486	\$ 113,897	\$102,665
Public safety	71,285		80,944	88,969	102,500	110,969	120,470	114,312	122,783	127,350
Highways and streets	12,277		6,819	15,625	22,017	20,364	20,757	22,556	26,986	18,731
Culture and Recreation	10,512		29,607	29,236	22,988	26,353	32,602	28,016	31,659	24,121
Interest on long-term debt	8,083		7,727	7,696	10,996	15,885	16,358	26,378	34,075	34,361
Total governmental activities expenses	162,845		172,342	201,056	221,501	232,031	264,645	296,748	329,400	307,228
Business-type activities:										
Electric	251,185		215,131	186,917	196,727	200,030	226,186	232,346	271,412	269,209
Water	27,460		28,978	29,715	33,921	36,709	39,486	42,108	47,570	53,931
Sewer	19,463		19,214	20,053	23,273	26,108	27,299	29,510	31,209	34,853
Refuse	11,069		10,821	11,577	11,510	12,841	14,546	16,490	18,430	18,425
Airport	892		1,045	1,151	1,088	1,185	1,004	1,201	1,418	1,734
Transportation	1,580		1,735	2,110	2,286	2,557	2,917	2,831	3,190	3,194
Public parking	-		-	1,392	1,389	824	2,701	3,762	4,093	5,095
Total business-type activities expenses	311,649		276,924	252,915	270,194	280,254	314,139	328,248	377,322	386,441
Total primary government expenses	\$ 474,494	\$	449,266	\$ 453,971	\$ 491,695	\$ 512,285	\$ 578,784	\$ 624,996	\$ 706,722	\$693,669
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 27,910	\$	20,265	\$ 22,675	\$ 26,160	\$ 25,995	\$ 24,683	\$ 10,245	\$ 23,969	\$ 13,691
Public safety	6,680		5,855	6,427	6,799	6,982	5,845	12,410	9,924	8,414
Highways and streets	22,067		18,891	20,867	22,286	23,108	25,412	30,563	19,695	14,391
Culture and recreation	5,121		4,671	8,304	5,056	7,002	7,716	8,302	4,370	3,168
Operating grants and contributions	3,490		7,257	12,716	12,935	16,140	13,150	12,101	15,024	23,313
Capital grants and contributions	617		19,528	2,144	1,136	5,292	18,618	10,557	115,982	69,745
Total governmental activities program revenues	65,885		76,467	73,133	74,372	84,519	95,424	84,178	188,964	132,722
Business-type activities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	,	•	*	*	,	
Charges for services:										
Electric	259,420		216,106	204,293	233,102	252,322	259,572	278,888	305,299	314,164
Water	26,597		29,527	28,637	32,382	34,002	37,613	47,080	49,855	54,923
Sewer	20,428		20,457	21,172	21,672	21,967	21,510	24,057	22,525	23,247
Refuse	11,475		11,220	11,795	13,759	14,492	15,160	15,833	16,289	18,394
Airport	955		1,089	1,046	1,051	1,088	1,162	1,263	1,423	1,232
Transportation	137		116	170	185	200	238	302	313	336
Public parking	-		-	2,385	2,760	2,961	2,837	3,431	3,717	4,332
Operating grants and contributions	2,411		2,992	3,663	1,723	2,261	2,704	1,939	3,308	1,929
Capital grants and contributions	3,293		1,877	4,976	26,390	32,317	29,293	40,066	29,215	17,288
Total business-type activities program revenues	324,716		283,384	278,137	333,024	361,610	370,089	412,859	431,944	435,845
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 390,601	\$	359,851	\$ 351,270	\$ 407,396	\$ 446,129	\$ 465,513	\$ 497,037	\$ 620,908	\$568,567
Total primary government program revenues	ψ 030,001	Ψ	000,001	Ψ 001,210	ψ τυτ,υσυ	Ψ 440,123	ψ του,υτο	Ψ τοι,υσι	ψ 020,300	ψυσο,υση

(continued)

Table 2
City of Riverside
Changes in Net Assets
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)							(	in thousands) P	age 2 of 2
	<u> </u>				Fiscal Year				
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Net Revenues (Expense)									
Governmental activities	\$ (96,960)	\$ (95,875)	\$ (127,923)	\$ (147,129)	\$ (147,512)	\$ (169,221)	\$ (212,570)	\$ (140,436)	\$ (174,506)
Business-type activities	13,067	6,460	25,222	62,830	81,356	55,950	84,611	54,622	49,404
Total primary government net expense	\$ (83,893)	\$ (89,415)	\$ (102,701)	\$ (84,299)	\$ (66,156)	\$ (113,271)	\$ (127,959)	\$ (85,814)	\$(125,102)
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	et Assets								
Governmental activities:									
Taxes									
Sales	\$ 33,981	\$ 38,467	\$ 41,691	\$ 46,624	\$ 53,348	\$ 57,522	\$ 55,666	\$ 50,526	\$ 41,882
Property	35,037	29,471	33,584	35,911	61,553	80,934	106,114	114,176	116,420
Utility Users	3,746	18,510	19,928	21,362	22,133	23,502	25,384	26,267	25,964
Franchise	19,613	4,070	3,811	4,261	4,481	4,813	5,031	4,972	5,144
Other	2,725	2,777	2,967	3,213	3,828	4,372	3,581	3,795	2,912
Intergovernmental, unrestricted	13,772	14,848	15,533	12,528	1,795	1,747	1,863	2,074	4,569
Unrestricted grants and contributions	-	-	-	18,710	15,220	39,653	29,743	-	-
Investment earnings	13,297	11,058	8,064	1,284	7,815	10,150	18,582	25,670	15,941
Miscellaneous	14,091	5,079	2,241	5,476	5,756	26,173	4,228	9,480	5,137
Transfers	17,527	18,057	18,218	10,302	14,918	25,576	31,171	32,326	42,087
Contributions	-	-	-	(2,800)	-	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities	153,789	142,337	146,037	156,871	190,847	274,442	281,363	269,286	260,056
Business-type activities:									
Unrestricted grants and contributions	19,501	12,638	15,972	-	-	-	-	-	
Investment income	16,022	12,780	9,115	5,016	7,548	11,259	16,988	22,756	23,402
Miscellaneous	2,414	5,624	3,849	4,553	7,362	18,700	3,498	4,931	4,590
Special item	2,982	7,900	-	-	(3,014)	-	-	-	
Transfers	(17,527)	(18,057)	(18,218)	(10,302)	(14,918)	(25,576)	(31,171)	(32,326)	(42,087)
Total business-type activities	23,392	20,885	10,718	(733)	(3,022)	4,383	(10,685)	(4,639)	(14,095)
Total primary government	177,181	163,222	156,755	156,138	187,825	278,825	270,678	264,647	245,961
Change in Net Assets									
Governmental activities	\$ 56,829	\$ 46,462	\$ 18,114	\$ 9,742	\$ 43,335	\$ 105,221	\$ 68,793	\$ 128,850	\$ 85,550
Business-type activities	36,459	27,345	35,940	62,097	78,334	60,333	73,926	49,983	35,309
Total primary government	\$ 93,288	\$ 73,807	\$ 54,054	\$ 71,839	\$ 121,669	\$ 165,554	\$ 142,719	\$ 178,833	\$ 120,859

The City of Riverside implemented GASB 34 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Table 3
City of Riverside
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2002 2003 2004 2006 2007 2009 2000 2001 2005 2008 General fund Reserved \$ 11,049 \$ 9,089 \$ 10,947 \$ 14,362 \$ 17,268 \$ 44,487 \$ 59,930 \$ 50,631 \$ 36,025 \$ 41,400 Unreserved 33,643 61,048 63,829 67,376 117,259 109,266 68,967 45,192 35,979 44,135 Total general fund 44,692 70,137 74,776 81,738 134,527 153,753 128,897 94,766 81,217 77,379 All other governmental funds Reserved 25,564 30,589 29,856 28,123 35,177 47,677 54,173 99,986 195,082 178,749 Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds 23,945 12,350 12,168 14,691 14,960 24,991 26,718 22,731 22,071 29,046 Capital projects funds 68,027 65,698 69,444 93,722 94,070 307,224 67,211 89,303 185,444 123,733 Permanent funds 1,355 1,457 1,232 1,219 127 81 Total all other governmental funds \$ 117,536 \$ 109,992 \$ 110,692 \$ 113,490 \$ 145,078 \$ 162,098 \$ 175,042 \$ 429,941 \$ 402,597 \$ 331,528

(in thousands)

Table 4
City of Riverside
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis accounting)

Fiscal Year 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2000 Revenues: \$ 84,445 \$ 88,121 \$ 93,879 \$ 102,286 \$ 113,118 \$ 142,056 \$ 170,638 \$ 191,131 \$ 200,438 \$ 192,322 Taxes Licenses and permits 12.273 13.232 12.317 11.343 16.351 12.984 7.368 14.394 14.389 10.027 55,178 Intergovernmental 42,259 48,960 47,410 43,829 42,609 42,568 47,934 79,423 86,873 Charges for services 7,879 7,866 8,878 10,046 11,299 11,538 11,914 11,325 9,099 7,160 Fines and forfeitures 2,330 2,346 2,095 2,188 2,006 2,098 2,778 4,573 6,213 2,226 Special assessments 6,587 5,258 5,420 6,324 10,259 6,272 6,247 6,170 5,245 5,431 Use of money and property 12,470 22,329 13,017 11,255 10,587 10,915 14,324 22,587 27,970 18,620 7,133 Miscellaneous 7,900 6,325 4,816 5.042 9.996 8,502 6,164 12,796 7,596 \$ 187,071 Total revenues \$ 175,320 \$ 194,434 \$ 194,103 207,283 \$ 239,501 284,876 \$ 301,662 \$ 351,797 \$ 333,522 Expenditures: General government \$ 19.942 \$ 28.552 \$ 27.748 22.031 \$ 25.108 \$ 21,800 \$ 25.193 \$ 39,093 \$ 26.177 \$ 25.995 Public safety 76,386 84,134 91,245 96,487 107,386 117,267 126,007 139,739 151,773 145,802 Highways and streets 9,388 9.979 10,551 12.034 11,990 11.695 11,281 19.722 25.209 18,452 Culture and recreation 18,856 21,239 23,835 27,579 24,836 28,939 31,017 31,039 30,622 26,859 Capital outlay 36,784 33,195 41,058 39,098 50,333 64,127 121,978 149,325 171,952 132,983 Debt Service: Principal 14,559 9.326 6,174 4,470 2.422 8.599 9,733 12.045 11.257 14,149 33,033 Interest 8,268 8,154 7,785 7,785 9,945 15,025 19,205 21,330 31,239 Debt issuance costs 469 950 1.538 2.551 697 47,670 \$ 344,414 Total expenditures \$ 184,652 \$ 194,579 \$ 208,396 \$ 209,484 \$ 232,970 \$ 268,990 \$ 414,844 \$ 448,926 \$ 444,943 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (9,332) \$ (145) \$ (21,325) \$ (15,381) \$ (25,687) \$ (29,489) \$ (59,538) \$ (113,182) \$ (97,129) \$ (111,421)

(continued)

(in thousands) Page 1 of 2

Table 4
City of Riverside
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis accounting)

		Fiscal Year									
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		2009
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	\$ 32,914	\$ 41.364	\$ 31.305	\$ 36,202	\$ 41.440	\$ 49,944	\$ 59,545	\$ 84,306	\$ 62,841	\$	100,797
Transfers out Sales of general capital assets	(15,902) (191)	(23,837) 168	(13,248) 153	(17,984) 1,314	(31,338) (675)	(35,026) 6,230	(33,969) 1,281	(53,135) 541	(30,515) 8,931	•	(58,710) (5,798)
Advances from other funds	613	1,599	-	81	` -	, -	-	-	-		-
Long-term obligation proceeds Premiums on bonds issued	6,360 -	-	8,454 -	750 -	247,594 -	85,578 113	20,969 -	295,190 4,455	164,408 -		30,425 -
Payments to refunded bond agent Total other financing sources (uses)	23,794	19,294	26,664	20,363	(58,657) 198,364	(9,167) 97,672	47,826	331,357	(148,975) 56,690		(30,200) 36,514
Special item - pension contribution	-	-	-	-	(88,300)	(32,141)	-	-	-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 14,462	\$ 19,149	\$ 5,339	\$ 4,982	\$ 84,377	\$ 36,042	\$ (11,712)	\$ 218,175	\$ (40,439)	\$	(74,907)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.240%	14.287%	11.311% <b>(2)</b>	9.018% <b>(2)</b>	9.140% <b>(1) (2)</b>	16.676% <b>(1) (2)</b>	31.075% <b>(2)</b>	32.274% <b>(2)</b>	76.697% <b>(2)</b>		54.770%

(in thousands) Page 2 of 2

<sup>(1)</sup> Restatement of debt service principal payments to reflect proper reporting of payment to refunded bond agent for refundings during the fiscal year.

<sup>(2)</sup> Restatement of debt service percentages to exclude capitalized expenditures.

Table 5
City of Riverside
Business-Type Activities Electricity Revenue By Source
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	 sidential Sales	 nmercial Sales	 dustrial Sales	WI	nolesale Sales	Other Sales	nsmission evenue	Op	Other erating evenue	R	Total evenues
2001	\$ 65,426	\$ 45,478	\$ 51,558	\$	73,090	\$ 21,897	\$ _	\$	1,971	\$	259,420
2002	64,625	46,265	49,487		46,505	7,447	-		1,777		216,106
2003	68,649	48,974	52,380		17,806	5,619	8,661		2,230		204,319
2004	80,872	57,079	56,117		9,581	6,354	20,917		2,182		233,102
2005	79,786	59,998	59,157		15,249	6,337	20,213		12,697		253,437
2006	85,243	53,773	71,084		11,952	7,139	20,043		9,183		258,417
2007	94,426	55,421	83,698		9,913	5,713	20,097		9,536		278,804
2008	99,981	60,768	92,697		14,805	5,425	19,211		12,405		305,292
2009	105,525	65,532	97,100		9,400	5,684	18,673		12,250		314,164

The City started receiving Transmission Revenue in 2003.

The City of Riverside has elected to show nine years of data for this schedule.

Table 6
City of Riverside
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source
Last Nine Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Sales Tax	Property Tax	Utility Users Tax	Franchise Tax	Other Tax	Total Taxes
2001	35,037	33,981	19,613	3,746	2,725	\$ 95,102
2002	38,467	29,471	18,510	4,070	2,777	93,295
2003	41,691	33,584	19,928	3,811	2,967	101,981
2004	46,624	35,911	21,362	4,261	3,213	111,371
2005	53,348	61,553	22,133	4,481	1,795	143,310
2006	57,522	80,934	23,502	4,813	4,372	171,143
2007	55,666	106,114	25,384	5,031	3,581	195,776
2008	50,526	114,176	26,267	4,972	3,795	199,736
2009	41,882	116,420	25,964	5,144	2,912	192,322

The City of Riverside has elected to show nine years of data for this schedule.

Table 7
City of Riverside
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Cit	у						
Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
10,557,523	632,940	(1,899,625)	9,290,838	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.009
11,269,877	686,215	(2,017,543)	9,938,549	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.009
12,103,179	799,323	(2,129,115)	10,773,387	1,240,768	205,181	(16,263)	1,429,686	1.008
13,071,416	980,529	(2,406,961)	11,644,984	1,390,108	276,506	(27,690)	1,638,924	1.057
14,188,658	845,858	(2,526,503)	12,508,013	1,508,478	228,775	(30,286)	1,706,967	1.056
15,540,982	951,211	(2,751,844)	13,740,349	1,775,655	158,148	(33,654)	1,900,149	1.074
17,557,341	1,058,995	(4,002,177)	14,614,159	2,914,600	210,025	(51,992)	3,072,633	1.073
20,672,126	1,140,891	(5,417,388)	16,395,629	4,145,700	410,625	(93,261)	4,463,064	1.065
23,618,776	1,291,972	(6,960,666)	17,950,082	5,509,441	553,124	(138,490)	5,924,075	1.059
24,428,633	1,330,053	(7,515,667)	18,243,019	5,998,768	581,943	(224,025)	6,356,686	1.065
	10,557,523 11,269,877 12,103,179 13,071,416 14,188,658 15,540,982 17,557,341 20,672,126 23,618,776	Secured         Unsecured           10,557,523         632,940           11,269,877         686,215           12,103,179         799,323           13,071,416         980,529           14,188,658         845,858           15,540,982         951,211           17,557,341         1,058,995           20,672,126         1,140,891           23,618,776         1,291,972	Secured         Unsecured         Exemptions           10,557,523         632,940         (1,899,625)           11,269,877         686,215         (2,017,543)           12,103,179         799,323         (2,129,115)           13,071,416         980,529         (2,406,961)           14,188,658         845,858         (2,526,503)           15,540,982         951,211         (2,751,844)           17,557,341         1,058,995         (4,002,177)           20,672,126         1,140,891         (5,417,388)           23,618,776         1,291,972         (6,960,666)	Secured         Unsecured         Exemptions         Taxable Assessed Value           10,557,523         632,940         (1,899,625)         9,290,838           11,269,877         686,215         (2,017,543)         9,938,549           12,103,179         799,323         (2,129,115)         10,773,387           13,071,416         980,529         (2,406,961)         11,644,984           14,188,658         845,858         (2,526,503)         12,508,013           15,540,982         951,211         (2,751,844)         13,740,349           17,557,341         1,058,995         (4,002,177)         14,614,159           20,672,126         1,140,891         (5,417,388)         16,395,629           23,618,776         1,291,972         (6,960,666)         17,950,082	Secured         Unsecured         Exemptions         Taxable Assessed Value         Secured           10,557,523         632,940         (1,899,625)         9,290,838         N/A           11,269,877         686,215         (2,017,543)         9,938,549         N/A           12,103,179         799,323         (2,129,115)         10,773,387         1,240,768           13,071,416         980,529         (2,406,961)         11,644,984         1,390,108           14,188,658         845,858         (2,526,503)         12,508,013         1,508,478           15,540,982         951,211         (2,751,844)         13,740,349         1,775,655           17,557,341         1,058,995         (4,002,177)         14,614,159         2,914,600           20,672,126         1,140,891         (5,417,388)         16,395,629         4,145,700           23,618,776         1,291,972         (6,960,666)         17,950,082         5,509,441	SecuredUnsecuredExemptionsTaxable Assessed ValueSecuredUnsecured10,557,523632,940(1,899,625)9,290,838N/AN/A11,269,877686,215(2,017,543)9,938,549N/AN/A12,103,179799,323(2,129,115)10,773,3871,240,768205,18113,071,416980,529(2,406,961)11,644,9841,390,108276,50614,188,658845,858(2,526,503)12,508,0131,508,478228,77515,540,982951,211(2,751,844)13,740,3491,775,655158,14817,557,3411,058,995(4,002,177)14,614,1592,914,600210,02520,672,1261,140,891(5,417,388)16,395,6294,145,700410,62523,618,7761,291,972(6,960,666)17,950,0825,509,441553,124	Secured         Unsecured         Exemptions         P,290,838         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           10,557,523         632,940         (1,899,625)         9,290,838         N/A         N/A         N/A         N/A           11,269,877         686,215         (2,017,543)         9,938,549         N/A         N/A         N/A           12,103,179         799,323         (2,129,115)         10,773,387         1,240,768         205,181         (16,263)           13,071,416         980,529         (2,406,961)         11,644,984         1,390,108         276,506         (27,690)           14,188,658         845,858         (2,526,503)         12,508,013         1,508,478         228,775         (30,286)           15,540,982         951,211         (2,751,844)         13,740,349         1,775,655         158,148         (33,654)           17,557,341         1,058,995         (4,002,177)         14,614,159         2,914,600         210,025         (51,992)           20,672,126         1,140,891         (5,417,388)         16,395,629         4,145,700         410,625         (93,261)           23,618,776         1,291,972         (6,960,666)         17,950,082         5,509,441         553,124	SecuredUnsecuredLess: ExemptionsTaxable Assessed ValueSecuredUnsecuredLess: ExemptionsTaxable Assessed Value10,557,523632,940(1,899,625)9,290,838N/AN/AN/AN/AN/A11,269,877686,215(2,017,543)9,938,549N/AN/AN/AN/AN/A12,103,179799,323(2,129,115)10,773,3871,240,768205,181(16,263)1,429,68613,071,416980,529(2,406,961)11,644,9841,390,108276,506(27,690)1,638,92414,188,658845,858(2,526,503)12,508,0131,508,478228,775(30,286)1,706,96715,540,982951,211(2,751,844)13,740,3491,775,655158,148(33,654)1,900,14917,557,3411,058,995(4,002,177)14,614,1592,914,600210,025(51,992)3,072,63320,672,1261,140,891(5,417,388)16,395,6294,145,700410,625(93,261)4,463,06423,618,7761,291,972(6,960,666)17,950,0825,509,441553,124(138,490)5,924,075

#### Notes:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above. Assessed valuations are based on 100 percent of estimated actual value.

NA - not available

Source: Riverside County Auditor-Controller

Table 8
City of Riverside
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
(Rate per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General	City General Obligation Debt Service	Riverside Unified School District	Riverside City Community College	Metro Water West	Total
2000	1.000	-	-	-	0.009	1.009
2001	1.000	-	-	-	0.009	1.009
2002	1.000	-	-	-	0.008	1.008
2003	1.000	-	0.050	-	0.007	1.057
2004	1.000	-	0.050	-	0.006	1.056
2005	1.000	0.010	0.040	0.018	0.006	1.074
2006	1.000	0.009	0.041	0.018	0.005	1.073
2007	1.000	0.008	0.035	0.018	0.004	1.065
2008	1.000	0.007	0.035	0.013	0.004	1.059
2009	1.000	0.007	0.041	0.013	0.004	1.065

#### Notes:

The City of Riverside has approximately 200 tax rate areas. The tax rates in these areas varied from 1.05% to 1.13% of assessed valuation. The direct and overlapping property tax rates shown above are for one of the largest tax rate areas in the City.

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the various intergovernmental overlapping debt.

Source: Riverside County, Auditor-Controller's Office

Table 9
City of Riverside
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2009		2000				
Property Owner	Taxable Assessed Value		Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		
Bre Prop Inc	\$	151,859	1	0.6%					
La Sierra University		124,565	2	0.5%					
Riverside Healthcare System		109,056	3	0.4%	80,724	3	0.8%		
MEF Realty		89,303	4	0.4%					
State Street Bank & Trust Co of Calif		83,391	5	0.3%	88,095	2	0.9%		
Press Enterprise Co		82,248	6	0.3%	44,500	5	0.5%		
Riverside Plaza		68,502	7	0.3%					
Canyon Springs Marketplace Corp		66,978	8	0.3%	36,714	8	0.4%		
Canyon Crossing I		60,997	9	0.2%					
Ohio Teacher Retirement					137,798	1	1.4%		
Rohr Inc		60,690	10	0.2%	76,169	4	0.8%		
Metal Container Corp					39,286	6	0.4%		
Charter Communication					36,942	7	0.4%		
Toro Company					36,679	9	0.4%		
Nordstrom Inc					30,803	10	0.3%		
Totals	\$	897,589		3.6%	607,710		6.3%		

## Notes:

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Table 10
City of Riverside
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Seven Fiscal Years

Total Tax Levy for			Delinquent Tax Collections for Fiscal	Total Fisc	cal Year Collections
Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	<u>Year</u>	Amount	Percentage of Levy
25,809	25,479	98.7%	603	26,082	101.1%
31,829	31,429	98.7%	966	32,395	101.8%
36,825	36,332	98.7%	706	37,037	100.6%
52,532	51,815	98.6%	746	52,561	100.1%
69,246	67,046	96.8%	934	67,981	98.2%
83,996	82,345	98.0%	1,562	83,907	99.9%
85,616	84,134	98.3%	2,540	86,674	101.2%
	25,809 31,829 36,825 52,532 69,246 83,996	Levy for Fiscal YearFiscal Amount25,80925,47931,82931,42936,82536,33252,53251,81569,24667,04683,99682,345	Levy for Fiscal YearFiscal Year of the Levy25,80925,47998.7%31,82931,42998.7%36,82536,33298.7%52,53251,81598.6%69,24667,04696.8%83,99682,34598.0%	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year         Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy         Collections for Fiscal Year           25,809         25,479         98.7%         603           31,829         31,429         98.7%         966           36,825         36,332         98.7%         706           52,532         51,815         98.6%         746           69,246         67,046         96.8%         934           83,996         82,345         98.0%         1,562	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year         Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy         Collections for Fiscal Year         Total Fiscal Amount           25,809         25,479         98.7%         603         26,082           31,829         31,429         98.7%         966         32,395           36,825         36,332         98.7%         706         37,037           52,532         51,815         98.6%         746         52,561           69,246         67,046         96.8%         934         67,981           83,996         82,345         98.0%         1,562         83,907

## Note:

The table reflects amounts related to the City and the Redevelopment Agency. The amounts collected by the Redevelopment Agency include monies that were passed-through to other agencies. Current tax levies are the original charge as provided by the County of Riverside. Current tax collections do not include supplemental tax levies.

Source: Riverside County Auditor Controller's Office and City Finance Division

The City of Riverside has elected to show seven years of data for this schedule.

Table 11 City of Riverside Electricity Sold by Type of Customer, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in millions of kilowatt-hours)

	Fiscal Year										
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Type of Customer:											
Residential	594.0	610.0	600.0	618.0	707.0	675.0	696.0	748.0	734.0	733.0	
Commercial	436.0	432.0	434.0	451.0	522.0	530.0	474.0	456.0	441.0	433.0	
Industrial	651.0	654.0	629.0	658.0	687.0	707.0	810.0	924.0	960.0	946.0	
Wholesale sales	419.0	600.0	541.0	378.0	354.0	470.0	287.0	295.0	357.0	299.0	
Other	53.0	54.0	53.0	49.0	52.0	50.0	58.0	39.0	34.0	33.0	
Total	2,153.0	2,350.0	2,257.0	2,154.0	2,322.0	2,432.0	2,325.0	2,462.0	2,526.0	2,444.0	
Total direct rate											
Monthly Base Rate 1	3.06	3.06	3.06	3.18	3.28	3.36	3.36	5.00	11.35	13.063	
Rate per 250 KWH <sup>1</sup>	20.18	20.18	20.18	20.98	21.65	22.20	22.20	22.20	25.88	25.88	

Source: Riverside Public Utilities, Finance Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Rates are based on a monthly base rate plus energy charge for the first 250 KWH. The Utility charges an excess use rate over 250 KWH.

Table 12
City of Riverside
Electricity Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Average Rate in Dollars per Kilowatt-Hour)

# Fiscal Year Ended

June 30	Residential	Commercial	<u>Industrial</u>	Other
2000	0.10767	0.10640	0.08081	0.11090
2001	0.10798	0.10637	0.07925	0.11112
2002	0.10768	0.10615	0.07844	0.11206
2003	0.10990	0.10779	0.07901	0.11869
2004	0.11439	0.10936	0.08167	0.12271
2005	0.11813	0.11321	0.08369	0.12768
2006	0.12222	0.11330	0.08798	0.12373
2007	0.12621	0.12164	0.09059	0.14493
2008	0.13613	0.13781	0.09658	0.16099
2009	0.14389	0.15122	0.10271	0.17169

## NOTE:

Rates are based on a monthly base rate plus an energy charge for the first 250 KWH. The Utility charges an excess use rate over 250 KWH.

Source: Riverside Public Utilities, Finance Services

Table 13
City of Riverside
Top 10 Electricity Customers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	200	9	2000			
Electricity Customer	 Electricity Charges	Percent of Total Electric Revenues	Electricity Charges	Percent of Total Electric Revenues		
County Agency	\$ 7,805,664	2.85%	N/A	N/A		
State University	7,481,477	2.73%	N/A	N/A		
Local Government	6,184,476	2.26%	N/A	N/A		
Local School District	4,351,162	1.59%	N/A	N/A		
Grocery Store	3,251,002	1.19%	N/A	N/A		
Corporation	2,323,394	0.85%	N/A	N/A		
Shopping Mall	1,952,604	0.71%	N/A	N/A		
Corporation	1,943,163	0.71%	N/A	N/A		
Corporation	1,768,410	0.65%	N/A	N/A		
Hospital	1,762,868	0.64%	N/A	N/A		
	\$ 38,824,220	14.18%	N/A	N/A		

Retail Sales Per Financial Statements \$ 273,841,491

N/A - not available

Source: Riverside Public Utilities, Finance Services

Table 14
City of Riverside
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Governmental A	Activities			
	General				Pension	Certificates		
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Redevelopment Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Assessment Bonds	Obligation Bonds	of Participation	Capital <u>Leases</u>	Notes Payable
2000	-	115,605	6,795	245	-	6,050	4,719	12,998
2001	-	113,980	2,830	195	-	5,615	7,316	11,629
2002	-	111,880	525	135	-	5,150	6,430	11,096
2003	-	109,615	-	-	-	4,650	5,517	11,447
2004	20,285	131,590	-	-	89,540	58,706	8,938	11,057
2005	20,280	144,024	-	-	148,280	57,336	7,431	10,645
2006	19,858	140,195	-	-	146,470	55,571	6,008	10,215
2007	19,331	296,598	-	-	144,450	192,874	4,929	9,759
2008	18,774	292,244	-	-	142,170	200,273	9,391	9,040
2009	18,171	285,743	-	-	139,410	198,268	7,455	8,749

	Bu	siness-Type Activitie	s			
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Loans Payable	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2000	310,424	7,956	409	465,201	12.96%	1.79
2001	299,244	7,315	653	448,777	11.86%	1.69
2002	355,621	6,966	571	498,374	13.52%	1.85
2003	342,559	11,524	498	485,810	12.54%	1.77
2004	440,970	11,066	439	772,591	18.68%	2.79
2005	419,581	10,459	392	818,428	19.02%	2.87
2006	509,577	9,841	317	898,052	14.31%	3.12
2007	482,929	9,211	253	1,160,334	17.62%	3.98
2008	720,749	8,569	211	1,401,421	20.84%	4.72
2009	674,646	7,915	2,574	1,342,931	20.42%	4.48

Source: City of Riverside Notes to Financial Statements and Statistical Table 20.

Table 15
City of Riverside
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Pension Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Tax Allocation Bonds <sup>2</sup>	Total	Percent of Assessed Value <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita
2000	-	-	-	115,605	115,605	1.24%	478
2001	-	-	-	113,980	113,980	1.15%	472
2002	-	-	-	111,880	111,880	1.04%	463
2003	-	-	-	109,615	109,615	0.94%	454
2004	20,285	89,540	58,706	131,590	300,121	2.40%	1,242
2005	20,280	148,280	57,336	144,024	369,920	2.69%	1,531
2006	19,858	146,470	55,571	140,195	362,094	2.48%	1,499
2007	19,331	144,450	192,874	290,407	647,062	3.95%	2,188
2008	18,774	142,170	200,273	292,244	653,461	3.64%	2,201
2009	18,171	139,410	198,268	285,743	641,592	3.57%	2,161

### Notes:

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (which, the City has none.)

Source: City of Riverside Notes to Financial Statements and Reserve Cash Reconciliation maintained by City Finance Division.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Amount presented is net of restricted resources held for the repayment of outstanding debt principal.

Table 16 City of Riverside Direct and Overlapping Debt As of June 30, 2009

Page 1 of 2

City Assessed Valuation:	\$ 24,879,165,206
Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation:	6,409,441,520
Adjusted Assessed Valuation:	\$ 18,469,723,686

	Percentage Applicable <sup>3</sup>		Outstanding Debt 06/30/2009		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:					
Metropolitan Water District	1.000%	\$	2,934,250	\$	29,343
Riverside City Community College District	27.607%		39,013,138		10,770,357
Alvord Unified School District	62.090%		64,483,570		40,037,849
Riverside Unified School District	83.470%		134,595,375		112,346,760
Corona-Norco Unified School District	0.002%		4,759		-
Jurupa Unified School District	0.400%		2,190		9
Moreno Valley Unified School District	4.816%		2,300,291		110,782
City of Riverside	100%		17,940,000		17,940,000
Alvord Unified School District Community District No.2006-1	69%		6,079,154		4,175,832
Riverside Unified School District Community Facilities Districts	96.650-100%		93,126,760		90,007,014
City of Riverside Community Facilities Districts	100%		29,317,000		29,317,000
City of Riverside 1915 Act Bonds	100%		36,950,000		36,950,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:		\$	426,746,487	\$	341,684,946
		· <u></u>		- <del></del>	(continued)

Table 16
City of Riverside
Direct and Overlapping Debt
As of June 30, 2009

AS 01 June 30, 2009			Page 2 of 2	_
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:				
Riverside County General Fund Obligations	10.677%	\$ 82,615,863	\$ 8,820,896	
Riverside County Pension Obligations	10.677%	40,795,749	4,355,762	
Riverside County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	10.677%	882,988	94,277	
Alvord Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.000%	=	-	
Corona-Norco Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.200%	580	1	
Jurupa Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.400%	299	1	
Moreno Valley Unified School District Certificates of Participation	4.816%	1,070,356	51,548	
Riverside Unified School District General Fund Obligations	83.470%	18,513,646	15,453,340	
City of Riverside General Fund Obligations	100%	196,905,000	196,905,000	(1)
City of Riverside Pension Obligations	100%	142,170,000	142,170,000	
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:		482,954,481	 367,850,825	-
Less: Riverside County Self-Supporting Obligations		1,808,561	2,363,665	
Total Net Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:		\$ 481,145,920	\$ 365,487,160	-
Net Direct and Overlapping Debt:			\$ 707,172,106	=
Gross Direct and Overlapping Debt:			\$ 709,535,771	(2)

Page 2 of 2

- (1) Excludes certificates of participation to be sold
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.
- (3) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Note: April 2009 is the latest information available from the California Municipal Statistics, Inc. for this schedule.

Table 17 City of Riverside Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Assessed valuation	\$9,290,838	\$9,938,549	\$10,773,387	\$11,644,984	\$12,508,013	\$13,740,349	\$14,614,159	\$16,395,629	17,950,082	18,243,019
Conversion percentage	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	2,322,710	2,484,637	2,693,347	2,911,246	3,127,003	3,435,087	3,653,540	4,098,907	4,487,521	4,560,755
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	348,406	372,696	404,002	436,687	469,050	515,263	548,031	614,836	673,128	684,113
Total net debt applicable to limit:		-	-	-	20,285	20,280	19,858	19,331	18,774	18,171
Legal debt margin	348,406	372,696	404,002	436,687	448,765	494,983	528,173	595,505	654,354	665,942
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.3%	3.9%	3.6%	3.1%	2.8%	2.7%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect a the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the State.

Source: City of Riverside, Statistical Table 6 and Notes to Financial Statements.

Table 18
City of Riverside
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Governmental Activity Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Tax Allocation Bonds								
	Debt Service									
Fiscal Year	Pledged Revenue <sup>1</sup>	Principal	Interest	Coverage						
2000	12,829	1,894	7,194	1.41						
2001	13,279	3,099	7,363	1.27						
2002	14,859	2,745	7,252	1.49						
2003	16,180	2,694	7,371	1.61						
2004	17,410	1,873	9,599	1.52						
2005	21,242	4,507	6,307	1.96						
2006	35,268	4,390	7,236	3.03						
2007	35,966	3,185	7,663	3.32						
2008	50,911	3,305	12,988	3.12						
2009	50,270	5,360	12,856	2.76						

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amount has been calculated in accordance with the provisions set forth in the debt covenants.

Table 19
City of Riverside
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Business Type Activity Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Electric Rev	enue Bonds					Water Reven	ue Bonds		
Fiscal	Pledged	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt S	Service	_	Pledged	Less: Operating	Net Available	Debt S	ervice	
Year	Revenue <sup>1</sup>	Expenses <sup>1</sup>	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenue <sup>1</sup>	Expenses <sup>1</sup>	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2000	197,842	150,175	47,667	6,610	10,669	2.76	33,327	16,397	16,930	2,755	2,591	3.17
2001	271,828	227,081	44,747	6,930	10,350	2.59	36,259	18,643	17,616	2,955	2,364	3.31
2002	229,529	190,426	39,103	7,385	9,841	2.27	43,215	19,244	23,971	3,215	2,941	3.89
2003	211,553	157,450	54,103	7,840	10,966	2.88	36,837	19,928	16,909	3,895	2,720	2.56
2004	239,842	168,162	71,680	10,780	10,183	3.42	47,093	23,767	23,326	4,010	2,622	3.52
2005	262,350	164,159	98,191	14,555	12,143	3.68	45,348	26,436	18,912	4,045	2,591	2.85
2006	265,086	184,421	80,665	15,015	15,245	2.67	66,226	27,028	39,198	3,875	3,790	5.11
2007	289,784	187,700	102,084	18,815	14,200	3.09	55,699	29,461	26,238	4,300	3,454	3.38
2008	314,733	219,680	95,053	19,460	16,790	2.62	67,312	33,827	33,485	4,355	4,275	3.88
2009	325,174	207,631	117,543	20,345	24,941	2.60	60,886	35,639	25,247	4,375	6,826	2.25

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amounts have been calculated in accordance with the provisions set forth in the debt covenants. Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

Table 20
City of Riverside
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per Capita	
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	<b>Population</b>	Income	Income	Rate
2000	250 720	2 500 977 950	12 025	F 2
2000	259,738	3,590,877,850	13,825	5.3
2001	265,684	3,783,605,844	14,241	5.2
2002	269,402	3,687,305,174	13,687	6.5
2003	274,100	3,874,951,700	14,137	6.8
2004	277,030	4,135,503,840	14,928	6.2
2005	285,537	4,303,042,590	15,070	5.9
2006	287,820	6,275,627,280	21,804	5.4
2007	291,398	6,583,846,412	22,594	6.5
2008	296,842	6,725,549,194	22,657	8.3
2009	300,096	6,576,903,936	21,916	14.1

Source: City of Riverside, Development Department

Table 21
City of Riverside
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2009			2000	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
University of California	7,127	1	4.6%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Riverside Unified School District	4,200	2	2.7%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kaiser Permanente	3,900	3	2.5%	N/A	N/A	N/A
City of Riverside	2,749	4	1.8%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Alvord Unified School District	2,000	5	1.3%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Riverside Community College	2,000	6	1.3%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fleetwood Motorhome Svc	1,963	7	1.3%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Riverside Community Hospital	1,600	8	1.0%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parkview Community Hospital	915	9	0.6%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Riverside Medical Clinic	750	10	0.5%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total	27,204		17.5%	N/A		N/A

N/A - not available

Source: City of Riverside, Development Department

Table 22 City of Riverside Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function										
General government	276.22	288.26	313.29	314.39	318.36	331.88	377.15	412.22	436.35	439.10
Public safety										
Police <sup>1</sup>	534.95	544.65	560.65	569.65	567.83	568.83	589.33	618.33	637.33	591.93
Fire	188.64	218.64	217.65	218.65	219.65	221.11	221.73	251.73	254.21	254.21
Firefighters and Police Officers	505.00	539.00	552.00	561.00	557.00	557.46	566.46	620.46	632.46	633.46
g										
Highways and streets	267.10	269.10	266.10	280.10	285.10	281.35	262.35	286.35	318.35	369.65
Sanitation	44.49	44.49	44.49	44.49	48.49	48.49	59.49	60.29	64.29	58.60
Culture and recreation	256.52	265.08	282.93	301.97	302.92	300.92	311.45	324.26	339.52	340.71
Airport	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Water	121.00	122.00	123.00	123.00	130.00	130.00	133.00	142.00	167.00	167.00
Electric	276.60	280.60	282.60	291.60	295.60	305.60	337.60	351.35	404.60	408.10
Total	1,970.52	2,037.82	2,096.71	2,149.85	2,173.95	2,194.18	2,298.10	2,453.53	2,628.65	2,636.30

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In fiscal year 2009 the Crossing Guards program (46.40 FTEs) was moved from the Police Department to the Public Works Department (highways and streets).

Source: City of Riverside, Budget Office

Table 23 City of Riverside
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal \	<b>Year</b>					
Function/Program	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	
Police											
Arrests	8,756	9,638	10,047	10,541	11,951	11,280	10,093	9,827	9,367	10,150	
Fire											
Number of calls answered	22,824	23,968	24.115	24,886	25,876	26,505	26,696	27,458	27,429	26,397	
Inspections	N/A	N/A	N/A	14,229	16,306	17,028	19,261	7,261	10,812	7,638	(1)
				,		,	,	.,	,	1,000	. ,
Public works:											
Street resurfacing (miles)	N/A	109.09	104.04	67.39	62.37	102.45	51.26	73.40	26.27	18.90	
Parks and recreation											
Number of recreation classes	14,492	14,492	14,619	14,787	15,135	15,195	16,272	19,079	22,146	21,884	
Number of facility rentals	26,327	26,327	26,533	26,854	27,014	27,074	27,483	32,980	35,076	36,822	
Transor of lability formals	20,027	20,027	20,000	20,004	27,014	21,014	21,100	02,000	00,070	00,022	
Water											
Number of accounts	59,088	59,709	60,059	60,625	61,668	62,492	62,985	63,431	63,494	64,062	
Annual consumption (ccf)	31,211,892	29,287,333	30,682,171	29,283,851	30,596,320	27,875,253	28,865,030	32,110,208	30,583,266	30,300,384	
Electric											
Number of accounts	94,004	96,056	97,793	99,018	100,766	103,463	104,294	105,226	106,015	106,385	
Annual consumption (kwh)	2,153	2,350	2,257	2,154	2,322	2,432	2,359	2,462	2,526	2,444	(2)
Sewer:											
New connections	N/A	4,073	5,267	5,825	7,034	9,621	16,717	15,423	16,412	18,765	
Average daily sewage treatment (millions of gallons)	30.92	32.59	34.75	33.15	35.24	38.07	35.91	32.50	32.10	33.00	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Inspections were not tracked prior to 2003 <sup>2</sup>Amounts expressed in millions N/A - not available

Source: City of Riverside, various departments

Table 24
City of Riverside
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 (1)	2006	2007	2008	2009
Function										
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Substations	9	9	9	7	11	7	5	4	4	5
Helicopters	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire										
Stations	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	14	14	14
Active apparatus	26	26	26	30	30	30	29	30	30	30
Reserve apparatus	4	4	5	6	5	5	6	6	6	7
Training facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	811.74	819.18	816.34	1,100.00	829.00	836.00	845.35	852.04	864.68	866.89
Streetlights	27,622	27,841	28,058	28,246	28,401	28,581	28,847	29,028	29,312	29,675
Traffic signals	287	299	320	320	322	322	353	358	363	365
Culture and recreation										
Parks acreage	2,664.60	2,664.60	2,665.00	2,534.00	2,500.00	2,534.00	2,534.00	2,800.00	2,939.22	3,003.15
Community centers	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
Playgrounds	32	32	35	30	26	26	27	38	38	41
Swimming pools	9	9	9	6	6	7	6	7	7	7
Softball & baseball diamonds	36	36	36	34	34	35	33	44	44	44
Library branches	5	5	5	7	5	5	6	6	6	7
Museum exhibit-fixed	51	51	51	52	11	8	7	13	8	6
Museum exhibit-special	7	7	11	13	4	1	-	2	5	2
Museum reference library volumes	2,575	2,575	2,600	2,750	3,000	5,224	5,500	5,600	4,500	4,500
Water										
Fire hydrants	6,504	6,566	6,715	6,763	6,763	6,926	7,127	7,187	7,381	7,523
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	1,100	1,100	800	750	755	755	810	815	820	820
Electric										
Miles of overhead distribution system	543.9	554.9	539.1	593.3	539.0	531.0	527.0	528.0	523.5	523.0
Miles of underground system	523.5	540.1	575.8	538.2	608.0	622.0	663.0	704.0	741.6	760.0

Source: City of Riverside, various departments

<sup>(1)</sup> During the 2004/05 fiscal year, four police substations closed.

Table 25
City of Riverside
Cash Debt Reserves
Tax Allocation Bonds
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Cash Debt Reserve									
Tax Allocation Bond	Minimun Required Reserve	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
1991 Issue \$13,285,000 Series A	28	75	76	76	74	29	29	29	29	28	28
1994 Issue PFA Multiple Project Areas A/B	900	911	927	902	904	906	-	-	=	=	-
1994 Issue RDA CA Towers Series A	2,481	2,699	2,699	2,411	2,411	-	-	-	-	-	-
1994 Issue RDA CA Towers Series B	431	465	417	431	431	-	-	-	-	-	-
1999 Issue \$17,025,000 Series A Univ Corr	1,257	1,259	1,220	1,256	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257	1,257
1999 Issue \$6,055,000 Series B Univ Corr	442	442	442	443	442	442	442	442	442	442	442
1999 Issue \$20,395,000 Casa Blanca	343	340	340	341	344	344	344	344	348	344	344
2004 Issue A Arlington \$4,550,000	301	-	-	-	-	299	305	309	309	310	307
2004 Issue B Arlington \$2,975,000	197	-	-	-	-	195	199	198	193	198	187
2003 Issue A Cal Towers \$26,255,000	2,341	-	-	-	-	2,342	2,342	2,342	2,342	2,342	2,342
2003 Issue B Cal Towers \$4,810,000	371	-	-	-	-	371	371	371	371	371	371
2004 Issue A Multiple Project \$24,115,000	1,753	-	-	-	-	-	1,753	1,753	1,753	1,753	1,757
	\$ 10,845	\$ 6,191	\$ 6,121	\$ 5,860	\$ 5,863	\$ 6,185	\$ 7,042	\$ 7,045	\$ 7,044	\$ 7,045	\$ 7,035



Fox Performing Art Center Project

