

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT Planning Division

City of Arts & Innovation

Draft Mitigated Negative Declaration

WARD: 2

- 1. Case Number:P16-0556 (Specific Plan Amendment), P15-1035 (Parcel Map), P16-0557 (Design
Review), and P17-0227 (Grading Exception)
- 2. **Project Title:** Rev Wheel Industrial Park
- Lead Agency: City of Riverside Community & Economic Development Department Planning Division 3900 Main Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92522
- 4. Contact Person:
Phone Number:Sean P. Kelleher, Associate Planner
(951) 826-5712
- Lead Agency: City of Riverside Community & Economic Development Department Planning Division 3900 Main Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92522
- 6. **Project Location:** The 10.5 acre project is located in the City of Riverside on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road, between Alessandro Boulevard and Cottonwood Avenue. The project is identified as Assessor Parcel Numbers 263-091-014, 263-091-015 and 263-100-021 (Figure 1)
- 7. Project Applicant/Project Sponsor's Name and Address:
 - Bob McMath (951)288-8544 Rev. Wheel, LLC 421 Main Street Riverside, CA 92501
- 8. General Plan Designation: B/OP Business/Office Park
- 9. Zoning: BMP-SP Business and Manufacturing Park Zone Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones

10. Description of Project:

Proposal by Bob McMath on behalf of Rev Wheel, LLC to consider the following entitlements to facilitate construction of eight industrial buildings ranging in size from 11,412 to 33,3335 square feet: 1) a Specific Plan Amendment to amend the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan to change the land use designations

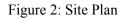
of 23.60 acres from Retail Business Office and Industrial Support to Industrial, and revise the standards in Chapter 3 - Development Standards and Criteria of the Specific Plan; 2) a Parcel Map (PM-36981) to subdivide three parcels (APN - 263-091-014, 263-091-015, and 263-100-021) into six parcels, ranging in size from 27,105 to 72,165 square feet; 3) a Design Review of project plans; and 4) a Grading Exception to allow over height retaining walls, visible to the public right-of-way. The subject site is located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road, between Alessandro Boulevard and Cottonwood Avenue, in the BMP-SP – Business and Manufacturing Park and Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones. Parcel 1 is 1.7-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with a 25,152-square-foot industrial building (Building 1) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 24,152-square-feet of warehouse. Three loading docks are proposed on the north side of the building. A total of 29 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.

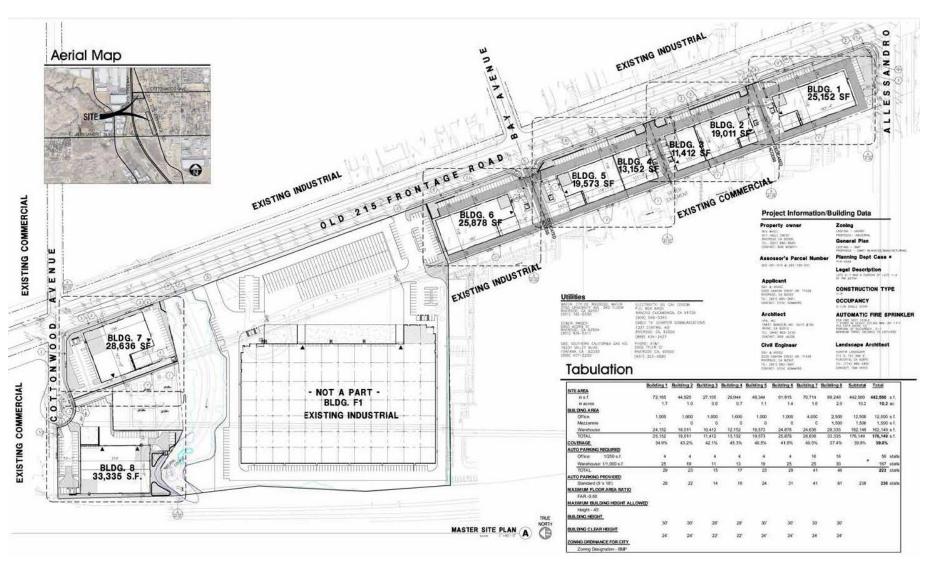
- Parcel 2 is 1.0-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with a 19,011-square-foot industrial building (Building 2) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 18,011-square-feet of warehouse. Two loading docks are proposed on the south side of the building. A total of 22 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.
- Parcel 3 is 0.6-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with an 11,412-square-foot industrial building (Building 3) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 10,412-square-feet of warehouse. A total of 14 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.
- Parcel 4 is 0.7-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with a 13,152-square-foot industrial building (Building 4) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 12,152-square-feet of warehouse. A total of 16 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.
- Parcel 5 is 1.1-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with a 19,573-square-foot industrial building (Building 5) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 18,573-square-feet of warehouse. Three loading docks are proposed on the north side of the building. A total of 24 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.
- Parcel 6 is 1.4-acre parcel located on the west side of Old 215 Frontage Road. The parcel will be developed with a 25,878-square-foot industrial building (Building 6) consisting of 1,000-square-feet office space and 24,878-square-feet of warehouse. Three loading docks are proposed on the south side of the building. A total of 31 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road.
- Assessor Parcel Number 263-080-027 is an existing 1.6-acre parcel located at the southwest corner of Old 215 Frontage Road and Cottonwood Avenue. The parcel will be developed with a 28,636-square-foot industrial building (Building 7) consisting of two 2,000-square-foot office spaces and 24,636-square-feet of warehouse. Three loading docks are proposed on the south side of the building. A total of 41 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Old 215 Frontage Road and Cottonwood Avenue. Retaining walls located along the southern portion of the property will be up to seven feet in height.
- Assessor Parcel Number 263-080-017 is an existing 2-acre parcel located on the south side of Cottonwood Avenue where it terminates into Interstate 215. The parcel will be developed with a 33,335-square-foot industrial building (Building 8) consisting of two 2,000-square-foot office spaces and 29,335-square-feet of warehouse. Four loading docks are proposed on the east side of the building. A total of 61 parking spaces are provided on-site with vehicular access from Cottonwood Avenue. Retaining walls located along the southern portion of the property will be up to ten feet in height.

Warehouse tenants have not been identified, however, warehouses have been assessed for a 24-hour 7-day a week operation.



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11. Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings:

Direction	Existing Land Use	General Plan Designation	Zoning Designation
Project Site	Vacant Land	Business/Office Park (B/OP)	BMP-SP – Business and Manufacturing Park Zone and Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones
North	Vacant Land	Business/Office Park (B/OP)	BMP-SP – Business and Manufacturing Park Zone and Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones
East (City of Moreno Valley)	Commercial retail, automotive repair, single- and multiple-family residences and vacant land	Business Park / Light Industrial and Commercial	BP - Business Park District and CC - Community Commercial District
South (County of Riverside)	Vacant Land	Light Industrial	C-P-S - Scenic Highway Commercial Zone
West	Commercial retail, automotive repair, single- family residences and vacant land	Business/Office Park (B/OP)	BMP-SP – Business and Manufacturing Park Zone and Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones

12. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financial approval, or participation agreement.):

- a. South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Dust Control Plan
- b. Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), Santa Ana Region National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Construction General Permit
- c. RWQCB, Santa Ana Region 401 Water Quality Certification Waste Discharge Requirement (WDR)
- d. Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP); and
- e. Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).
- f. Riverside County Airport land Use Commission (ALUC)

13. Other Environmental Reviews Incorporated by Reference in this Review:

- a. Riverside General Plan 2025
- b. City of Riverside General Plan 2025 Final Program EIR (FPEIR)
- c. Magnolia Avenue Specific Plan
- d. Title 19, Zoning Code
- e. Title 20, Cultural Resources
- f. Title 17, Grading Code

14. California Native American tribes traditionally and currently affiliated with the project area requesting consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.1:

- a. Morongo Band Of Mission Indians
- b. Pechanga Band of Mission Luiseño Indian
- c. Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians

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15. List of Appendices

- a. Appendix A: Project Plans
- b. Appendix B: Sycamore Crossing Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment
- c. Appendix C: Burrowing Owl Survey
- d. Appendix D: Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional Habitats
- e. Appendix E: Phase 1 Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey
- f. Appendix F: Sycamore Crossing Health Risk Assessment
- g. Appendix G: Sycamore Crossing Noise Analysis
- h. Appendix H: Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment
- i. Appendix I: Phase 2 Soil Sampling Report
- j. Appendix J: Soil Infiltration Study
- k. Appendix K: Old 215 Frontage Business Park Focused Traffic Analysis
- 1. Appendix L: Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan
- m. Appendix M: Geotechnical Engineering Investigation

Appendices are available at City of Riverside, City Hall, Planning Division 3900 Main Street, 3rd Floor Riverside, CA 92522.

16. Acronyms

AQMP	Air Quality Management Plan
BAU	Business As Usual
BMP	Best Management Practice
	California Environmental Quality Act
СМР	Congestion Management Plan
CNEL	Community Noise Equivalent Level
dBA	A-weighted decibels
DPM	Diesel Particulate Matter
EIC	Eastern Information Center
EIR	Environmental Impact Report
EMWD	Eastern Municipal Water District
ЕОР	Emergency Operations Plan
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration
FAR	Federal Air Regulations
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency
	Federal Transit Administration
	Geographic Information System
GHG	
GP 2025	General Plan 2025
IS	Initial Study
	Local Hazard Mitigation Plan
L _{max}	Maximum Noise Level
	March Air Reserve Base/March Inland Port
MBTA	Migratory Bird Treaty Act
	March Joint Powers Authority-Joint Land Use Study
MND	Mitigated Negative Declaration
MSHCP	Western Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan
	Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide-Equivalent Gases
	Natural Communities Conservation Plan
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
OEM	Office of Emergency Services
OPR	(California) Office of Planning & Research
PEIR	Program Environmental Impact Report
PW	Public Works, Riverside

RCALUC	Riverside County Airport Land Use Commission
RCALUCP	Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan
RCP	Regional Comprehensive Plan
RCTC	Riverside County Transportation Commission
RMC	Riverside Municipal Code
RPD	Riverside Police Department
RPU	Riverside Public Utilities
RRG	Riverside Restorative Growthprint
RRG-CAP	Riverside Restorative Growthprint Climate Action Plan
RRG-EPAP	Riverside Restorative Growthprint Economic Prosperity Action Plan
RTIP	Regional Transportation Improvement Plan
RTP	Regional Transportation Plan
RUSD	Riverside Unified School District
SCAG	Southern California Association of Governments
SCAQMD	South Coast Air Quality Management District
SCH	State Clearinghouse
SKR-HCP	Stephens' Kangaroo Rat Habitat Conservation Plan
SLF	Sacred Lands File
SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WMWD	Western Municipal Water District
WQMP	Water Quality Management Plan
WRCOG	Western Riverside Council of Governments

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Agriculture & Forest Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Geology/Soils
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Hydrology/Water Quality
Land Use/Planning	Mineral Resources	Noise
Population/Housing	Public Service	Recreation
Transportation/Traffic	Tribal Cultural Resources	Utilities/Service Systems
Mandatory Findings of Significance		

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation which reflects the independent judgment of the City of Riverside, it is recommended that:

The City of Riverside finds that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

The City of Riverside finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

The City of Riverside finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

The City of Riverside finds that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.

The City of Riverside finds that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

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Signature

Printed Name & Title Sean P. Kelleher, Associate Planner

For: City of Riverside

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COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

DEPARTMENT

Planning Division

Draft Environmental Initial Study

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. **Impacts Adequately Addressed.** Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. **Mitigation Measures.** For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measure which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.

- 8) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
1. AESTHETICS. Would the project:				
a. Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?			\boxtimes	

1a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure CCM-4 – Master Plan of Roadways, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.1-1 – Scenic and Special Boulevards and Parkways, Table 5.1-A – Scenic and Special Boulevards, and Table 5.1-B – Scenic Parkways)

The City's General Plan 2025 policies aim at balancing development interests with broader community preservation objectives. While there are no scenic vistas within the immediate project vicinity, the nearby Box Springs Mountains to the north is partially visible from the project site. Views may be blocked with the development of the proposed project; however, the project is proposed within an area designated for business and manufacturing park uses and surrounding properties along Interstate 215, Cottonwood Avenue, Alessandro Boulevard, and Old 215 Frontage Road are developed with similar uses or are zoned to be developed with similar uses. The project site and vicinity are not designated by the City's General Plan for the preservation or uniqueness of scenic views.

The proposed amendments to the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan Land Use Map will allow for the development of the project site with industrial buildings consistent with the General Plan Land Use Designation, the Zoning Code and the Specific Plan. The revisions to the lot standards for industrially designated properties east of Interstate 215 allows for the development and creation of smaller lots in an area were the assembling of parcels to create larger developments is less feasible due to existing development. The proposed amendments to the Specific Plan will not have a direct impact on development standards as future projects will be analyzed in the same manner as the proposed development. Proposed amendments to the development standards of the Specific Plan will not have any impacts to scenic vista, as there are no scenic vistas within the project vicinity and the project site is not adjacent to a designated scenic highway or special parkway as defined by the General Plan.

Through compliance with the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan and Zoning Code building height, setback and landscaping requirements, direct, indirect and cumulative impacts to scenic vistas are **less than significant impact**.

b.	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings		\square	
	within a state scenic highway?			

1b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure CCM-4 – Master Plan of Roadways, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.1-1 – Scenic and Special Boulevards, Parkways, Table 5.1-A – Scenic and Special Boulevards, Table 5.1-B – Scenic Parkways, the City's Urban Forest Tree Policy Manual)

The General Plan 2025 designates several roadways within the City as Scenic Boulevards and Parkways in order to protect scenic resources and enhance the visual character of the City. The proposed project is not located within proximity of a Scenic Boulevard or Parkway.

The proposed amendments to the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan Land Use Map will allow for the development of the project site with industrial buildings consistent with the General Plan Land Use Designation, the Zoning Code and the Specific Plan and existing development adjacent to the project site. The revisions to the lot standards for industrially designated properties east of Interstate 215 allows for the development and creation of smaller lots in an area were the assembling of parcels to create larger developments is less feasible due to existing development. Additionally, the building setbacks have been modified to be in scale with the minimum lot size. The proposed amendments to the Specific Plan will not have a direct impact on development standards as future projects will be analyzed in the same manner as the proposed development. Proposed amendments to the development standards of the Specific Plan will not have any impacts to scenic vista, as there are no scenic vistas within the project vicinity and the project site is not adjacent to a designated scenic highway or special parkway as defined by the General Plan.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Additionally there are no significant trees, rock outcropping or histor the proposed project. Therefore, any potential adverse direct, indirect significant impact .		hat will be imp		
c. Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
1c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025, General Plan 2 Guidelines and Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific		Zoning Code,	Citywide Des	ign and Sign
Construction of the proposed industrial buildings on the project site project site. However, the project site is located in an area designated located within the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan are of retail and service complexes.	d for business	and office par	k use. Surroui	nding parcels
The proposed amendments to the Sycamore Canyon Business Pa development of the project site with industrial buildings consistent w development adjacent to the project site. The revisions to the lot s Interstate 215 allows for the development and creation of smaller lo larger developments is less feasible due to existing development. Act be in scale with the minimum lot size. The proposed amendments development standards as future projects will be analyzed in the same	ith the Genera standards for i ots in an area Iditionally, the to the Specif	l Plan Land Us industrially de were the assent building setba ic Plan will n	se Designation signated prop- mbling of pare acks have been ot have a dire	and existing erties east of cels to create modified to
The proposed project will comply with all pertinent design requirer Plan, the Zoning Code and the Citywide Design Guidelines to assur high quality. This includes installation of landscaping, articulated fenestration and varying roof design. Due to all these factors, direct, and quality of the area are less than significant impacts .	e quality site of and decorative	design and bui ve screening v	lding architect valls and faca	ture that is of des, window
d. Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
1d. Response: <i>(Source: General Plan 2025, Title 19 – Article and Sign Guidelines, Sycamore Canyon Business Park Spe</i>		er 19.556 – Lig	ghting, Citywid	le Design
New sources of light, in this area from streets, parking lots, building potential to contribute to light and glare and affect the nighttime s installation of outdoor lighting necessary for public safety and maint operations. All lighting will comply with the development standards 19.590 (Performance Standards) requires that on-site lighting be arra public streets. Light shall not be directed skyward or in a manner that	ky. Developm enance; as we contained in the nged as to ref	nent of the pro ll as, to accom ne City's Zonin lect away fron	pposed project modate nightt ng Code (Title n adjoining pro	will require ime business 19). Chapter
The proposed project could involve nighttime activities that would re- currently substantial nighttime lighting in the surrounding areas a developments and the general urban character of the area. Although project site, primary entrances and parking areas have been design Furthermore, lighting has been designed to project away from the jur A conceptual photometric plan has been submitted that demonstrate standards for outdoor lighting. The addition of new sources of perma proposed project would not significantly increase ambient lighting in of the project area, there is a significant existing amount of ambien surrounding vicinity. Compliance with Zoning Code and Californi impact to day or nighttime views to less than significant impact direct	of the project , existing sing , ed to be orient isdictional dra- es compliance , nent light and n the project v t light both in a Building an	site due to le family resid inted away fro inage feature with the City glare as a resu icinity. Morec the project and d Green Code	the nature of lences exist ac m single fami south of Build of Riverside ilt of impleme over, due to the rea and in the e standards wi	the adjacent ljacent to the ly residence. ings 7 and 8. development ntation of the e built nature immediately

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	Impact
ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	Impact
2. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES:				
In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information complied by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and the forest carbon measurement methodology provided in the Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:				
a. Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non- agricultural use?				
 2a. Response: (Source: California Department of Con (http://maps.conservation.ca.gov/ciff/ciff.html) Access Jun The Project is located within an urbanized area. A review of Figure C reveals that the project site is identified as Urban and Built-Up land as classified as, Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of S pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the Ca have no impact directly, indirectly or cumulatively to agricultural use 	e 13, 2017) DS-2 – Agricu nd Other Land statewide Imp alifornia Reso	ltural Suitabili . The project s ortance, as sho	ty of the Gene ite is not desig own on the m	ral Plan 2025 mated as land aps prepared
b. Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
 2b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-3 - V Figure 5.2-4 – Proposed Zones Permitting Agricultural Us A review of Figure 5.2-2 – Williamson Act Preserves of the Gener located within an area that is affected by a Williamson Act Preserv 	es, and Title 1 al Plan 2025 I	7 9) FPEIR reveals	that the proje	ect site is not
project site is not zoned for agricultural use and is not adjacent to lar have no impact directly, indirectly or cumulatively.				
 c. Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)) timberland (as defined in Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))? 				
2c. Response: (Source: GIS Map – Forest Data)				

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	Impact
The City of Riverside has no forest land that can support 10-perce Therefore, no impacts will occur from this project directly, indirectly			es it have any	/ timberland.
d. Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
The City of Riverside has no forest land that can support 10-percent nat no impacts will occur from this project directly, indirectly or cumula e. Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of	tively.	nor does it hav	e any timberla	und, therefore
Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
2e. Response: (Source: General Plan – Figure OS-2 – Agricu Preserves, and GIS Map – Forest Data)	ltural Suitabi	lity, Figure O	S-3 – William	son Act
The project is located in an urbanized area of the City designated California Department of Conservation and does not support agricult in the conversion of designated farmland to non-agricultural uses. In ac including farmlands within proximity of the subject site. The City of I native tree cover. Therefore, no impacts will occur from this project Farmland, to non-agricultural use or to the loss of forest land.	ural resources Idition, there a Riverside has	or operations. The no agriculture no forest land the second s	The project w ral resources of that can suppo	vill not result or operations, ort 10-percent

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
3. AIR QUALITY.					
Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:					
a. Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			\square		
3a. Response: (Source: South Coast Air Quality Management I				'lan (AQMP);	
Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Asses	ssment prepai	ed by MIG M	arch 2017)		
The proposed multi-tenant warehousing and light industrial comple "Typical Growth Scenario" in all aspects. The Air Quality Manageme sets forth a comprehensive program that will lead the SCAB into com The City of Riverside is located within the Riverside County sub regi	ent Plan (AQM pliance with a	IP) for the Sou Ill Federal and	th Coast Air B State air quali	asin (SCAB)	
The AQMP is based on regional growth projections developed by SC and is not defined as a regionally significant project under CEWA; review (IGR) criteria.					
Pursuant to the methodology provided in Chapter 12 of the 1993 Sour CEQA Air Quality Handbook, consistency with the South Coast Air not increase the frequency or severity of an air quality standards viola the growth assumptions in the AQMP.7 A consistency review is prese	Basin 2016 A tion or cause	QMP is affirm	ned when a pro	oject (1) does	
 The project would result in short-term construction and long-term pollutant emissions that are less than the CEQA significance emissions thresholds established by the SCAQMD, as demonstrated in Section 3b of this report; therefore the project could not result in an increase in the frequency or severity of any air quality standards violation and will not cause a new air quality violation. The CEQA Air Quality Handbook indicates that consistency with AQMP growth assumptions must be analyzed for new or amended General Plan elements, Specific Plans, and significant projects. Significant projects include airports, electrical generating facilities, petroleum and gas refineries, designation of oil drilling districts, water ports solid waste disposal sites, and offshore drilling facilities; therefore, the project is not defined as significant. 					
The City's General Plan designation for the site is B/OP – Business/C Canyon Business Park Specific Plan. To accommodate the proposed Plan Amendment. Therefore, the proposed uses are consistent with th consistency analysis presented above, the proposed project is consisted project therefore will have less than significant impacts on the imple	l uses, the pro- the General Pla ent with the G	posed project an and the regi eneral Plan an	will not requi	ire a General Based on the	
b. Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?		\square			
3b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Table 5.3-1 South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2012 AQ and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG March 2	MP, CalEEM	~ 0	0.0		
Per General Plan 2025 FPEIR MM Air 1 and 7, a CalEEMod component construction and long-term operational impacts.	uter model and	alysis was con	ducted for bo	th short-term	
Short-term impacts					

Construction activities produce combustion emissions from various sources, such as grading, site preparation, utility engines, and motor vehicles transporting the construction crew. Exhaust emissions from construction activities envisioned on site

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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would vary daily as construction activity levels change. The use of construction equipment on site would result in localized exhaust emissions. Grading is expected to be balanced on-site, with little or no off-site transport of soils/dirts. Based on the SCAQMD guidelines, this project is not expected to disturb more than 5 acres on a daily basis.

The most recent version of the CalEEMod model was used to calculate the construction emissions, as summarized in the table below. The emissions rates shown are derived from the default CalEEMod construction emission input variables, which assume compliance with standard construction emissions control regulatory measures. Since no exceedances of any criteria pollutants are expected, no significant impacts would occur for project construction.

Daily Construction Emissions (lbs/day) Short-Term Impacts							
Source	ROG	NOX		SO2	PM10	PM2.5	
Summer	·				÷		
Site Preparation	4.91	51.84	40.45	0.04	10.00	6.46	
Grading	6.98	82.24	57.21	0.10	7.98	4.93	
Building Construction (2017)	4.38	33.15	36.22	0.07	4.48	2.47	
Building Construction (2018)	3.84	29.44	34.28	0.07	4.19	2.20	
Paving	2.24	17.23	15.29	0.02	1.11	0.91	
Architectural Coating	62.30	2.17	3.88	0.01	0.58	0.27	
Winter							
Site Preparation	4.91	51.85	40.37	0.04	10.00	6.46	
Grading	7.02	82.70	58.52	0.10	7.98	4.93	
Building Construction (2017)	4.45	33.39	36.78	0.07	4.48	2.47	
Building Construction (2018)	3.90	29.65	34.88	0.07	4.19	2.20	
Paving	2.24	17.23	15.23	0.02	1.11	0.91	
Architectural Coating	62.30	2.18	3.71	0.01	0.58	0.27	
SCAQMD Thresholds	75	100	550	150	150	55	
Substantial?	No	No No	No	No	No	No	

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment, MIG, March 2017, Table 9 (See Appendix B)

Long-term impacts

Long-term criteria air pollutant emissions will result from the operation of the proposed warehouse. Long-term emissions are categorized as area source emissions, energy demand emissions, and operational emissions. Operational emissions will result from automobile, truck, and other vehicle sources associated with daily trips to and from the warehouse. Area source emissions are the combination of many small emission sources that include use of outdoor landscape maintenance equipment, use of consumer products such as cleaning products, and periodic repainting of the proposed warehouse. Energy demand emissions result from use of electricity and natural gas. Emissions from area sources were estimated using CalEEMod defaults.

The California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod) was utilized to estimate mobile source emissions. Default trip rates, fleet mix, and trip lengths have been utilized for Industrial Park use. Assuming an opening year of 2019, the results of the

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
,		Mitigation		
		Incorporated		

CalEEMod model for summer and winter operation of the project are summarized in the table below (Operational Daily Emissions). Based on the results of the model, operational emissions associated with operation the project will not exceed the thresholds established by SCAQMD.

Operational Daily Emissions (lbs/day)									
Source	ROG	NOX	Long-Term Imp CO	SO2	PM10	PM2.5			
Summer									
Area Sources	10.67	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Energy Demand	0.02	0.17	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.01			
Mobile Sources	3.85	12.06	48.07	0.15	10.17	2.85			
Summer Total	14.54	12.23	48.24	0.15	10.19	2.86			
Winter		•		•	·	•			
Area Sources	10.67	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Energy Demand	0.02	0.17	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.01			
Mobile Sources	3.95	12.68	46.74	0.14	10.17	2.85			
Winter Total	14.64	12.85	46.91	0.14	10.19	2.86			
SCAQMD Thresholds	55	55	550	150	150	55			
Substantial?	No	No	No	No	No	No			

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment, MIG, March 2017, Table 10 (See Appendix B)

The above tables compare the project emissions (short-term/construction-related and long-term/operational) to the SCAQMD daily thresholds and shows that established thresholds will not be exceeded. Therefore, because the project will not violate any ambient air quality standard, contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation, and will be subject to further mitigation the impacts directly, indirectly and cumulatively will be **less than significant impacts** to ambient air quality and to contributing to an existing air quality violation.

Carbon Monoxide Hotspot

A carbon monoxide (CO) hotspot is an area of localized CO pollution that is caused by severe vehicle congestion on major roadways, typically near intersections. CO hotspots have the potential to violate State and Federal CO standards at intersections, even if the broader Basin is in attainment for Federal and State levels. The California Department of Transportation Project-Level Carbon Monoxide Protocol (Protocol) screening procedures have been utilized to determine if the proposed project could potentially result in a CO hotspot. Based on the recommendations of the Protocol, a screening analysis should be performed for the proposed project to determine if a detailed analysis will be required. The California Department of Transportation notes that because of the age of the assumptions used in the screening procedures and the obsolete nature of the modeling tools utilized to develop the screening procedures in the Protocol, they are no longer accepted. More recent screening procedures based on more current methodologies have been developed. The Sacramento Metropolitan Air Quality Management District (SMAQMD) developed a screening threshold in 2011 which states that any project involving an intersection experiencing 31,600 vehicles per hour or more will require detailed analysis. In addition, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District developed a screening threshold in 2010 which states that any project involving an intersection experiencing this level of traffic; therefore, the proposed project passes the screening analysis and impacts are deemed less than significant. Based on the local analysis procedures, the proposed project would not result in a CO hotspot.

c. Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air



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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				

3c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Table 5.3-B SCAQMD CEQA Regional Significance Thresholds, South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2012 Air Quality Management Plan)

Per the GP 2025 FPEIR, AQMP thresholds indicate future construction activities under the General Plan are projected to result in significant levels of NOx and ROG, both ozone precursors, PM-10, PM-2.5 and CO. Although long-term emissions are expected to decrease by 2025, all criteria pollutants remain above the SCAQMD thresholds.

The portion of the Basin within which the City is located is designated as a non-attainment area for ozone, PM-10 and PM-2.5 under State standards, and as a non-attainment area for ozone, carbon monoxide, PM-10, and PM-2.5 under Federal standards.

Because the proposed project is consistent with the General Plan 2025, cumulative impacts related to criteria pollutants as a result of the project were previously evaluated as part of the cumulative analysis of build out anticipated under the General Plan 2025 Program. As a result, the proposed project does not result in any new significant impacts that were not previously evaluated and for which a statement of overriding considerations was adopted as part of the General Plan 2025 FPEIR. Therefore, cumulative air quality emissions impacts are **less than significant**.

d.	Expose	sensitive	receptors	to	substantial	pollutant	\square	
	concentr	ations?						

3d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Table 5.3-B SCAQMD CEQA Regional Significance Thresholds, South Coast Air Quality Management District's 2013 Air Quality Management Plan, Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG March 2017)

As part of SCAQMD's environmental justice program, attention has recently been focusing more on the localized effects of air quality. Although the region may be in attainment for a particular criteria pollutant, localized emissions from construction activities coupled with ambient pollutant levels can cause localized increases in criteria pollutant that exceed national and/or State air quality standards. The SCAQMD has issued guidance on applying CalEEMod modeling results to Localized Significance Thresholds (LST) analyses. Sensitive receptors include residences, schools, hospitals, and similar uses that are sensitive to noise and air pollutants. There are existing residential uses adjacent to the project site, and Alvord Continuation High School is situated approximately 650 feet south of the project site.

Construction

Construction-related criteria pollutant emissions and potentially significant localized impacts were evaluated pursuant to the SCAQMD Final Localized Significance Thresholds Methodology. This methodology provides screening tables for onethrough five-acre project scenarios, depending on the amount of site disturbance during a day using the Fact Sheet for equipment usage in CalEEMod. Daily oxides of nitrogen (NOX), carbon monoxide (CO), and particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5) emissions will occur during construction of the project, grading of the project site, and paving of facility parking lots and drive aisles. The table below (Localized Significance Threshold Analysis) summarize on- and off-site emissions as compared to the local thresholds established for Source Receptor Area (SRA) 24. Based on the use of one grader, one dozer, two scrapers, and two tractors during grading activities, a 3-acre threshold will be used (using linear regression). A 50-meter receptor distance was used to reflect average distance of grading operations from residential uses located south of Building 7 and Building 8. This represents a worst-case analysis because due to the layout of the proposed buildings, localized emissions will not be concentrated in one location. Buildings 1 through 6 are located approximately 325 meters south of Buildings 7 and 8 and Buildings 1 through 6 will be built side by side in a linear layout and not clustered on a compact square-shaped site. The proposed Buildings 2 through 5 are located adjacent to residential uses to the west and Buildings 7 and 8 are located adjacent to residential uses to the south. Residential uses are located across Old 215 Frontage Road from Building 6. Note that particulate matter emissions account for daily watering required by SCAQMD Rule 403 (three times per day for a 61 percent reduction in fugitive dust). Based upon the Localized Significance Threshold Analysis table, emissions from construction activities will not exceed any localized threshold.

INFORMATIC	SUPPORTINO ON SOURCES)	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
Localized Phase	d Significance Threshol CO	d Analysis (Short- NOX	Term Const	ruction Impac PM10	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	M2.5		
Site Preparation	39.40	51.75	9.80		-			6.41
Grading	46.81	69.59		6.70		.45		
Building Construction (2017)	18.13	26.41		1.78		1.78		.67
Building Construction (2018)	17.53	23.26		1.49	1	.40		
Paving	14.49	17.16		0.94	0	.86		
Architectural Coating	1.85	2.01	2.01 0.15		0.15			
SCAQMD Threshold	1,548	229		26		7		
Potentially Substantial?	No	No		No	No			

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment, MIG, March 2017, Table 11 (See Appendix B)

Operational

Operation-related LSTs become of concern when there are substantial on-site stationary and on-site mobile sources that could impact surrounding receptors. The proposed buildings do not have a tenant and is speculatively considered for manufacturing uses, thus the type and extent of on-site stationary or on-site mobile sources is unknown. In order to generally assess operational impacts related to LSTs, the ARB Characterization of the Off-Road Equipment Population for the state was used to estimate the amount of on-site equipment that may be used as part of future operations in the proposed buildings. The "residual' category of businesses was queried that includes manufacturing uses as a result survey inquires throughout the state and extrapolated to the state and county levels. According to this report, manufacturing uses in Riverside County average 0.0313 pieces of equipment per employee. An estimate of 59 employees was calculated for the proposed project based on the NAIOP logistics trends analysis for warehouses. This results in an estimated two pieces of equipment. However, to provide a worst case analysis, it has been assumed that eight forklifts (one for each building) could be utilized. Due to the size of the proposed buildings and the lack of outdoor storage space as shown on the site plan, it has been assumed that electric forklifts would be utilized, which would not result in localized emissions. To ensure that gasoline powered forklifts are not utilized during project operation, Mitigation Measures AQ-1 has been incorporated, requiring use of electric-powered forklifts. On-site idling of trucks (subject to the state's 5-minute maximum idling restrictions) coupled with the use of landscaping equipment and natural gas comprises the on-site emissions estimates for comparison to operation LSTs and summarized in the table below (Localized Significance Thresholds for Operations). The project will not result in local emissions in excessive of applicable screening thresholds.

Localiz	Localized Significance Threshold Analysis Operations (Long-Term Impacts) (lbs/day)										
Phase	CO	NOX	PM10	PM2.5							
Landscaping	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00							
Natural Gas	0.14	0.17	0.01	0.01							
On-Site Idling	4.99	37.2	0.11	0.11							
Total	5.16	37.37	0.12	0.12							
SCAQMD Threshold	1,548	229	6.5	2.2							
Potentially Substantial?	No	No	No	No							

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment, MIG, March 2017, Table 12 (See Appendix B)

Therefore, the project will not expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations and a **less than significant impact** will occur directly, indirectly or cumulatively for this project.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		
Mitigation Measures				
 AQ - 1: Prior to the issuance of Occupancy Permits, tenant shall properations are electric-powered. e. Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of 				
people? 3e. Response: (Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and	Climate Cha	nao Assossmoi	nt prepared by	MIG Mara
2017)	Cumule Chu		n preparea by	
According to the CEQA Air Quality Handbook, land uses associated wastewater treatment plants, landfills, and certain industrial operation paper, etc.). While future uses have not been identified for the in SCAQMD Rule 402 governing odor emissions. Through compliance to cause objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people indirectly or cumulatively for this project.	ns (such as ma dustrial proje with SCAQM	anufacturing u ct, future uses ID Rule 402, th	ses that produ- would need to ne project is no	ce chemical comply with ot anticipate

	SUES (AND SUPPORTING FORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the project:				
	a. Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				

4a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-6 – Stephen's Kangaroo Rat (SKR) Core Reserve and Other Habitat Conservation Plans (HCP), Figure OS-7 – MSHCP Cores and Linkages, Figure OS-8 – MSHCP Cell Areas, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.4-2 – MSHCP Area Plans, Figure 5.4-4 - MSHCP Criteria Cells and Subunit Areas, Figure 5.4-6 – MSHCP Narrow Endemic Plant Species Survey Area, Figure 5.4-7 – MSHCP Criteria Area Species Survey Area, Burrowing Owl Survey prepared by VNBC Incorporated prepared October 2016, and Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional Habitats prepared by Gonzales Environmental Consulting, LLC. prepared July 23, 2016 and revised April 2017)

The vacant project site is located within an urban built-up area and is generally surrounded by existing development. General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.4-8 (Burrowing Owl Survey Area) and the MSHCP database identifies the site as potential habitat for burrowing owls, which are considered a California Species of Special Concern. A Burrowing Owl Survey conducted in June of 2016 identified no presence of burrowing owls or burrowing owl burrows. Although no burrowing owls or the presence of burrowing owl burrows were identified on-site, the project area, as identified above, has the potential habitat for burrowing owls. Therefore, the following mitigation measure has been implemented to reduce adverse effects to less than significant with mitigation incorporated.

Additionally, the project is bisected by a tributary creek which feeds into the Sycamore Canyon Creek; therefore, a jurisdiction delineation was prepared for the project site by Gonzales Environmental Consulting. The tributary creek flows from east to west along the northern portion of the project, adjacent to proposed buildings 7 and 8 (APN 263-080-017, and 263-080-027). The jurisdictional area is 1.45 acres and includes five vegetation communities within the defined jurisdictional area and include: freshwater marsh, open water/streambed/channel, Salix Alliance, Mulefat Alliance and Washingtonia Robusta Alliance. Impacts were assessed for Federal jurisdictional impacts (ACOE Jurisdictional Delineation), California Department of Fish and Wildlife jurisdictional impacts (CDFW Jurisdictional Delineation), and MSHCP Section 6.1.2 impacts (Riverine and Riparian/Vernal Pools and Fairy Shrimp Jurisdictional Delineation). Because the project has been designed to avoid the defined jurisdictional area, the Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional by Gonzales Environmental Consulting has determined that the project does not have an impact on the Jurisdictional Delineation area. Therefore, the project, as proposed will have a **less than significant** direct, indirect or cumulative adverse effect, to the existing defined Jurisdictional Delineation area.

Mitigation Measure

BIO - 1 A 30-day pre-construction survey is required to be conducted. If non-nesting burrowing owls are found onsite then they should be *passively relocated*. Once the burrowing owl has left a burrow then the burrow should be excavated carefully by hand to be sure that it is empty. This will prevent re-use during construction.

If an occupied burrowing owl burrow is found during the breeding season then *active relocation* is required utilizing the techniques provided by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Burrowing Owl Consortium. Active relocation is described in detail within Appendix D. Generally, this involves trapping all burrowing owls on-site and relocating them to artificial burrows located off-site in a protected area. This process is completed manually and requires biological monitoring of relocated owls through one breeding season to be sure that they have established themselves successfully at the relocation site.

	S (AND SUPPORTING RMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
otl reg De	ave a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or her sensitive natural community identified in local or gional plans, policies, regulations or by the California epartment of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife prvice?				
Ha Ar Su Cr Pr by De	sponse: (Source: General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-6 – Stabitat Conservation Plans (HCP), Figure OS-7 – MSHG eas, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.4-2 – MSHCP bunit Areas, Figure 5.4-6 – MSHCP Narrow Endemic iteria Area Species Survey Area, Figure 5.4-8 – MSHCP otection of Species Associated with Riparian/Riverine Ar VNBC Incorporated prepared October 2016, and D epartment of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional onsulting, LLC. prepared July 23, 2016 and revised	CP Cores and Area Plans, 1 Plant Specie Burrowing (eas and Verno Pelineation of Habitats pro	l Linkages, Fi Figure 5.4-4 - 28 Survey Are Owl Survey Ar 11 Pools, Burro 15 Waters of	igure OS-8 – MSHCP Crite a, Figure 5.4 rea, MSHCP S owing Owl Su f the United	MSHCP Cell eria Cells and -7 – MSHCP Section 6.1.2 - rvey prepared ' States and
Plan 2025 I for burrowi June of 201 of burrowir owls. There	project site is located within an urban built-up area and is FPEIR Figure 5.4-8 (Burrowing Owl Survey Area) and the ing owls, which are considered a California Species of Sp 6 identified no presence of burrowing owls or burrowing o ng owl burrows were identified on-site, the project area, as effore, the following mitigation measure has been implement incorporated.	e MSHCP data becial Concern wl burrows. A identified abc	base identifies h. A Burrowin lthough no bur ove, has the po	s the site as po g Owl Survey rowing owls o tential habitat	tential habitat conducted in or the presence for burrowing
delineation west along The jurisdi include: fro Alliance. Ir of Fish and and Riparia defined juri Habitats stu an impact of	y, the project is bisected by a tributary creek which feeds i was prepared for the project site by Gonzales Environme the northern portion of the project, adjacent to proposed b ctional area is 1.45 acres and includes five vegetation of eshwater marsh, open water/streambed/channel, Salix A npacts were assessed for Federal jurisdictional impacts (A Wildlife jurisdictional impacts (CDFW Jurisdictional De in/Vernal Pools and Fairy Shrimp Jurisdictional Delineati asdictional area, the Delineation of Waters of the United S ady for tract 36981, prepared by Gonzales Environmental of on the Jurisdictional Delineation area. Therefore, the proj cumulative adverse effect, to the existing defined Jurisdict	ental Consultir uildings 7 and communities v Alliance, Mule COE Jurisdict lineation), and on). Because tates and Depa Consulting has ect, as propos	ag. The tributa 8 (APN 263-1 within the defi- efat Alliance a ional Delineat 1 MSHCP Sect the project has artment of Fish s determined the ed will have a	ary creek flow 080-017, and 2 ined jurisdiction and Washingt tion), Californit tion 6.1.2 impose been designed and Wildlife nat the project	s from east to 263-080-027), onal area and onia Robusta ia Department acts (Riverine d to avoid the Jurisdictional does not have
Mitigation	Measure				
BIO - 1	A 30-day pre-construction survey is required to be site then they should be <i>passively relocated</i> . Once should be excavated carefully by hand to be su construction.	e the burrowin	ng owl has lef	t a burrow the	en the burrow
	If an occupied burrowing owl burrow is found duri utilizing the techniques provided by the California Consortium. Active relocation is described in deta all burrowing owls on-site and relocating them to a process is completed manually and requires biolog season to be sure that they have established themse	Department of il within Apportificial burrow gical monitorir	Fish and Wild endix D. Gene ws located off- ng of relocated	llife and the B rally, this invo site in a protec l owls through	urrowing Owl olves trapping oted area. This
we	ave a substantial adverse effect on federally protected etlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act acluding, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal,				

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption or other means?				

4c. Response: (Source: City of Riverside GIS/CADME USGS Quad Map Layer, and Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional Habitats prepared by Gonzales Environmental Consulting, LLC. prepared July 23, 2016 and revised April 2017)

The vacant project site is located within an urban built-up area and is generally surrounded by existing development. Additionally, the project is bisected by a tributary creek which feeds into the Sycamore Canyon Creek, therefore a jurisdiction delineation was prepared for the project site by Gonzales Environmental Consulting. The tributary creek flows from east to west along the northern portion of the project, adjacent to proposed buildings 7 and 8 (APN 263-080-017, and 263-080-027). The jurisdictional area is 1.45 acres and includes five vegetation communities within the defined jurisdictional area and include: freshwater marsh, open water/streambed/channel, Salix Alliance, Mulefat Alliance and Washingtonia Robusta Alliance. Impacts were assessed for Federal jurisdictional impacts (ACOE Jurisdictional Delineation), California Department of Fish and Wildlife jurisdictional impacts (CDFW Jurisdictional Delineation), and MSHCP Section 6.1.2 impacts (Riverine and Riparian/Vernal Pools and Fairy Shrimp Jurisdictional Delineation). Because the project has been designed to avoid the defined jurisdictional area, the Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional Habitats study for tract 36981, prepared by Gonzales Environmental Consulting has determined that the project does not have an impact on the Jurisdictional Delineation area. Therefore, the project, as proposed will have a **less than significant impact** direct, indirect or cumulative adverse effect, to the existing defined Jurisdictional Delineation area.

d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or	\boxtimes	
	impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		

4d. Response: (Source: MSHCP, General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-7 – MSHCP Cores and Linkage and Burrowing Owl Survey prepared by VNBC Incorporated prepared October 2016)

The proposed project is subject to the MSHCP and is consistent with the General Plan 2025. The project is consistent with General Plan 2025 Policy OS-6.1 which addresses preserving wildlife migration areas in general. A Burrowing Owl Study conducted by VNBC Incorporated in June 2016, did not discover any burrowing owls or burrowing owl burrows. However, the site has been identified by the MSHCP as a site that has the potential to contain habitat for Burrowing Owls, therefore, Mitigation Measure BIO-1 has been applied to the project, in the event burrowing owls may establish use of the site between the time of the completed survey and the start of construction. Therefore, through implementation of the General Plan 2025 policies and implementation of BIO-1, the project will have a **less than significant impact** directly, indirectly and cumulatively for impacts to the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or the establishment of native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites.

Mitigation Measure

BIO - 1 A 30-day pre-construction survey is required to be constructed. If non-nesting burrowing owls are found on-site then they should be *passively relocated*. Once the burrowing owl has left a burrow then the burrow should be excavated carefully by hand to be sure that it is empty. This will prevent re-use during construction.

If an occupied burrowing owl burrow is found during the breeding season then *active relocation* is required utilizing the techniques provided by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Burrowing Owl Consortium. Active relocation is described in detail within Appendix D. Generally, this involves trapping all burrowing owls on-site and relocating them to artificial burrows located off-site in a protected area. This process is completed manually and requires biological monitoring of relocated owls through one breeding season to be sure that they have established themselves successfully at the relocation site.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
e. Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
4e. Response: (Source: MSHCP, Title 16 Section 16.72.040 Mitigation Fee, Title 16 Section 16.40.040 – Establishing Riverside Urban Forest Tree Policy Manual)				
Implementation of the proposed Project is subject to all applicable F to the protection of biological resources and tree preservation. In ad Municipal Code Section 16.72.040 establishing the MSHCP mi Threatened and Endangered Species Fees.	dition, the pro	ject is require	d to comply w	ith Riverside
Any project within the City of Riverside's boundaries that proposes follow the Urban Forest Tree Policy Manual. The Manual document removal of all trees in City rights-of-way, with specifications based International Society of Arboriculture, the National Arborists Associ	s guidelines for d on national s	or the planting, standards for t	, pruning, pres ree care estab	ervation, and lished by the
In addition, the General Plan 2025 includes policies to ensure that policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, including tree (parkway canopy trees) and LU-27.4 (private property trees, enhanc against these policies and found to be in compliance with the policies within the jurisdictional waters area and will not be disturbed due to c will have a less than significant impact directly, indirectly and c biological resources and tree preservation.	preservation p ement of urban In addition, the construction of	olicies and sp n forest). This rees currently of the project. Fo	ecifically polic s project has be exist on-site, b or these reasor	een reviewed ut are located us, the project
f. Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				
4f. Response: (Source: MSHCP, General Plan 2025 – Figure and Other Habitat Conservation Plans (HCP), Stephens' Ka Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan and Natural Co Habitat Conservation Plan, Burrowing Owl Survey pro Delineation of Waters of the United States and Depart prepared by Gonzales Environmental Consulting, LLC	ingaroo Rat H ommunity Con epared by VH tment of Fish	labitat Conser Iservation Pla IBC, Incorpor In and Wildlif	vation Plan, L n, and El Sobr ated in Octor e Jurisdictio	ake Mathews cante Landfill ber 2016 and nal Habitats
The project site is located within the Western Riverside County MSI project, requires that the project comply with the Western Riverside the collection of development mitigation fees, policies for the review and policies for the protection of riparian areas, vernal pools, and n perform plant, bird, reptile, and mammal surveys in certain areas. T conservation of a range of plants and animals and in return, provide Western Riverside County to avoid the cost and delays of mitigating b allow the incidental take (for development purposes) of species and the	County MSH v of projects i arrow endemic he primary in e take coverag iological impa	CP. The MSH n areas where c plants. It als tent of the MS e and mitigations tets on a project	CP includes a habitat must o includes req SHCP is to pr on for project ct-by-project b	program for be conserved uirements to ovide for the s throughout
The MSHCP identifies that the project area is located in a burrowing conducted to assess potential habitat and to ensure that no burrowing occur on the project site. The biological field surveys conducted burrowing owl burrows. However, the site has been identified as a sit Owls, therefore, Mitigation Measure BIO-1 has been applied to the p	g owl or narro in June 2016 te that has the	w endemic pla did not disco potential to co	int species hav ver any burro ontain habitat f	ve potential to wing owls or for Burrowing

the site between the time that the survey was completed and the start of construction.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

The vacant project site is located within an urban built-up area and is generally surrounded by existing development. Additionally, the project is bisected by a tributary creek which feeds into the Sycamore Canyon Creek, therefore a jurisdiction delineation was prepared for the project site by Gonzales Environmental Consulting. The tributary creek flows from east to west along the northern portion of the project, adjacent to proposed buildings 7 and 8 (APN 263-080-017, and 263-080-027). The jurisdictional area is 1.45 acres and includes five vegetation communities within the defined jurisdictional area and include: freshwater marsh, open water/streambed/channel, Salix Alliance, Mulefat Alliance and Washingtonia Robusta Alliance. Impacts were assessed for Federal jurisdictional impacts (ACOE Jurisdictional Delineation), California Department of Fish and Wildlife jurisdictional impacts (CDFW Jurisdictional Delineation), and MSHCP Section 6.1.2 impacts (Riverine and Riparian/Vernal Pools and Fairy Shrimp Jurisdictional Delineation). Because the project has been designed to avoid the defined jurisdictional area, the Delineation of Waters of the United States and Department of Fish and Wildlife Jurisdictional by Gonzales Environmental Consulting has determined that the project does not have an impact on the Jurisdictional Delineation area. Therefore, the project, as proposed will have a less than significant impact direct, indirect or cumulative adverse effect, to the existing defined Jurisdictional Delineation area.

With the implementation of MM BIO-1, the project will not conflict with the provisions of the MSHCP or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, the project will have a less than significant impact with mitigation incorporated.

Mitigation Measure

BIO - 1 A 30-day pre-construction survey is required to be completed. If non-nesting burrowing owls are found onsite then they should be *passively relocated*. Once the burrowing owl has left a burrow then the burrow should be excavated carefully by hand to be sure that it is empty. This will prevent re-use during construction.

If an occupied burrowing owl burrow is found during the breeding season then *active relocation* is required utilizing the techniques provided by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Burrowing Owl Consortium. Active relocation is described in detail within Appendix D. Generally, this involves trapping all burrowing owls on-site and relocating them to artificial burrows located off-site in a protected area. This process is completed manually and requires biological monitoring of relocated owls through one breeding season to be sure that they have established themselves successfully at the relocation site.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	
5. CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project:				
a. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in § 15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines?			\square	
5a. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.5-A Histor Appendix D, Title 20 of the Riverside Municipal Code, a Survey prepared by CRM Tech, July 2016)		0		
A Phase 1 Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey was prepared that the site has previously been developed multi times with a road da - 1960's era and a rail line servicing the ATSF Railway (Site 33-015 features have been dismantled or removed. No on-site resources or CEQA's definition of a historic resource. Therefore, a less than sign historical resources are expected.	ting back to th 743/33-01665 potential his	ne 1890's, seve 5). The report toric resources	ral buildings f found that the s were identifi	rom the 1930 above noted ed that meet
b. Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5 of the CEQA Guidelines?			\boxtimes	
5b. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.5-1 - Arch Cultural Resources Sensitivity, Phase 1 Historical/Arch Tech, July 2016)				
The results of the Phase 1 Historical/Archaeological Resources Surecords search, Sacred Lands File (SLF) search, and site visit indica near the project area. Given the past disturbances to the project a demolition of several buildings from the 1930 - 1960's era, in additions site, the archaeological sensitivity of the project area is low. There resources are anticipated and no mitigation measures are required.	te that there a rea from the on to the ATS	are no archaeo construction, F Railway that	logical resourd operation, and t once occupie	ces within or d subsequent ed the project
c. Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		\square		

5c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Policy HP-1.3; GP 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.5-2 – Prehistoric Cultural Resources Sensitivity)

Activities including construction-related and earth-disturbing actions, could damage or destroy fossils in rock units. As with archaeological resources, paleontological resources are generally considered to be historical resources, as defined in CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5(a)(3)(D). Consequently, damage or destruction to these resources could cause a significant impact.

According to the General Plan 2025 FPEIR, the project site is located in an area with low prehistoric cultural resource sensitivity. General Plan Policy HP-1.3 states that the City shall protect sites of archaeological and paleontological significance and ensure compliance with the Federal Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act in its planning and project review process. In the event that paleontological materials are uncovered, the following mitigation measure is incorporated to ensure that uncovered resources are evaluated, left in place if possible, or curated as recommended by a qualified paleontologist. Impacts to paleontological resources will be **less than significant with mitigation incorporated**:

Mitigation Measures:

CR-2: Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At least 30-days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities on the site take place, the

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation	Impact	pure
 Project Applicant shall retain a Secretary of Intericall ground-disturbing activities in an effort to ident 1. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation develop an Archaeological Monitoring Pl archaeological and cultural activities that include: a. Project grading and development b. The development of a rotating or and the Project Archeologist for consulting tribes during grading, including the scheduling, safety r Tribal Monitors' authority to sto Project archaeologists; c. The protocols and stipula archaeologist/paleontologist will discoveries, including any newly paleontological resources that sh d. Treatment and final disposition or and human remains if discovered e. The scheduling and timing of the MM-CUL-4. 	ify any unknown with interested an to address to will occur on t scheduling; simultaneous and designated N excavation are equirements, d p and redirect tions that I follow in the discovered cu all be subject to f any cultural and on the project	wn archaeolog ed tribes, the D the details, tim the project sit schedule in coo ative America nd ground disti- luties, scope of grading activi the Applica e event of ina altural resource to a cultural re- and paleontolo t site;	ical resources. Developer and ing and respon- te. Details in ordination with n Tribal Mon- urbing activitie work, and Na- ties in coordir advertent culture deposits, or sources evalua gical resources	the City, sha nsibility of a the Plan sha n the applican itors from th es on the site tive America hation with a and project iral resource nonrenewabl tion; s, sacred site
d. Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				

5d. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.5-1 - Archaeological Sensitivity and Figure 5.5-2 - Prehistoric Cultural Resources Sensitivity)

No formal cemeteries are located in or near the project area. Most Native American human remains are found in association with prehistoric archaeological sites. No prehistoric archaeological sites have been recorded within or near the project site. Given the extent of disturbances from the construction, operation, and subsequent demolition of several buildings from the 1930 - 1960's era, in addition to the ATSF Railway that once occupied the project site, it is unlikely that ground-disturbing activities associated with the construction of the proposed warehouse buildings would exceed depths of previous disturbance. Therefore, the proposed Project has little potential to disturb human remains.

Impacts to unknown resources would be less than significant with the implementation of Mitigation Measures CR-1 through 4.

Mitigation Measure

- **CR-1** Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any changes to project site design and/or proposed grades, the Applicant and the City shall contact interested tribes to provide an electronic copy of the revised plans for review. Additional consultation shall occur between the City, Applicant, and interested tribes to discuss any proposed changes and review any new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the cultural resources on the project site. The City and the Applicant shall make all attempts to avoid and/or preserve in place as many cultural and paleontological resources as possible that are located on the project site if the site design and/or proposed grades should be revised.
- CR-2 Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At least 30-days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities on the site take place, the Project Applicant shall retain a Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to monitor all ground-disturbing activities in an effort to identify any unknown archaeological resources.
 2. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with interested tribes, the Developer and the City, shall
 - The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with interested tribes, the Developer and the City, shall develop an Archaeological Monitoring Plan to address the details, timing and responsibility of all

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):			Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
		arch	aeological and cultural activities that	will occur on	_	te. Details in	the Plan sha
			 a. Project grading and development b. The development of a rotating or and the Project Archeologist for consulting tribes during grading, including the scheduling, safety re Tribal Monitors' authority to sto Project archaeologists; c. The protocols and stipular archaeologist/paleontologist will discoveries, including any newly paleontological resources that she d. Treatment and final disposition o and human remains if discovered e. The scheduling and timing of the MM-CUL-4. 	simultaneous designated N excavation ar equirements, d p and redirect tions that follow in the discovered cu all be subject t f any cultural a on the projec	ative America ad ground dist luties, scope of grading activit the Applica e event of ina ultural resourc to a cultural re- and paleontolo t site;	n Tribal Mon- urbing activitie `work, and Nat ties in coordir nt, tribes advertent cultu e deposits, or : sources evalua gical resources	itors from the es on the site tive America nation with a and project and project ral resource nonrenewabl tion; s, sacred sites
CR-3	are inac be carri	lverter ed ou	nd Disposition of Cultural Resource ntly discovered during the course of g t for treatment and disposition of the c	rading for this liscoveries:	Project. The f	ollowing proc	edures will
	1.	shal The	porary Curation and Storage: Dur l be temporarily curated in a secure loc removal of any artifacts from the proj- itor oversite of the process; and	cation onsite of	r at the offices	of the project	archaeologis
	2.	reso rema relin	atment and Final Disposition: The urces, including sacred items, burial ains as part of the required mitigation equish the artifacts through one or merside Community and Economic Dev	goods, and al n for impacts hore of the fo	1 archaeologic to cultural res llowing metho	cal artifacts an sources. The a ods and provide	d non-huma pplicant sha le the City o
			Accommodate the process for onsite Native American tribes or bands. The future reburial area from any future in basic recordation have been complete	is shall incluc npacts. Reburi	le measures a	nd provisions	to protect th
			A curation agreement with an appropriet meets federal standards per 36 CFR P made available to other archaeolog associated records shall be transferred Riverside County, to be accompanied	art 79 and then ists/researcher , including titl	refore would b s for further e, to an approp	e professional study. The co priate curation	ly curated an ollections an facility with
			For purposes of conflict resolution, if with the project and cannot come to they shall be curated at the Western default; and.	an agreement	as to the dispo	osition of cultu	iral material
			At the completion of grading, excava IV Monitoring Report shall be sub conducted by the project Archaeol completion of grading. This report sh property; describe how each mitigation	mitted to the ogist and Nata all document	City docume tive Tribal M the impacts to	nting monitor onitors withir the known res	ring activitient of the activiti

Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
ix, include th will be subness: averside certin the develop sonnel. This s ocols that app averseived to	sources; provi staff held dur de daily/weekly nitted to the fied Archaeol ber/permit hold shall include the find the event this training ca	de evidence o ing the requir y monitoring n City of River ogist and Nat der's contracto he procedures t that unanticipa an conduct cor	red pre-grade otes from the side, Eastern ive American ors to provide o be followed ated resources astruction and
i v s o v	Impact n of such re- onstruction = ix, include th will be subr s: verside certi the develop onnel. This s ocols that app ve received	Impact With Mitigation Incorporated n of such resources; provionstruction staff held dur (x, include the daily/weekly) will be submitted to the s: verside certified Archaeol the developer/permit hold connel. This shall include the pools that apply in the event ve received this training car	Impact With Mitigation Incorporated Impact n of such resources; provide evidence or onstruction staff held during the requir ix, include the daily/weekly monitoring n will be submitted to the City of River

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
6. GEOLOGY AND SOILS. Would the project:				
a. Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
 Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42. 				
6i. Response: <i>(Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-1 - Geotechnical Engineering Investigation prepared by N</i>				2025 FPEIR,
Seismic activity is to be expected in Southern California. In the Cit project site does not contain any known fault lines and the potential with the California Building Code regulations will ensure that no imp indirectly and cumulatively.	for fault ruptu	re or seismic s	haking is low.	Compliance
ii. Strong seismic ground shaking?			\square	
Just like most of southern California, in the event of an earthquake st site. As stated in the Geotechnical Engineering Investigation prepare potentially active faults trending toward or through the site. The pro Special Studies Zone and the potential for damage due to direct faul in an area of high regional seismicity and the San Jacinto fault shaking originating from earthquakes along other active faults accelerations due to smaller anticipated earthquakes and/or greater design and construction would comply with current building codes ar or death resulting from strong ground-shaking. Impacts would be less	d by Norcal E posed develop it rupture is co is located ab in the region distances to o nd standards w	ngineering, Th pment lies ou onsidered very out 10 kilome is expected ther faults. As which would re	tside of any A remote. The eters from the to induce low previously de	own active or Alquist Priolo site is located site. Ground ver horizontal escribed in 6i,
iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			\square	
 6iii. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-1 Zones, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure PS-3 – S Engineering Investigation prepared by Norcal Engineer The project site is located in an area with a low risk of liquefaction p A preliminary soils report has been prepared to determine the soil p proposed development. Incorporation of the recommended design me for compliance with the California Building Code regulations will failure, including liquefaction, are reduced to less than significant in 	<i>toils with Higering May 201</i> er the GP 202: properties and asures of the g ensure that in	 th Shrink-Swa 5 Liquefaction specific poten eotechnical stu mpacts related 	ell Potential, Zones Map – tial for liquefa udy/preliminar to seismic-re	Geotechnical Figure PS-2. action for the ry soils report clated ground
iv. Landslides?				
6iv. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure Engineering Investigation prepared by Norcal Enginee Grading Code) The project site and its surroundings have generally flat topography	ering May 201	6, Title 18 – S	Subdivision Co	ode, Title 17 –

The project site and its surroundings have generally flat topography and are not located in an area prone to landslides per Figure 5.6-1 of the General Plan 2025 Program Final PEIR. Therefore, there will be **no impact** related to landslides directly, indirectly and cumulatively.

	JES (AND SUPPORTING ORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
h	Pacult in substantial soil argsion or the lass of tansail?				
	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil? Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.				
Erosion implem constru regulat Gradin State an	<i>Soils, Table 5.6-B – Soil Types, Title 18 – Subdivision Code</i> n and loss of topsoil could occur as a result of the project. Stat nentation of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SW action activities. The project must also comply with the Nation tions. In addition, with the erosion control standards for whice ag Code (Title 17) also requires the implementation of measur and Federal requirements as well as with Titles 18 and 17 will ignificant impact directly, indirectly and cumulatively.	<i>e, Title 17 – G</i> te and Federal (PPP) establis onal Pollutant h all developm es designed to	rading Code, a requirements hing erosion Discharge Elin nent activity n minimize soi	and SWPPP) call for the pro- and sediment mination System nust comply (l erosion. Con	eparation and controls for em (NPDES) Title 18), the npliance with
c.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
require policies to less	General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure PS-3 – Soils with High S by Steep Slope, Figure 5.6-4 – Soils, Table 5.6-B – Soil Ty by Norcal Engineering May 2016) eneral topography of the subject has an average 9.5% slope. T ed to be in compliance with the California Building Code and es contained in the General Plan 2025 ensure that impacts relat than significant impact level, directly, indirectly and cumular	pes, Geotechr The proposed P the City's Mu ted to geologi tively.	nical Engineer Project's engine Inicipal Code,	ring Investiga eering and cor Title 17 (Gra	<i>tion prepared</i> nstruction are ding) and the e, are reduced
d.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
The pro	. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.6- Figure 5.6-5 – Soils with High Shrink-Swell Potential, Appe Code as adopted by the City of Riverside and set out in Title Engineering Investigation prepared by Norcal Engineering oject is located on a site that does not have expansive soils an uulatively.	endix E – Geot 16 of the Rive May 2016)	echnical Repo erside Municiț	ort, and Califo pal Code, and	rnia Building Geotechnical
e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
6e.	Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.6 Report prepared by John R. Byerly, Incorporated in Octobe		ble 5.6-B – So	il Types, and	Percolation
The pro	oposed project will be served by sewer infrastructure. Therefo	re, the project	will have no i	impact.	

7. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. Would the project:		
a. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?		

7a. Response: (Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG in March 2017)

A numerical threshold for determining the significance of greenhouse gas emissions in the South Coast Air Basin (Basin) has not been established by the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD). As an interim threshold based on guidance provided in the CAPCOA *CEQA and Climate Change* handbook, a non-zero threshold approach based on Approach 2 of the handbook has been used. Threshold 2.5 (Unit-Based Thresholds Based on Market Capture) establishes a numerical threshold based on capture of approximately 90 percent of emissions from future development. The latest threshold developed by SCAQMD using this method is 10,000 metric tons carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO₂e) per year for industrial projects. This threshold is based on the review of 711 CEQA projects. This threshold will be utilized herein to determine if emissions of greenhouse gases from this project will be significant.

The proposed warehouse use will include activities that emit greenhouse gas emissions over the short- and long-term. While one project could not be said to cause global climate change, individual projects contribute cumulatively to greenhouse gas emissions that result in climate change. A greenhouse gas emissions inventory was prepared for the project using SCAQMD's interim threshold of 10,000 MTCO2E and is analyzed below.

Short Term Emissions

The project will result in short-term greenhouse gas emissions from construction and installation activities associated with construction of the proposed warehouses. Greenhouse gas emissions will be released by equipment used for grading, paving, and building construction activities. GHG emissions will also result from worker and vendor trips to and from the project site. The Construction Greenhouse Gas Emissions table, below, summarizes the estimated yearly emissions from construction activities. Carbon dioxide emissions from construction equipment and worker/vendor trips were estimated utilizing the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod) version 2013.2.2. Construction activities are short-term and cease to emit greenhouse gases upon completion, unlike operational emissions that are continuous year after year until operation of the use ceases. Because of this difference, SCAQMD recommends in its draft threshold to amortize construction emissions over a 30-year operational lifetime. This normalizes construction emissions so that they can be grouped with operational emissions in order to generate a precise project GHG inventory. Amortized construction emissions are included in the Construction Green House Gas Emissions Table, below.

CONSTRUCTION GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS								
Construction Year		GHG Emissions (MT/YR)						
	CO_2	CH ₄	N ₂ O	TOTAL*				
2017	476.80	0.07	0.00	478.30				
2018	553.19	0.07	0.00	554.68				
AMORTIZED	34.33	0.00	0.00	34.43				
TOTAL^								

*MTCOE

Note: Slight variations may occur due to rounding and variations in modeling software.

^Amortized over 30-years

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG, March 2017

Long Term Emissions

Warehousing and distribution activities will result in continuous greenhouse gas emissions from mobile and operational sources. Mobile sources including vehicle trips to and from the project site will result primarily in emissions of CO2 with minor emissions of CH4 and N2O. The most significant GHG emission from natural gas usage will be methane. Electricity usage by the warehouses and indirect usage of electricity for water and wastewater conveyance will result primarily in emissions of carbon dioxide. Disposal of solid waste will result in emissions of methane from the decomposition of waste at landfills coupled with CO2 emission from the handling and transport of solid waste. These sources combine to define the long-term greenhouse gas emissions for the build-out of the proposed project.

To determine long-term emissions, CalEEMod was used. The methodology utilized for each emissions source is based on the CAPCOA *Quantifying Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Measures* handbook. A summary of the project's net long-term greenhouse gas emissions is included in the Operational Greenhouse Gas Emissions table, below. Emissions are presented as metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (MTCO2E) meaning that all emissions have been weighted based on their Global Warming Potential (GWP) (a metric ton is equal to 1.102 US short tons).

OPERATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS						
Source		GHG Emissio	ons (MT/YR)			
	N ₂ O	TOTAL*				
Area	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01		
Energy	601.35	0.03	0.01	603.78		
Mobile	1,473.29	0.05	0.00	1,474.41		
Solid Waste	42.78	2.53	0.00	95.86		
Water/Wastewater	163.01	1.29	0.03	199.84		
Total	2,280.43	3.90	0.04	2,373.90		

*MTCO2E/YR

Note: Slight variations may occur due to rounding.

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG, March 2017

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS INVENTORY								
Source		GHG Emissions (MT/YR)						
	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	TOTAL*				
Construction^	34.33	0.00	0.00	34.33				
Operation	2,280.43	3.90	0.04	2,373.90				
			τοτλι	2 108 33				

*MTCOE

Note: Slight variations may occur due to rounding and variations in modeling software.

^Construction impacts amortized over 30-years

Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG, March 2017

The Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory table summarizes the yearly estimated greenhouse gas emissions from construction and operational sources. The total yearly carbon dioxide equivalent emissions for the proposed project are estimated at 2,408.33 MTCO2E. This does not exceed the SCAQMD threshold of 10,000 MTCO2E per year. Therefore, the project will have a less than significant impact on GHG emissions directly, indirectly and cumulatively.

b. Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions o greenhouse gases?			\square	
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7b. Response: (Source: Sycamore Crossings Air Quality and Climate Change Assessment prepared by MIG in March 2017; Riverside Restorative Growthprint Climate Action Plan)

The SCAQMD supports State, Federal and international policies to reduce levels of ozone depleting gases through its Global Warming Policy and rules and has established an interim Greenhouse Gas (GhG) threshold. The project will comply with the City's General Plan policies and State Building Code provisions designed to reduce GhG emissions. As a user of electricity generated and sourced by Riverside Public Utilities, it is likely that the project's GHG emissions deriving from energy use will decline over the life of the project as RPU pursues its Renewable Portfolio Standard of 33% retail electricity sales from renewable sources by 2020 (RRG-CAP Reduction Measure SR-1).

In addition, the project would comply with all SCAQMD applicable rules and regulations during construction the construction phase and, as demonstrated in the GHG Analysis, will not interfere with the State's goals of reducing GhG emission to 1990 levels by the year 2020 as stated in AB 32 and an 80 percent reduction in GhG emissions below 1990 levels by 2050 as stated in Executive Order S-3-05. Based upon the prepared Climate Change Analysis for this project and the discussion above, the project will not conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation related to the reduction in the emissions of GhG and thus a **less than significant impact** will occur directly, indirectly and cumulatively in this regard.

	SUES (AND SUPPORTING FORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Would the project:				
	a. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			\boxtimes	
8	Sa. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Electronic Code, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Califor 2002 and Riverside Operational Area – Multi-Jurisdictiona	rnia Building	Code, Rivers	ide Fire Depa	rtment EOP,
spec prop wast perm Safe with Wide fluid inclu dispo healt	proposed project does not directly involve the transport, use, or oulative light industrial development, and no specific land uses osed project will not necessarily, but may, engage in the routines. If hazardous materials are proposed on site in the future, the hitting and inspection by the Hazardous Materials Division of the ty Element also specifies a number of policies regarding the safe h which the project will comply (GP 2025 Policies PS-3.1 through ely used hazardous materials common at any warehouse land use s, and pesticides. The remnants of these and other products are or ides used motor oil, dead batteries, electronic wastes, and other posed of at local landfills. Use of common household hazardous mathrisk to the community. Impacts associated with the routine transport of specificant.	are contemp e transport, us hey will be su e City Fire De- handling, trans 3.5). include paints lisposed of as wastes that a aterials and th	lated at this ti se, or disposal ibject to state partment. The sport and dispo- s and other sol- household ha re prohibited of eir disposal do	ime. Future te of hazardous and federal re General Plan osal of hazardo vents, cleaners zardous waste or discourageo oes not present	enants of the materials or egulation for 2025 Public bus materials, s, automobile (HHW) that d from being a substantial
	b. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
1	8b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety Ele Health and Safety Code, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Reg EOP, 2002 and Riverside Operational Area – Multi-Jurisa Phase 2 Soil Sampling Report prepared by The Reynolds G	ulations, Cali lictional LHN	fornia Buildii AP, 2004 Pari	ng Code, City	of Riverside's
over cond exist and t for b it wa and 1	hase 2 Soil Sampling report has been prepared for the Site by the the years there is a potential that hazardous material may not have bucted to identify any impacts associated with the previous uses ence of undocumented soil stockpiles and residual materials; 2) the application of arsenic and herbicides; 3) Potential existence of uried cement asbestos pipes and other debris along the northern p is determined that chemicals associated with the potential hazard residual materials; 2) potential aerial impacts associated with diese otential existence of lead associated with lead based paints, were	ve been remed and operatio potential aeri lead associate ortion of the p ous materials el exhaust and found to be o	liated. Soil sa ns onsite inclu al impacts asso d with lead bas roperty. Base for the: 1) un- the applicatio either low or n	mpling of the ding the follo ociated with d sed paints,; and d on site soil s documented so n of arsenic an ormal and the	property was owing: 1) the iesel exhaust d 4) potential ampling tests oil stockpiles id herbicides; refore would

not have a potentially significant impact. However, the soil sampling determined that there may be a potentially significant impact associated with the potential existence of cement asbestos pipe and other buried debris located within the northern portion of the project site. Therefore, Mitigation measure HAZ-1 has been included to require the preparation of a Soils Management Plan for the Project site. As such, impacts associated with the upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment would be a less than significant impact with mitigation incorporated.

Mitigation Measure

HAZ-1: A Soils Management Plan shall be prepared for the project site prior to the issuance of grading permits that addresses the potential discovery of contamination such as, but not limited to, the presence of underground facilities, buried

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact				
debris, waste drums, tanks, asbestos containing materials, and stained or odorous soil. The Plan will detail the removal and disposal of the hazardous material. Once the hazardous material is removed, a final report will be submitted to the City indicating that the site no longer contains hazardous material.								
c. Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?								
8c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Public Safety and Education Elements, GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.7-D - CalARP RMP Facilities in the Project Area, Figure 5.13-3 AUSD Boundaries, Table 5.13-E AUSD Schools, Figure 5.13-4 – Other School District Boundaries, California Health and Safety Code, Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, California Building Code)								
The project site is not located within a one-quarter mile of a school. The nearest school Edgemont Elementary School is located approximately 0.50 miles north of the project site. Therefore, there will be no direct, indirect or cumulative impacts associated with the emitting of hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school.								
d. Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?								
 8d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-5 – Hazardous Waste Sites, GP 2025 FPEIR Tables 5.7-A – CERCLIS Facility Information, Figure 5.7-B – Regulated Facilities in TRI Information, 5.7-C – DTSC EnviroStor Database Listed Sites, and Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment prepared by Leighton Consulting Inc., May 2016) A review of hazardous materials site lists compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 found that the project site is not included on any such lists. Therefore, the project would have no impact to creating any significant hazard to the public or environment directly, indirectly or cumulatively. 								
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?								
8e. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-6 – Airport Safety Zones and Influence Areas, and March Air Reserve Base / Inland Port Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan)								
The proposed project is located within Zone B1 and Accident Potential Zone II of RCALUCP for March ARB. The project was reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) to ensure that the project is consistent with the compatibility zone as well as in compliance with the land use standards in the RCALUP. March ARB commented as Part of RCALUC review process on the proposed project design. Modifications to the plans were made by the applicant to ensure consistency with the MARB/IPA Land Use Compatibility Plan prior to ALUC making the determination of Project consistency. Because the project has been found to be consistent with the RCALUCP by the ALUC, impacts related to hazards from airports are less than significant impacts directly, indirectly and cumulatively.								
f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?								
8f. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-6 – Airport Safety Zones and Influence Areas)								

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Because the proposed project is not located within proximity of a priv project will not expose people residing or working in the City to excer have no impact directly, indirectly or cumulatively.				
g. Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
8g. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Chapter 7.5.7 – Haza EOP, 2002 and Riverside Operational Area – Multi-Jurisdi Plan)				
The project will be served by existing, fully improved streets (Cottonwood Avenue) as well as a network of on-site driveways and f the Public Works and Fire Departments' specifications. As part of the be necessary. Any street closing will be of short duration so as not a evacuation plan. Therefore, the project will have a less than signific emergency response or evacuation plan.	ire access land e project's cor to interfere or	es. All streets l instruction, a te impede with a	nave been desi mporary street any emergency	gned to meet closing may response or
h. Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				\boxtimes
8h. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-7 – Fire Riverside's EOP, 2002, Riverside Operational Area – Multi Strategic Plan)				
The proposed project is located in an urbanized area where no wildla High Fire Severity Zone (VHFSZ) or adjacent to wildland areas or a either directly, indirectly or cumulatively from this project will occur	VHFSZ; ther			

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
9. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY. Would the project:				
a. Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes	

9a. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.8-A – Beneficial Uses Receiving Water and Approved Project-Specific Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Tory R. Walker Engineering, Inc., April 2017)

The Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) administers the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit in the region. The City is required to implement all pertinent regulations of the program to control pollution discharges from new development. These regulations reduce NPS pollutant loading through the implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) and other control measures that minimize or eliminate pollutants from urban runoff, thereby protecting downstream water resources. BMPs implemented to address commercial pollutant sources generally involve maintenance of storm drain facilities, parking lots, vegetated areas, and educational programs. Violations of water quality regulations. The proposed project would not interfere with the implementation of NPDES water quality regulations and standards.

The proposed project would disturb approximately 10.5 gross acres of land and therefore will be subject to National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit requirements during construction activities in addition to standard NPDES operational requirements. The proposed project will require submittal to the local reviewing agency, the Santa Ana RWQCB, a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that will include BMPs protects water quality during construction activities. The City will require BMPs as listed in the California Stormwater Quality Association's California Storm Water Best Management Practice Handbooks. These measures, which include owner education, activity restrictions, parking lot sweeping, basin inspection, landscaping, roof runoff controls, efficient irrigation, slope and channel protection, storm drain signage, and trash storage areas, will reduce pollutants in storm water runoff and reduce non-storm water discharges to the City's storm water drainage through controlling the discharge of pollutants. Operational BMPs will be identified in a Stormwater Runoff Management Plan that will be submitted to the City for review and approval. Impacts related to violation of water quality standards will be **less than significant** with implementation of these existing regulations.

b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere		\square
	substantially with groundwater recharge such that there		
	would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the		
	local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of		
	pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would		
	not support existing land uses or planned uses for which		
	permits have been granted)?		

9b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Table PF-3 – Western Municipal Water District Projected Domestic Water Supply (AC-FT/YR), RPU Map of Water Supply Basins, RPU Urban Water Management Plan, WMWD Urban Water Management Plan.)

The proposed project is located within the Riverside South Water Supply Basin. The project is required to connect to the City's sewer system and comply with all NPDES and WQMP requirements that will ensure the proposed project will not substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level. Therefore, there will be **no impact** to groundwater supplies and recharge either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

c.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

9c. Response: (Source: Preliminary grading plan, and Project Specific Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Tory R. Walker Engineering, Inc., April 11, 2017)

The proposed Project requires grading of the project site which would affect the drainage patterns of the site. However, the site's drainage plan would be designed by a registered civil engineer to safely retain, detain, and/or convey stormwater runoff. Drainage patterns would remain similar to existing conditions.

A Jurisdictional Drainage Feature crosses the project site south of Buildings 7 and 8. As proposed the project has been designed to avoid the Jurisdictional Drainage Feature and therefore will not alter a stream or river that would result in substantial erosion or siltation.

Furthermore, the project is subject to NPDES requirements; areas of one acre or more of disturbance are subject to preparing and implementing a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the prevention of runoff during construction. Further, existing drainage patterns on the project site, which has been designed with minimal grading, flows from east to west; proposed drainage patters after construction of the project mimic the pre-development conditions. Erosion, siltation and other possible pollutants associated with long-term implementation of projects are addressed as part of the Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP) and grading permit process. Proposed on-site low impact development (LID) principles include the implementation of BMPs including landscaping and an infiltration basin. The Project-Specific Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan (PWQMP) (See Appendix F) identifies proposed drainage management areas and the effectiveness of proposed BMPs.

According to the PWQMP, the design capture volume required to capture on-site runoff is 16,795.4 cubic feet, for a design storm depth of 0.62 inches. The proposed infiltration basins will capture approximately 18,121.1 cubic feet of runoff and infiltrate at a rate of less than 1 inch per hour. According to the WQMP, proposed LID BMPs fully address all drainage management areas and no alternative compliance measures are required for the proposed project. The design of the proposed project will not substantially alter drainage patterns in the area to the extent that substantial on- or off-site erosion or siltation will occur.

d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or		\bowtie	
	area, including through the alteration of the course of a			
	stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount			
	of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding			
	on- or off-site?			

9d. Response: (Source: Preliminary grading plan, and Project Specific Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Tory R. Walker Engineering, Inc., April 11, 2017)

The proposed Project would require grading of the project site which would affect the drainage patterns of the site. However, drainage patterns would remain similar to existing conditions. Furthermore, there will be no modification to the existing jurisdictional drainage featuire. The project site's drainage plan would be designed by a registered civil engineer to safely retain, detain, and/or convey stormwater runoff preventing flooding on- or off-site. **Impacts would be less than significant**.

e.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the		\boxtimes	
	capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems	 		
	or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			

9e. Response: (Source: Preliminary Grading Plan, and Project Specific Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan prepared by Tory R. Walker Engineering, Inc., April 11, 2017)

The proposed development will increase the amount of impervious surface area in the City. This impervious area includes paved parking areas, sidewalks, roadways, and building rooftops; all sources of runoff that may carry pollutants and therefore has the potential to degrade water quality. This development has been required to prepare and implement a WQMP. Preliminary BMP's, in compliance with the WQMP, have been approved by Public Works. Expected stormwater pollutants

	UES (AND SUPPORTING ORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project s proposed amount mitigate project v provide	treated through the incorporation of the site design, source c specific WQMP. As was previously detailed in Response 9c, d infiltration basins and infiltrate into the soil. The proposed of polluted runoff that would be conveyed into the ground d through the project site design, source control, and treatmer will not create or contribute runoff water exceeding capacity substantial additional sources of polluted runoff and there wi latively.	project-related water quality water. There at controls alre of existing or	l stormwater f y function of t efore, as the e ady integrated planned storn	lows will be d the basin woul expected pollu into the proje- nwater drainag	irected to the d reduce the tants will be ct design, the ge systems or
f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			\square	
The proj	Response: (Source: Project Specific Preliminary Water Q Engineering, Inc., April 11, 2017) ject is over one are in size and is required to have coverage und P). As stated in the Permit, during and after construction, best	er the State's (General Permit	for Constructi	on Activities
reduce/e develop	eliminate adverse water quality impacts resulting from deve ment does not cause adverse water quality impacts, pursuant the project's WQMP.	lopment. Fu	thermore, the	City has ens	ured that the
paved pa has the p reviewed requiren the proj	posed development will increase the amount of impervious s arking areas, sidewalks, roadways, and building rooftops; all s potential to degrade water quality. This development has been d and approved by Public Works. Final BMP's will be require nent is to insure treatment BMP's are installed/constructed ar ect will be treated in perpetuity. Therefore, impacts related indirectly and cumulatively.	ources of runc n required to p ed prior to gra s part of the p	off that may ca repare prelimi ding permit is roject so that	rry pollutants nary BMP's th suance. The pu the pollutants	and therefore that have been prose of this generated by
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				\boxtimes
This pro	Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-4 – Flo 06065C-0745G) bject does not involve the construction of housing. There will latively as it will not place housing within a 100-year flood h	be no impact			-
	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes
9h.	Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-4 – Flo 06065C-0745G)	od Hazard Ar	eas, and FEM	IA Flood Hazi	urd Maps
Figure Date A	oject site is not located within or near a 100-year flood hazard 5.8-2 – Flood Hazard Areas and the National Flood Insuran ugust 28, 2008). Therefore, the project will not place a strue or redirect flood flows and no impact will occur directly, inc	ce Rate Map ucture within	(Map Number a 100-year flo	06065C-0745	5G, Effective
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				\square

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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9i. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-4 – Flood Hazard Areas, and FEMA Flood Hazard Maps Number 06065C0745G)

The project site is not located within or near a flood hazard area as depicted on General Plan 2025 Program FPEIR Figure 5.8-2 – Flood Hazard Areas and the National Flood Insurance Rate Map (Map Number 06065C-0745G Effective Date August 28, 2008) or subject to dam inundation as depicted on General Plan 2025 Program FPEIR Figure 5.8-2 – Flood Hazard Areas. Therefore, the project will not place a structure within a flood hazard or dam inundation area that would expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam and therefore **no impact** directly, indirectly or cumulatively will occur.

j.	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?		\square

9j. Response: (Source: GP 2025 FPEIR Chapter 7.5.8 – Hydrology and Water Quality)

Tsunamis are large waves that occur in coastal areas; therefore, since the City is not located in a coastal area, no impacts due to tsunamis will occur directly, indirectly or cumulatively. Additionally, the proposed project site and its surroundings have generally flat topography and is within an urbanized area not within proximity to Lake Mathews, Lake Evans, the Santa Ana River, Lake Hills, Norco Hills, Box Springs Mountain Area or any of the 9 arroyos which transverse the City and its sphere of influence; therefore, **no impact** potential for seiche or mudflow exists either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

	UES (AND SUPPORTING ORMATION SOURCES):		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
10. LAND US		NING:				
Would the pro	<i>v</i>					
2	5	lished community?				
		ral Plan 2025 Land Use and Urb plan, City of Riverside GIS/CAD			ore Canyon B	usiness Park
the construction improvements. R	of eight industr eciprocal parking	ently served by fully improved pub ial buildings ranging in size fro and access agreements will be rec be preserved through the establis	om 11,412 to orded on the p	33,335-squar roject site. Ac	e feet and as	sociated site
site with industria within the Specifi for the creation of development. A proposed parcels community have	al buildings considered of Plan. The revise f smaller lots in an dditionally, developed as the of Interstate 2	ycamore Canyon Business Park Sp stent with the General Plan Land ions to the lot standards for indust area were assembling parcels to c opment standards have been mo 215. The proposed amendments to a an established community devel evelopment.	Use Designati rially designat reate larger de dified to be c the Specific F	on, consistent ed properties e evelopments is consistent with Plan will not ph	with existing ast of Interstat not feasible du the size and ysically divide	development te 215 allows ue to existing scale of the e an establish
The proposed pro	opect will not phys	sically divide an established comm	unity and is a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
within the Sycam Zoning Code, the and Sign Guidel established comm	nore Canyon Busin e amended Sycam lines. Therefore, nunity.	ness Park Specific Plan. Further, ore Canyon Business Park Specifi a less then significant impact	the project is c c Plan, the Su will occur d	onsistent with bdivision Cod	the General P e, and the City tly or cumula	lan 2025, the wide Design
within the Sycam Zoning Code, the and Sign Guidel established comm b. Conflict regulatio (includin local coa	with any applic of an agency v g, but not limited ustal program, or z	ness Park Specific Plan. Further, ore Canyon Business Park Specifi	the project is c ic Plan, the Su will occur d	onsistent with bdivision Cod	the General P e, and the City	lan 2025, the wide Design
within the Sycam Zoning Code, the and Sign Guidel established comm b. Conflict regulatio (includin local coa purpose of 10b. Respons <i>Zoning/C</i> <i>Subdivisi</i> <i>Building</i> : The proposed pro	ore Canyon Busin e amended Sycam lines. Therefore, nunity. with any applic n of an agency w of an agency w stal program, or z of avoiding or mit se: (Source: Gen. General Plan Con tion Code, Title 7 s and Construction ject will amend th	ness Park Specific Plan. Further, ore Canyon Business Park Specific a less then significant impact cable land use plan, policy, or with jurisdiction over the project to the general plan, specific plan, coning ordinance) adopted for the tigating an environmental effect? eral Plan 2025, General Plan 2022 isistency Matrix, Magnolia Aven – Noise Code, Title 17 – Grading on and Citywide Design and Sign be Sycamore Canyon Business Par	the project is c c Plan, the Su will occur d <i>S Figure LU-</i> <i>the Specific F</i> <i>g Code, Title L</i> <i>Guidelines</i>) k Specific Plan	onsistent with bdivision Cod irectly, indirect 10 – Land Use Plan, Title 19 20 – Cultural	the General P e, and the City etly or cumula Policy Map, - Zoning Con Resources Co	lan 2025, the wide Design atively to an <i>Table LU-5 -</i> <i>de, Title 18 -</i> <i>de, Title 16 -</i>
within the Sycam Zoning Code, the and Sign Guidel established comm b. Conflict regulatio (includin local coa purpose of 10b. Respons Zoning/C Subdivisi Buildings The proposed pro- modifying Figure	with any applic nor canyon Busin e amended Sycam ines. Therefore, nunity. with any applic n of an agency w g, but not limited stal program, or z of avoiding or mit se: (Source: Gene General Plan Cor ion Code, Title 7 s and Construction ject will amend the 5 - Land Use Ma	ness Park Specific Plan. Further, ore Canyon Business Park Specific a less then significant impact cable land use plan, policy, or with jurisdiction over the project to the general plan, specific plan, coning ordinance) adopted for the tigating an environmental effect? <i>eral Plan 2025, General Plan 2022</i> <i>isistency Matrix, Magnolia Aven</i> <i>– Noise Code, Title 17 – Grading</i> <i>on and Citywide Design and Sign</i>	the project is c ic Plan, the Su will occur d <i>S Figure LU-</i> <i>fue Specific F</i> <i>g Code, Title J</i> <i>Guidelines</i>) k Specific Plan ndards and Cr	eonsistent with bdivision Cod irectly, indirect irectly, indirectly irectly, irectly irectly, irectly, irectly irectly, irectly, irectly, irectly irectly, irectly,	the General P e, and the City etly or cumula Policy Map, - Zoning Con Resources Co	lan 2025, the wide Design atively to an <i>Table LU-5</i> <i>de, Title 18</i> <i>de, Title 16</i> ment include
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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

The proposed modifications to the Specific Plan land use designations are consistent with the General Plan Land Use Designation of B/OP – Business/Office Park and the Land Use Designation of BMP-SP – Business and Manufacturing Park Zone - Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Business Park) Overlay Zones.

Revisions to the Sycamore Canyon Business Park Specific Plan, include: an amendment to Figure 5 Land Use Map, Table 1 land Use Distribution Summary, and sections 3.2 Lot Standards and 3.2.1 Setback Standards under the Development Standards and Criteria Chapter. Revisions to Section 3.2 "Lot Standards" establishes a minimum one-half acre lot size for properties located within the Industrial sub district designation to the east of the I-215 freeway. Revisions to Section 3.2.1 "Setback Standards" establishes setback standards for parcels within the Industrial sub district on the east side of the I-215 freeway. The amendment to the Industrial sub district standards will facilitate development of: eight proposed industrial buildings ranging in size from 11,412 square feet to 33,335 square feet, ancillary parking and landscape improvements. The project does not conflict with any plans or programs adopted to avoid or mitigate an environmental impact because it is consistent with the objectives of the 2025 General Plan and the mitigating policies of the General Plan EIR, as summarized below.

The vision set forth by the City of Riverside in the General Plan to guide industrial development through year 2025 focuses on the attraction and retention of "clean" industrial uses (General Plan 2025, *Preservation of Industrial Land*, pages LU-38 through LU-39). Objectives LU-24 through LU-25, establish the overarching goals, objectives and policies for Riverside's industrial land. The City is clear in its resolve to support clean, economically rich enterprises by limiting any redesignation or rezoning of land from industrial use. Avoid encroachments of incompatible land uses within close proximity of industrial land. . . (Policy LU-24.2)" to ". . . ensure that future uses are in concert with the City's wider policy goals. (Policy 24.1)" for industrial and business/office park uses.

The City recognizes that the project is permitted subject to the approval of the proposed Specific Plan Amendment and is consistent with the General Plan; therefore, any applicable General Plan EIR mitigating policies or measures will be applied to the project, as is standard practice for all development proposals subject to environmental review. The Project Proponent has requested a Specific Plan amendment, however, the project and the amendment are not contrary to any environmental standards that currently exist and the Specific Plan Amendment has not been proposed to avoid or circumvent environmental effects.

For these reasons, this project will have less than significant impacts on an applicable land use plan, policy or regulation directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

c.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or		\boxtimes	
	natural community conservation plan?			

10c.Response: (Source: General Plan 2025, General Plan 2025 – Figure LU-10 – Land Use Policy Map, Western Riverside County MSCHP, Phase 2 Burrowing Owl Survey and Report prepared by Chambers Group in June 2006 and supplemented November 2015)

The project site is located within the Western Riverside County MSHCP. The City of Riverside, as the lead agency for the project, requires that the project comply with the Western Riverside County MSHCP. The MSHCP includes a program for the collection of development mitigation fees, policies for the review of projects in areas where habitat must be conserved and policies for the protection of riparian areas, vernal pools, and narrow endemic plants. It also includes requirements to perform plant, bird, reptile, and mammal surveys in certain areas. The primary intent of the MSHCP is to provide for the conservation of a range of plants and animals and in return, provide take coverage and mitigation for projects throughout Western Riverside County to avoid the cost and delays of mitigating biological impacts on a project-by-project basis. It would allow the incidental take (for development purposes) of species and their habitat from development.

The MSHCP identifies that the project area is located in a burrowing owl survey area. Therefore, as required, surveys were conducted to assess potential habitat and to ensure that no burrowing owl or narrow endemic plant species have potential to occur on the project site. The biological field surveys conducted in June 2016 revealed that no burrowing owl or burrowing owl burrows were present at the time of the survey. However, the report identifies that this many not be the case at time of construction. Therefore, MM- Bio -1 was placed on the project requiring a precaution, a preconstruction survey, to be conducted by a qualified biologist 30 days prior to the commencement of grading or other ground-disturbing activities to assess any new evidence of burrowing owl habitat on the site.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Additionally, an unnamed drainage feature was identified on-site. A Jurisdictional delineation was prepared for the project site to establish the boundaries of the Drainage feature. The project has been designed to avoid the Jurisdictional area. Further, the project will comply with measures identified in the MSHCP and will not conflict with the MSCHP. Impacts will be **less than significant** with implementation of standard MSHCP measures and proposed conditions of approval.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
11. MINERAL RESOURCES. Would the project:				
a. Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?			\boxtimes	
11a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure – OS-1 – Geology Surface Mining and Reclamation Policies and Pro		ources, Califor	rnia Division	of Mines and
State-classified MRZ-2 and MRZ-4 Mineral Resource Zones are show FPEIR. The proposed project is located in MRZ-4, which indicates to the site are not known. The California Department of Conservation D not necessarily mean that the presence of mineral resources at the information available to determine presence or absence. However, mining operations in the City have not been active for deca maximum potential for mineral extraction has occurred; therefore availability of any known or unknown mineral resource than currently within the vicinity of the project site and surrounding land uses designated land uses for the project site and for the surrounding ar significant impact will occur.	hat the preser ivision of Mir e site is unlik ades. Accordi the proposed already occu would preclu	nce or absence hes and Geolog tely; rather just ng to the River project would rs. There are no ide mining fro	of mineral res y emphasizes at that there is rside General I d not result in o known minin om occurring.	ources under that this does s insufficient Plan EIR, the a any loss of ng operations Further, the
b. Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes
11b. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure – OS-1 – M	Iineral Resou	urces)		
The GP 2025 FPEIR determined that there are no specific areas with mineral resource recovery sites and that the implementation of the C ability to extract state-designated resources. The proposed project is a is no impact .	General Plan 2	2025 would no	t significantly	preclude the

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
12. NOISE. Would the project result in:				
a. Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			\boxtimes	

12a. Response: (Source: General Plan Figure N-1 – 2003 Roadway Noise, Figure N-2 – 2003 Freeway Noise, Figure N-3 – 2003 Railway Noise, Figure N-5 – 2025 Roadway Noise, Figure N-6 – 2025 Freeway Noise, Figure N-7 – 2025 Railroad Noise, Figure N-10 – Noise/Land Use Noise Compatibility Criteria, FPEIR Table 5.11-I – Existing and Future Noise Contour Comparison, Table 5.11-E – Interior and Exterior Noise Standards, Appendix G – Noise Existing Conditions Report, Title 7 – Noise Code, and Sycamore Crossing Noise Impact Analysis prepared by MIG, February 2017)

A project will normally have a significant effect on the environment related to noise if it will substantially increase the ambient noise levels for adjoining areas or conflict with adopted environmental plans and goals of the community in which it is located. The applicable noise standards governing the project site are the noise criteria listed in the Noise Element of the General Plan 2025 and in the City's Municipal Code. A Noise Impact Analysis (Appendix D) was prepared for the project by MIG in February 2016. Based on results of the model, on-site operations of the proposed buildings will not exceed allowable levels at residential, commercial or industrial uses during daytime or nighttime hours with consideration of noise screening provided by the proposed screen walls located between the project and adjacent sensitive receptors.

The closest sensitive receptors to the project site are single-family residences located on contiguous parcels west of the project site. These nearby sensitive uses could potentially be subject to noise-related environmental impacts from construction and operation at the project site. Lands to the north and south consist of vacant property and land to the east and west consist of a mixture of non-conforming residential uses, commercial and industrial uses.

City of Riverside Noise Element. The City in its General Plan 2025 Noise Element has established noise/land use noise compatibility criteria. Single-family and multifamily residences are normally acceptable in exterior noise environments up to 60 A-weighted decibels (dBA) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) and conditionally acceptable in exterior noise environments of up to 65 dBA CNEL. For the purposes of the noise and vibration impact analysis, the single-family residential uses with outdoor active use areas located to the east and west of the project site (e.g., patios or balconies) exposed to noise levels exceeding 65 dBA CNEL would need to be mitigated.

City of Riverside Municipal Code Noise Ordinance.

Table 7.25.010A (below)establishes the exterior noise standards for the City of Riverside

Table 7.25.010.A Exterior Noise Standards						
Land Use Category Time Period Noise Level						
Night (10 p.m. to 7 a.m.)	45 dBA					
Day (7 a.m. to 10 p.m.)	55 dBA					
Any time	65 dBA					
Any time	70 dBA					
Any time	60 dBA					
Any time	65 dBA					
Any time	70 dBA					
	able 7.25.010.A Exterior Noise Standard Time Period Night (10 p.m. to 7 a.m.) Day (7 a.m. to 10 p.m.) Any time Any time Any time Any time					

Section 7.25.010 of the Noise code established the exterior sound limits based on the time frame the sound is emitted.

Section 7.25.010 Exterior sound level limits.

- A. Unless a variance has been granted as provided in this chapter, it shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the creation of any noise which exceeds the following:
 - 1. The exterior noise standard of the applicable land use category, up to five decibels, for a cumulative period of more than thirty minutes in any hour; or

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
		Incorporated		

- 2. The exterior noise standard of the applicable land use category, plus five decibels, for a cumulative period of more than fifteen minutes in any hour; or
- 3. The exterior noise standard of the applicable land use category, plus ten decibels, for a cumulative period of more than five minutes in any hour; or
- 4. The exterior noise standard of the applicable land use category, plus fifteen decibels, for the cumulative period of more than one minute in any hour; or
- 5. The exterior noise standard for the applicable land use category, plus twenty decibels or the maximum measured ambient noise level, for any period of time.
- B. If the measured ambient noise level exceeds that permissible within any of the first four noise limit categories, the allowable noise exposure standard shall be increased in five decibel increments in each category as appropriate to encompass the ambient noise level. In the event the ambient noise level exceeds the fifth noise limit category, the maximum allowable noise level under said category shall be increased to reflect the maximum ambient noise level.

Construction Impacts.

Short-term noise impacts will be associated with grading and erecting of buildings on site during construction of the proposed project. Construction-related short-term noise levels will be higher than existing ambient noise levels in the project area today, but will cease once construction of the project is completed. The City's Noise Code (Title 7) restricts construction activities to the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturdays, and are prohibited on Sundays and federal holidays. Construction activities conducted in compliance with these provisions of the Noise Code are exempt from the established sound level limits set forth in Tables 7.25.010A (Exterior Noise Standards) and 7.30.015 (Interior Noise Standards) (RMC 7.35.020[G]); therefore, construction activities related to the project will not result in the exposure of persons to or generation of noise in excess of established standards and **no impact** will occur.

Operational Impacts.

Residential uses are located adjacent to the project site and across Old 215 Frontage Road from the project site. Noise levels due to the operation of the proposed buildings will result from truck activity at docking bays and drive aisles along the drive aisles. To determine the level of impact operational noise will have neighboring uses, noise levels were modeled utilizing the SoundPLAN model. SoundPLAN is a three-dimensional noise modeling software that accounts for the shielding and reflective effects associated with intervening topography and nearby buildings.

Equipment activity at the loading/unloading docks for each of the proposed buildings includes loading and unloading activity and engine start-up, acceleration, idling, and back-up alarms from trucks have been included in the calculation. Worst-case SoundPLAN default noise levels for truck activity have been utilized. Table 8 (On-Site Operational Noise Impacts) summarizes noise levels that receptors could be exposed to in community noise equivalent level (CNEL). CNEL is the average equivalent A-weighted sound level during a 24-hour day, objected after addition of five decibels to sound levels in the evening from 7:00 PM to 10:00 PM and after addition of ten decibels to sound levels in the night from 10:00 PM to 7:00 AM.

Based on results of the model, on-site operations of the proposed buildings will not exceed allowable levels at residential, commercial, or industrial uses during daytime or nighttime hours with consideration of noise screening provided by proposed walls. Impacts will be **less than significant**.

On-Site Operational Noise Impacts							
Receptors	Threshold (dBA)*	Maximum Noise Level (dBA CNEL)	Significant?				
1 Residential (south of Buildings 7 & 8)	60	42.5	No				
2 Residential (east of Buildings 7 & 8)	70	33.9	No				
3 Industrial (west of Building 6)	70	49.2	No				
4 Residential (east of Buildings 2 -5)	70	42.7	No				
5 Motel (east of Building 6)	70	43.6	No				
6 Residential (west of Buildings 4 & 5)	60	43.1	No				
7 Commercial (west of Building 1)	60	43.2	No				
8 Commercial (east of Building 1)	70	37.7	No				
*Pursuant to Municipal Code Section 7.25	.010(B), when the meas	ured ambient noise level exceeds noise lir	nit categories,				

*Pursuant to Municipal Code Section 7.25.010(B), when the measured ambient noise level exceeds noise limit categories, the allowable noise exposure standard shall be increased in five decibel increments to encompass the ambient noise level.

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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b. Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			\boxtimes	

12b. Response: (Source: Project Specific Noise Impact Analysis prepared by Sycamore Crossing Noise Impact Analysis prepared by MIG, February 2017)

Construction activities that use vibratory rollers and bulldozers are repetitive sources of vibration; therefore, the *continuous* threshold is used. Industrial structures are located to the east and south of the project site. As a worst case scenario, the *historic and some older buildings* threshold is used. These thresholds are summarized in Vibration Damage Potential Threshold Criteria table and the Vibration Annoyance Potential Threshold Criteria Table below.

Vibration Damage Potential Threshold Criteria						
Structure Integrity	Maximum PPV (in/sec)					
Structural Integrity	Transient Continuo					
Historic and some older buildings	0.50	0.25				
Older residential structures	0.50	0.30				
New residential structures	1.00	0.50				
Modern industrial and commercial structures	2.00	0.50				
Source: Caltrans 2013						

Vibration Annoyance Potential Threshold Criteria							
PPV Threshold (in/sec)							
Human Response	Transient	Continuous					
Barely perceptible	0.035	0.012					
Distinctly perceptible	0.24	0.035					
Strongly perceptible	0.90	0.10					
Severely perceptible	2.00	0.40					
Source: Caltrans 2013							

Construction of the project does not require rock blasting, pile driving, or the use of a jack hammer, but will use a vibratory roller, and small bulldozer, and loaded trucks. All of the receptors will experience less than *barely perceptible* vibration from the use of a small bulldozer and loaded truck. Receptors 1, 3, 6, and 7 will experience greater than *barely perceptible* vibration and less than *distinctly perceptible* vibration from the use of a vibratory roller. Furthermore, these construction activities will be limited to the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. on Saturdays, and are prohibited on Sundays and federal holidays. Therefore Construction related impacts related to exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels will be less than significant.

Construction Vibration Impacts							
Receptors	Equipment	PPVref	Distance	(feet) PPV			
1 Residential (south of Buildings 7 & 8)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	130	0.0246			
2 Residential (east of Buildings 7 & 8)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	270	0.0095			
3 Industrial (west of Building 6)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	175	0.0167			
4 Residential (east of Building 6)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	265	0.0098			
5 Motel (east of Buildings 4 & 5)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	265	0.0098			
6 Residential (west of Buildings 4 & 5)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	165	0.0181			
7 Commercial (west of Building 1)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	125	0.0259			
8 Commercial (east of Building 1)	Vibratory Roller	0.21	275	0.0093			
1 Residential (south of Buildings 7 & 8)	Small Bulldozer	0.003	130	0.0004			
2 Residential (east of Buildings 7 & 8)	Small Bulldozer	0.003	270	0.0001			
3 Industrial (west of Building 6)	Small Bulldozer	0.003	175	0.0002			
4 Residential (east of Building 6)	Small Bulldozer	0.003	265	0.0001			

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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):		Potentially Significant Impact		nt Significant Impact	
5 Motel (east of Buildings 4 & 5)	Small Bullde	ozer	0.003	265	0.0001
6 Residential (west of Buildings 4 & 5)	Small Bulldozer		0.003	165	0.0003
7 Commercial (west of Building 1)	Small Bulldozer		0.003	125	0.0004
8 Commercial (east of Building 1)	Small Bullde	ozer	0.003	275	0.0001
1 Residential (south of Buildings 7 & 8)	Loaded True	k	0.076	130	0.0089
2 Residential (east of Buildings 7 & 8)	Loaded True	k	0.076	270	0.0034
3 Industrial (west of Building 6)	Loaded True	k	0.076	175	0.0061
4 Residential (east of Building 6)	Loaded Truck		0.076	265	0.0035
5 Motel (east of Buildings 4 & 5)	Loaded True	k	0.076	265	0.0035
6 Residential (west of Buildings 4 & 5)	Loaded True	k	0.076	165	0.0065
7 Commercial (west of Building 1)	Loaded True	k	0.076	125	0.0094
8 Commercial (east of Building 1)	Loaded True	k	0.076	275	0.0034

With regard to long-term operational impacts, activities associated with the project will not result in any vibration related impacts to adjacent or on-site properties.

Therefore, exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels is **less than significant**.

c.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in		\boxtimes	
	the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			

12c. Response: (Source: City of Riverside Municipal Code Title 7 – Noise Control; General Plan 2025 – Noise Element, General Plan 2025 Figure N-1 – 2003 Roadway Noise, Figure N-5 – 2025 Roadway Noise, and Sycamore Crossing Noise Impact Analysis prepared by MIG, February 2017)

The primary existing noise sources in the project area are transportation facilities. Vehicular traffic along Old 215 Frontage Road and other local streets is the dominant source of ambient noise. Although individual activity associated with the proposed project may generate additional noise, the proposed 8 foot to 8.5 foot sound barrier will prevent noise associated with the project site from impacting the single family residences west of the project site.

A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels associated with the proposed project would occur if the proposed project would cause noise levels to increase by 3 dBA or more. An increase or decrease in noise level of at least 5 dBA is required before any noticeable change in community response would be expected. Therefore, a clearly perceptible increase (+5 dB) in noise exposure of sensitive receptors could be considered significant (GP 2025 FPEIR).

The Existing and Existing Plus Project traffic noise levels during the peak hour are summarized in the Peak Hour Roadway Noise Levels table, below, provides the worst case noise environment As shown in the table, traffic noise levels during the peak hour will not exceed exterior noise thresholds for residential, industrial, commercial, or motel uses neighboring the project site. In addition, increases in traffic due to the proposed project will not result in a perceptible noise increase at any of the studied receptors (3 dBA). Therefore, there will be a **less than significant impact** on existing ambient noise levels.

Р	eak Hour Roa	dway Noise Lev	els		
Receptors	Threshold (dBA)*	Without Project dBA	With Project dBA	Difference	Significant?
1 Residential (south of Buildings 7 & 8)	60	55.0	53.1	-1.9	No
2 Residential (east of Buildings 7 & 8)	70	62.1	62.0	-0.1	No
3 Industrial (west of Building 6)	70	56.0	54.5	-1.5	No
4 Residential (east of Building 6)	70	61.6	61.5	-0.1	No
5 Motel (east of Buildings 4 & 5)	70	63.2	63.4	+0.2	No
6 Residential (west of Buildings 4 & 5)	60	56.0	54.5	-1.5	No

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ISSUES (AND SUPPORTIDINFORMATION SOURCE			Potenti Signific Impa	cant	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporate	Significant Impact	No Impact
7 Commercial (west of Building 1)	60	57	.0		54.9	-2.1	No
8 Commercial (east of Building 1)	70	61	.8		61.9	+0.1	No
*Pursuant to Municipal Code Section 7.25.01							
the allowable noise exposure standard shall b			bel incre	ement	s to encomp		t noise level.
d. A substantial temporary or periodic noise levels in the project vicinity without the project?							
 12d. Response: (Source: FPEIR Table 5.11-J – Construction Equipment Noise Levels, Appendix G – Noise Existing Conditions Report and Sycamore Crossing Noise Impact Analysis prepared by MIG, February 2017) As discussed in checklist response 12a, construction activities are exempted pursuant to Section 7.35.020[G] of the Noise Code. Further, the applicant has included an 8 foot to 8.5 foot high solid wall along the property lines that is contiguous to single family residences west of the site, to prevent noise associated with the project site from impacting the single family residences. Therefore, the project will create a less than significant impact related to temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project. 							
e. For a project located within an airp where such a plan has not been adopte a public airport or public use airpor expose people residing or working excessive noise levels?	ed, within two ort, would the	miles of project					
 12e. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure N-8 – Riverside and Flabob Airport Noise Contours, Figure N-9 – March ARB Noise Contour, Figure N-10 – Noise/Land Use Noise Compatibility Criteria, RCALUCP) The proposed project is located within an airport land use plan and within the <u>65</u> CNEL airport noise contour area of the March ARB as depicted on Figure N-9 of the Noise Element of the General Plan 2025. General Plan 2025 Policies N-1.5, CCM-11.7, N-2.1, N-2.2, N-2.5, N-3.2 through 3.4, LU-22.3 through 22.5 and Municipal Code regulations, Sections 19.58 and 12.14 restrict noise sensitive development within areas subject to high noise levels (over 65 dB CNEL) and limit the intensity and height of development within aircraft hazard zones. These controls are consistent with the Riverside County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (RCALUCP). Further, the project is consistent with both the General Plan 2025 and the RCALUCP. 							
The maximum threshold for the proposed indi is found to be a normally acceptable level for 2025, impacts related to exposure of people considered less than significant directly, indi	the proposed residing or w	use per i orking i	Figure N n an air	-10 c	of the Noise	Element of the	e General Plan
f. For a project within the vicinity of a the project expose people residing or area to excessive noise levels?	working in the	e project					
12f. Response: (Source: General Plan 20	025 Figure PS	-6 – Airp	oort Safe	ety Zo	ones and Infl	luence Areas,	RCALUCP
Per the GP 2025 Program FPEIR, there are no in the City to excessive noise levels. Because Plan 2025, is not located within proximity of expose people residing or working in the City directly, indirectly or cumulatively.	e the proposed a private airst	project rip, and	consists does not	of de prop	evelopment a ose a private	nticipated und airstrip, the p	er the General project will not

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	Impact
13. POPULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project:				
a. Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			\square	
13a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Table LU-3 – L Population and Households Forecast, Table 5.12-B – Ge 2025, Table 5.12-C – 2025 General Plan and SCAG C Projections 2025, Capital Improvement Program and SCAG	neral Plan Po Tomparisons,	opulation and Table 5.12-D	Employment	Projections-
The project involves the construction of approximately 176,149 squ that may directly induce population growth through the provision of r involve additional infrastructure that could indirectly induce populati for the project site is Business/Office Park (B/OP). The existing z Manufacturing Park Zone - Specific Plan (Sycamore Canyon Busine the General Plan Land Use and Zoning Designation and the additional Program. The General Plan 2025 Final PEIR determined that Cityw Plan 2025 Typical Growth scenario would not have significant popul consistent with the General Plan 2025 Typical growth scenario and p the GP 2025 FPEIR the project does not result in new impacts beyon therefore, the impacts will be less than significant both directly and	new employme on growth. The coning for the ess Park) Over al infrastructure vide, future de lation growth oppulation gro ond those prev- indirectly.	ent opportuniti le General Plan project site is clay Zones. The e is consistent velopment ant impacts. Beca wth impacts w	es within the C n 2025 land us s BMP-SP – 1 e project is co with the Gene icipated under use the propos ere previously	City, and may e designation Business and onsistent with ral Plan 2025 r the General sed project is r evaluated in
b. Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\square
13b. Response: <i>(Source: CADME Land Use 2003 Layer, site p</i> The project does not displace existing housing, necessitating the cons project site is proposed on vacant land that has no existing housing the Therefore, there will be no impact on existing housing either directly	struction of rep nat will be rem	noved or affect	ed by the prop	
c. Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
13c. Response: (Source: CADME Land Use 2003 Layer, site p	hotographs)			
The project will not displace people, necessitating the construction site is proposed on vacant land that has no existing housing or reside project. Therefore, this project will have no impact on people, necessindirectly or cumulatively.	lents that will	be removed of	or affected by	the proposed

4. PUBLIC SERVICES.			
Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:			
a. Fire protection?		\boxtimes	

14a. Response: (Source: FPEIR Table 5.13-B – Fire Station Locations, Table 5.13-C – Riverside Fire Department Statistics and Ordinance 5948 § 1)

There are 14 fire stations strategically placed throughout the City. Fire Station 14 located at 6490 Sycamore Canyon Boulevard approximately 0.80 miles from the project site will serve the site. The RFD's Operations Division responds to more than 30,000 emergency calls annually. The average on-site response to fire calls is six minutes. Delivering and maintaining such a high level of service in the future as the City grows is a major concern to the RFD. The City's Fire Department's goal is to maintain a five-minute response time for the first arriving units 90 percent of the time for all EMS and fire related incidents. As of 2013, the Fire Department arrives within seven minutes of dispatch over 70 percent of the time. The first arriving unit is capable of advancing the first line for fire control, initiating rescue, or providing basic life support for medical incidents. Additionally, the City's Fire Department policy states that units will be located and staffed such that an effective response force of four units with twelve personnel minimum shall be available to all areas of the City within a maximum of ten minutes (total response time). The proposed project will be constructed pursuant to the 2016 California Fire Code as adopted and amended by the City of Riverside.

Since the project proposes light industrial, not residential uses, the project site will not be continuously occupied by the maximum number of possible individuals. Therefore, the proposed project will cause an incremental increase in the need for fire protection services which, in and of itself, will not create the need for new or altered fire services. As with all development within the City, the project applicant shall pay applicable development impact fees to support the provision of fire services. In addition, with implementation of General Plan 2025 policies, compliance with existing codes and standards, and through Fire Department practices, impacts on the demand for additional fire facilities or services will be **less than significant**.

|--|

14b. Response: (Source: Riverside Police Department Field Operations Division, General Plan 2025 Figure PS-8 – Neighborhood Policing Centers, Riverside Municipal Code – Section 16.36.010 to 16.36.090)

The project consists of multi-tenant light industrial and warehousing buildings totaling approximately 176,149 square feet on 10.2-acres. Adequate police facilities and services are provided by the UNET/UCR Station located at 1201 University Avenue to serve this project.

As with all development within the City, the project applicant shall pay applicable development impact fees to support the provision of police services. In addition, with implementation of General Plan 2025 policies, compliance with existing codes and standards, and through Police Department practices, there will be **no impact** on the demand for additional police facilities of services either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

c. Schools?	
-------------	--

14c. Response: (Source: FPEIR Figure 5.13-2 – RUSD Boundaries, Table 5.13-D – RUSD, Figure 5.13-3 – AUSD Boundaries, Table 5.13-E – AUSD, Table 5.13-G – Student Generation for RUSD and AUSD By Education Level, and Figure 5.13-4 – Other School District Boundaries edit as necessary)

The proposed project is within the boundaries of the Moreno Valley Unified School District. Since the project proposes light industrial rather than residential uses, no additional housing will be generated such that the number of school-aged children would increase as a result of the proposed project. The project applicant shall pay school development impact fees, as required pursuant to Senate Bill 50 and California Government Code, Section 65995. Through compliance with Senate Bill 50 and California Government Code, Section 65995.

 \square

d. Parks?		\square

14d. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PR-1 – Parks, Open Spaces and Trails, Table PR-4 – Park and Recreation Facilities, Parks Master Plan 2003, GP 2025 FPEIR Table 5.14-A – Park and Recreation Facility Types, and Table 5.14-C – Park and Recreation Facilities Funded in the Riverside Renaissance Initiative)

The project proposes a light industrial use, rather than a residential use, and will not involve the addition of any housing units that would permanently increase the population. The City's adopted standard for developed park acreage of 3 acres per 1,000 residents will not be adversely affected. Additionally, the proposed project site is not located in an area of the City identified to have a parkland shortage. Therefore, no significant increase in demand on park uses or recreational facilities will occur. In accordance with the City's Parks, Recreation, and Community Services-Park Planning Department, the applicant will make payment of all applicable Park Development Impact Fees (local, aquatic, regional/reserve, and trail fees) for privately developed areas. With the payment of applicable development impact fees, the proposed project will have **no impact** on the demand for additional park facilities or services.

e. Other public facilities?		\boxtimes

14e. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure LU-8 – Community Facilities, FPEIR Figure 5.13-5 - Library Facilities, Figure 5.13-6 - Community Centers, Table 5.3-F – Riverside Community Centers, Table 5.13-H – Riverside Public Library Service Standards)

The project consists of a multi-tenant light industrial and warehousing complex. Adequate public facilities and services, including libraries and community centers, are provided in and around the Sycamore Canyon/Canyon Springs Neighborhood to serve this project. In addition, with implementation of General Plan 2025 policies, compliance with existing codes and standards, and through Park and Recreation and Community Services and Library practices, there will be **no impacts** on the demand for additional public facilities or services either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

	UES (AND SUPPORTING FORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
15. R	ECREATION.				
a.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
15a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PR-1 – Parks, Open Spaces and Trails, Table PR-4 – Park and Recreation Facilities, Figure CCM-6 – Master plan of Trails and Bikeways, Parks Master Plan 2003, FPEIR Table 5.14-A – Park and Recreation Facility Types, and Table 5.14-C – Park and Recreation Facilities Funded in the Riverside Renaissance Initiative, Table 5.14-D – Inventory of Existing Community Centers, Riverside Municipal Code Chapter 16.60 - Local Park Development Fees, Bicycle Master Plan May 2007)					
that w	project proposes a light industrial use rather than a residential use yould permanently increase the population. The City's adopted s ents will not be adversely affected. Additionally, the proposed pr	tandard for de	veloped park a	creage of 3 ac	res per 1,000

b.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?			

and regional parks such that substantial physical deterioration of the facilities would occur or be accelerated, this project will

15b. Response: (Source: Project Plans)

have no impact on existing neighborhood and regional parks.

The project will not include new recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Additionally, the project proposes a light industrial use rather than a residential use and will not involve the addition of any housing units that would permanently increase the population. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities in the absence of a population increase is not necessary; there will be **no impact** directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
16. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC. Would the project result in:				
a. Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				

16a. Response: (Source: Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kunzman Associates July 2017, General Plan 2025 Circulation and Community Mobility Element)

The project consists of eight light industrial buildings totaling approximately 176,149 square feet. The project site is located on the s northwest corner of Alessandro Boulevard and Old 215 Frontage Road. Access to the project is provided from Alessandro Boulevard, Old 215 Frontage Road, and Cottonwood Avenue. Access from Alessandro Boulevard is provided by a single right-in/right-out driveway. Access from Old 215 Frontage Road is proposed from three new right-in/right-out only driveways and an existing fourth driveway currently aligned with Bay Street to the east will continue to provide full access. Additionally, two new full access driveways will be constructed on Cottonwood Avenue providing access to Buildings 7 and 8 with a third new full access driveway providing access to three landlocked parcels located south of Building 8.

Consistent with the City of Riverside's traffic study guidelines, the 2010 *Highway Capacity Manual* (HCM 2010) analysis methodologies were used to determine intersection Levels of Service (LOS) for all study area intersections. The study area intersections fall under the jurisdictions of the City of Riverside and City of Moreno Valley. For projects in conformance with the City's General Plan, a significant project impact occurs at a study intersection when the peak hour LOS falls below LOS D (i.e., to LOS E or F) per Policy CCM-2.3 of the General Plan 2025, which strives to maintain LOS D or better on arterial streets wherever possible. The project is consistent with the existing General Plan Land Use Designation for the project site, as well as other applicable General Plan policies, and as such the Traffic Impact Analysis considers a reduction of peak hour LOS at study intersections below LOS D (i.e., LOS E or F) to be a significant impact. The study area includes the following eight intersections:

- Project Driveway 1 at Cottonwood Avenue;
- Project Driveway 2 at Cottonwood Avenue;
- Project Driveway 3 at Cottonwood Avenue;
- Old 215 Frontage Road at Project Driveway 4;
- Old 215 Frontage Road at Project Driveway 5 / Bay Street;
- Old 215 Frontage Road at Project Driveway 6;
- Old 215 Frontage Road at Project Driveway 7; and
- Project Driveway 8 at Alessandro Boulevard.

The Traffic Study examined traffic operations in the project vicinity under the following 5 scenarios:

- Existing Plus Project;
- Opening Year (2017) Without Project;
- Opening Year (2017) With Project;
- Cumulative Without Project; and
- Cumulative With Project.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation	Impact	•
		Incorporated		

For each scenario, traffic operations at study intersections are evaluated for the a.m. and p.m. peak hours. The a.m. peak hour is defined as the one hour of highest traffic volumes occurring between 7:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. The p.m. peak hour is defined as the one hour of highest traffic volumes occurring between 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m.

The concept of passenger car equivalents (PCEs) accounts for the larger impact of trucks on traffic operations. It does so by assigning each type of truck a PCE factor that represents the number of passenger vehicles that could travel through an intersection in the same time that a particular type of truck could. The trip generation for the proposed project is based on rates for Land Use 150 – "Light Warehousing" from the ITE *Trip Generation*, 9th Edition. All trip generation rates were converted to passenger vehicle and truck trips using the vehicle mix included in the *Fontana Truck Trip Generation Study*, August 2003. As such, for a light warehousing land use, trucks comprise 18.7 percent of the total trip generation.

As shown in Table 16.A, the project is expected to generate 794 daily total PCE trips, with 65 PCE trips occurring the a.m. peak hour and 71 PCE trips occurring during the p.m. peak hour. Table 16.B summarizes the Existing Plus project scenario. Tables 16.C, and 16.D summarize the delay and LOS at the study area intersections under "existing" and "plus project" conditions for the project completion year and cumulative project completion year scenarios, respectively.

		Та	ble 16.A - Pro					
					Type of Vehicl		1	
			Passenger	2 Axle	3 Axle	2 Axle	4+ Axle	Total
Descriptor	Quantity	Units ²	Car	Truck	Truck	Truck	Truck	Trucks
Land Use: Light	176.149	TSF	81.3%	4.6%	3.9%	10.2%	18.7%	100%
Warehousing	1/0.14/	151	01.370	4.070	5.770	10.270	10.770	10070
Trip Generation Rates in								
trips per TSF								
Daily			2.894	0.164	0.139	0.363	0.666	3.56
Morning Peak Hour			0.244	0.014	0.012	0.031	0.056	0.30
Evening Peak Hour			0.260	0.015	0.013	0.033	0.060	0.32
Trip Generation in								
Vehicles								
Daily			510	29	24	64	117	627
Morning Peak Hour								
Inbound			34	2	2	4	8	42
Outbound			9	-	-	1	1	10
Total			43	2	2	5	9	52
Evening Peak Hour								
Inbound			11	1	1	1	3	14
Outbound			34	2	2	4	8	42
Total			45	3	3	5	11	56
Passenger Car								
Equivalent's (PCE'S)			1.00	1.50	2.00	3.00		
Factor ³								
Trip Generation in PCE's								
Morning Peak Hour								
Daily			510	44	48	192	284	794
Inbound			34	3	4	12	19	53
Outbound			9	-	-	3	3	12
Total			43	3	4	15	22	65
Evening Peak Hour			11	2	2	3	7	18
Inbound			11	2	2	3	/	18
Outbound			34	3	4	12	19	53
Total			45	5	6	15	26	71
Source: Traffic Impact A TSF = Thousand Square Passenger Car Equivaler	Feet			-	l Governments.			

ISSUES (AND SUPPORT INFORMATION SOURC				Signif	Potentially Significant Impact		Than Icant In Ition Irated	ant Significant Impact		No Impact
	Table 16	.B - Exis	sting P	lus Pro	ject				•	
						A.M. Pe	ak Hou	ır	P.M. P	eak Hour
Intersection				Contro		Delay (sec	.) L	OS I	Delay (se	ec.) LOS
1 Project Driveway 1 / Cottonwood Ave.				CSS		0.1		A	0.1	А
2 Project Driveway 2 / Cottonwood Ave.				CSS		8.6		A	8.6	Α
3 Project Driveway 3 / Cottonwood Ave.				CSS		8.6		A	8.6	A
4 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 4				CSS		8.8		A	9.1	A
 5 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 5 6 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 6 	/ Bay Stree	t		CSS CSS		<u>19.2</u> 8.8		C A	<u>16.9</u> 9.2	C A
7 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 6				CSS		8.8		A A	9.2	A
8 Project Driveway 8 / Alessandro Blvd.				CSS		25.5		D	13.6	B
CSS = Cross Street Stop LOS = Level of Service	Table 16.	-		l ear (20 Project			Plus I	Project		
		A.M.]		P.M.		A.M.		, č	Peak	
		Нот		Но		Ho			our	
		Delay		Delay		Delay		Delay		Significan
Intersection	Control	(sec.)	LOS	(sec.)	LOS	()	LOS	(sec.)	LOS	Impact
1 Project Driveway 1 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS			tersection		0.1	Α	0.1	Α	No
2 Project Driveway 2 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS			tersection	-	8.6	A	8.6	A	No
3 Project Driveway 3 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS			ntersection		8.6	A	8.6	A	No
4 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 4	CSS	Future In		tersectio	n	8.8	А	9.2	Α	No
5 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 5 / Bay Street	CSS	17.9	С	16.6	С	19.5	С	17.2	С	No
6 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 6	CSS			tersection		8.8	A	8.8	Α	No
7 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 7	CSS			tersection	-	8.8	Α	8.8	Α	No
8 Project Driveway 8 / Alessandro Blvd. Source: Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kunzman Assoc	CSS		iture In	tersection	п	26.3	D	26.3	D	No
CSS = Cross Street Stop LOS = Level of Service		le 16.D -	· Cum	ulative						
		r		Project			Plus I	Project		
		A.M.	Peak	P.M.	Peak	A.M.	Peak	P.M.	Peak	
Intersection	Control	Delay (sec.)	LOS	Delay (sec.)	LOS	Delay	LOS	Delay (sec.)	1	Significar Impact
1 Project Driveway 1 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS	· /		tersection		0.1	A	0.1	A	No
2 Project Driveway 2 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS			tersectio	-	8.6	A	8.6	A	No
3 Project Driveway 3 / Cottonwood Ave.	CSS			tersectio		8.6	A	8.6	A	No
4 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 4	CSS	Fu	ture In	tersection	п	8.8	Α	9.2	Α	No
5 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 5 / Bay Street	CSS	18.6	С	17.4	C	20.4	С	18.0	С	No
		Fu	ture In	tersectio	n	8.8	А	9.3	Α	No
7 Old 215 Frontage Rd. / Project Driveway 7	CSS			tersectio		8.8	A	9.3	A	No
8 Project Driveway 8 / Alessandro Blvd.	CSS	Fu	ture In	tersectio	п	26.6	D	14.1	В	No
Source: Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kunzman Assoc CSS = Cross Street Stop LOS = Level of Service	iates July 2017	7								

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Table 16B reveals in the "existing" scenario, all study area intersect and 16.D reveal all study area intersections are projected to opera	1	satisfactory le		
project" condition for the Project Opening Year (2017) and the Cun				
The City's significance criteria are used for all study intersections un with the City's General Plan, a significant project impact occurs at		5	1 5	
below D (to E or F) for intersections and roadways of Collector of Policy CCM-2.3. All study intersections are located on either Ale	higher classif	ication, in acc	ordance with	General Plan
Arterial (Scenic Boulevard), Old 215 Frontage Road, which is designated as a 66 Local Street. Since the proposed project	gnated as a 1	10-foot Arteria	ıl, or Cottonw	ood Avenue,

better will be maintained under the "with the project" for the Project Opening Year (2017) and the Cumulative Year scenarios, operational impacts related to conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance, or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system will be less than significant.

b. Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?

16b. Response: (Source: 2011 Riverside County Congestion Management Program, Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kunzman Associates July 2017, General Plan 2025 Circulation and Community Mobility Element)

As previously described in question 16a, with the addition of project traffic, all study intersections will continue to operate at LOS D or better. Based on the City of Riverside's significance thresholds, there are no projected impacts to the study intersections from a decrease in the LOS level.

Furthermore, the project site does not include or is located along a state highway or principal arterial within Riverside County's Congestion Management Program (CMP) (City of Riverside 2007a). The proposed Project is consistent with the Transportation Demand Management/Air Quality components of the Program. A less than significant impact would occur.

c. Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results		\square	
in substantial safety risks?			

16c. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PS-6 – Airport Safety Zones and Influence Areas, RCALUCP)

The proposed project is located in Zone B1 and Accident Potential Zone II of RCALUCP for March ARB and has been to the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) for review and approval. The ALUC has conditioned the project to ensure greater compatibility and safety with March ARB. Compliance with these conditions will ensure that the project will not change air traffic patterns, increase air traffic levels or change the location of air traffic patterns. As such, this project will have a less than significant impact directly, indirectly or cumulatively on air traffic patterns.

d.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible		\square	
	uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			

16d. Response: (Source: Project Site Plans and Traffic Impact Analysis prepared by Kunzman Associates July 2017)

Less Than Significant Impact. Vehicle traffic to and from the project site will utilize the existing network of regional and local roadways that serve the project site. Vehicular ingress and egress to the project site will be provided from Alessandro Boulevard, Old 215 Frontage Road, and Cottonwood Avenue. A single right-in/right-out only driveway is proposed on Alessandro Boulevard. Access from Old 215 Frontage Road is proposed from three new right-in/right-out only driveways and an existing fourth driveway will that currently aligns with Bay Street to the east will continue to provide full access. Additionally, two new driveways will be constructed on Cottonwood Avenue providing access to Buildings 7 and 8 with a

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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third new driveway providing access to three landlocked parcels located south of Building 8, each of these driveways will have full access.

The proposed project will not introduce any new roadways or introduce a land use that will conflict with existing urban land uses in the surrounding area. Design of the proposed project, including curb cuts, ingress, egress, traffic signage, and other streetscape changes, will be subject to review and approval by the Traffic Engineering Section of the Public Works Department as part of the plan review process. Therefore, the project will have a **less than significant impact** on increasing hazards through design or incompatible uses either directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

e.	Result in inadequate emergency access?		\boxtimes	

16e. Response: (Source: California Department of Transportation Highway Design Manual, Municipal Code, and Fire Code)

Emergency vehicle access to the project site will be provided via four driveways on Old 215 Frontage Road and 3 driveways on Cottonwood Avenue. The driveways range in size from 26 to 41 feet wide. All driveways will allow full access to emergency vehicles. Sufficient space and turning radius for fire trucks will be provided on the project site around the proposed buildings.

The proposed project will be constructed pursuant to the 2016 California Fire Code as adopted and amended by the City of Riverside. As part of the plan review process, the City will require the developer to submit a Traffic Management Plan that will provide appropriate measures to facilitate the passage of persons and vehicles through/around any required road closures. Adherence to these measures will reduce potential impacts related to emergency access to **less than significant** levels.

f.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities)?			
	decrease the performance of safety of such facilities):		1	1

16f. Response: (Source: FPEIR, General Plan 2025 Land Use and Urban Design, Circulation and Community Mobility and Education Elements, Bicycle Master Plan, School Safety Program – Walk Safe! – Drive Safe!)

Less Than Significant Impact. The project site is served by a Riverside Transit Agency bus route on Alessandro Boulevard, with the nearest stops located approximately 20 feet to the west of the project site, respectively. The proposed project will not require, permanently or temporarily, the relocation or closure of any RTA or other agency transit stops. Bicycle infrastructure is accommodated by an existing Class 2 bikeway on Alessandro Boulevard that will be slightly reconfigured with the installation of street improvements along the project frontage. The project will also provide bicycle parking facilities in compliance with the California Green Building Code. Pedestrian infrastructure will be served by the installation of parkway-protected sidewalks along Old 215 Frontage Road and Curb Adjacent side walk along Alessandro Boulevard and Cottonwood Avenue, as well as lighted pedestrian pathways throughout the project site. The proposed project as designed is not in conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation. Therefore, the proposed project impacts related to adopted policies, plans or programs supporting alternative transportation are less than significant directly, indirectly and cumulatively.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
17. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:				
 a. Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k). 				

17a.Response: (Source: EIC records, NAHC 2016, Site Visit)

The results of the EIC records search, SLF search, and site visit indicate that there are no eligible or listed archaeological resources within or near the project area.

On November 29, 2016, the City sent project notification letters to nine California Native American tribes that requested consultation pursuant to AB 52. The letter provided a brief description of the proposed Project and its location, the lead agency contact information, and a notification that the tribe has 30 days to request consultation. The 30-day response period concluded on January 6, 2017.

Additionally, on November 29, 2016 the City sent out notification letters to 28 California Native American tribes pursuant to SB 18 The letter provided a brief description of the proposed Project and its location, the lead agency contact information, and a notification that the tribe has 90 days to request consultation. The 90-day response period concluded on February 27, 2017.

The Morongo Band of Mission Indians, Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians and the Soboba Band of Luiseño Indians requested consultation pursuant to AB 52. Consultation with the above mentioned tribes were held in January and February of 2017. Tribes did not identify Tribal Cultural Resources (TCRs) in the project area, but expressed a general concern for unknown/sub-surface cultural resources in the project area that could be affected/discovered during ground disturbing construction activities. Consultation with the above noted Native American Tribes has closed with the implementation of the following mitigation measures to reduce impacts of the project to less than significant.

Impacts to unknown resources would be less than significant with the implementation of Mitigation Measures CR-1 through 4.

Mitigation Measure

- **CR-1** Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any changes to project site design and/or proposed grades, the Applicant and the City shall contact interested tribes to provide an electronic copy of the revised plans for review. Additional consultation shall occur between the City, Applicant, and interested tribes to discuss any proposed changes and review any new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the cultural resources on the project site. The City and the Applicant shall make all attempts to avoid and/or preserve in place as many cultural and paleontological resources as possible that are located on the project site if the site design and/or proposed grades should be revised.
- **CR-2** Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At least 30-days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities on the site take place, the Project Applicant shall retain a Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to monitor all ground-disturbing activities in an effort to identify any unknown archaeological resources.

		SUPPORTING ON SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
CR-3	3. Treatm	The Project Archaeologist, in consultati develop an Archaeological Monitoring archaeological and cultural activities the include: a. Project grading and developmed b. The development of a rotating of and the Project Archeologist f consulting tribes during gradin including the scheduling, safety Tribal Monitors' authority to s Project archaeologists;	Plan to address at will occur on ent scheduling; or simultaneous or designated N ag, excavation and requirements, or top and redirect lations that fill follow in the vly discovered of shall be subject of any cultural ed on the project and cultural Sensi	Incorporated ed tribes, the E the details, tim the project sin schedule in coo lative Americand ground dist luties, scope of grading activit the Applicate e event of inate ultural resource to a cultural re and paleontolo t site; tivity Training	ing and responte. Details in ordination with in Tribal Mon- urbing activiti work, and Na- ties in coordinant, tribes advertent culture deposits, or sources evalua gical resources noted in mitig	nsibility of a the Plan sha it the Plan sha it the applican it ors from the es on the site tive America hat on with a and project and project ral resource nonrenewabl tion; s, sacred site: ation measur
	be carrie	ed out for treatment and disposition of the Temporary Curation and Storage: D shall be temporarily curated in a secure 1 The removal of any artifacts from the pr monitor oversite of the process; and	e discoveries: Puring the course location onsite o	e of constructions of the offices	on, all discove of the project	ered resource archaeologis
	4.	Treatment and Final Disposition: The resources, including sacred items, burn remains as part of the required mitigat relinquish the artifacts through one or Riverside Community and Economic Deca. Accommodate the process for one Native American tribes or bands.	al goods, and a ion for impacts more of the fo evelopment Dep site reburial of	Il archaeologic to cultural res llowing metho artment with e the discovered	cal artifacts an sources. The a ods and provide widence of sar l items with t	d non-huma pplicant sha de the City one: he consultin
		 b. A curation agreement with an appr meets federal standards per 36 CFR made available to other archaeolo associated records shall be transferr Riverside County, to be accompanie 	impacts. Rebur eted; opriate qualifie Part 79 and the ogists/researcher ed, including titl	ial shall not oc d repository w refore would b 's for further le, to an approp	cur until all ca rithin Riversid e professional study. The co priate curation	taloguing an e County the ly curated ar ollections ar facility with
		c. For purposes of conflict resolution, with the project and cannot come t they shall be curated at the Wester default; and.	o an agreement	as to the dispo	osition of cultu	iral material
		d. At the completion of grading, exca IV Monitoring Report shall be si conducted by the project Archae	ubmitted to the	City docume	enting monitor	ring activitie

	UES (AND SUPPORTING ORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	ORMATION SOURCESJ.		Mitigation Incorporated	-	
	completion of grading. This report sh property; describe how each mitigation resources recovered and the dispositic cultural sensitivity training for the meeting; and, in a confidential appen archaeologist. All reports produced Information Center and interested trib	on measure we on of such re construction dix, include th will be subr	as fulfilled; do sources; provi- staff held dur he daily/weekly	becument the ty de evidence of ing the require y monitoring n	pe of cultural f the required red pre-grade totes from the
CR-4	Cultural Sensitivity Training: A County of R Monitors shall attend the pre-grading meeting wit Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction pe during ground disturbance in sensitive areas and pro are discovered. Only construction personnel who h disturbance activities in sensitive areas. A sign in s Phase IV Monitoring Report.	th the develop rsonnel. This s tocols that app ave received	ber/permit hold shall include the oly in the event this training ca	der's contractor ne procedures t that unanticipa an conduct cor	ors to provide to be followed ated resources instruction and
b.	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
Please the pro	b. Response: (Source: EIC records, NAHC 2016, Site Visit) e see the response to 17a., above. No TCRs or known eligible o oject site. Impacts to unknown resources would be less the ares CR-1 through 4.				

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With	Impact	Impact
		Mitigation Incorporated		
18. UTILITIES AND SYSTEM SERVICES. Would the project:				
a. Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			\square	
18a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 Figure PF-2 – Service Areas, Table 5.16-L - Estimated Future Wastewater Figure 5.8-1 – Watersheds, Wastewater Integrated Master J	• Generation f	for the Planni		
The project is within the boundaries of the Santa Ana Regional Wat Riverside County Drainage Area Management Plan. The proposed pr conveyance facilities owned and operated by the City via sewer latera site and vicinity will be transported to the Riverside Regional Water be utilized, video inspection prior to connection will be required in Permit (MS4) as part of the City's Development Review Process three	oject will con ls from the pro Quality Cont accordance w	nect to existing oject site, and rol Plant. If ar with the City's	g wastewater c wastewater fro n existing sewe Municipal Se	collection and om the project er lateral will
All new development is required to comply with all provisions of th Sewer Permit (MS4), as enforced by the Regional Water Quality Cor- would not exceed applicable wastewater treatment requirements of system or stormwater system within the City. Because the propose related to wastewater treatment the project will have a less than sign	trol Board (R the RWQCB d project is re	WQCB). Then with respect quired to adhe	refore, the prop to discharges	posed project to the sewer
b. Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
18b. Response: Source: Table PF-2 – RPU Projected Water De Projected Domestic Water Supply (AC-FT/YR), Table 5.16 5.16-J - General Plan Projected Water Demand for WM Estimated Future Wastewater Generation for the Planni Facilities and Figure 5.16-6 – Sewer Infrastructure and Wa	-I - Current WD Including ng Area Ser	and Projected g Water Relia ved by WMW	Water Use W bility 2025, T D, Figure 5.	/MWD, Table Table 5.16-L - 16-4 – Water
The project will not result in the construction of new or expanded we consistent with the Typical Growth Scenario of the General Plan 20 determined to be adequate (see Tables 5.16-E, 5.16-F, 5.16-G, 5.16-Final PEIR). Therefore, the project will have no impact resulting in facilities or the expansion of existing facilities directly, indirectly or construction.	25 where futu H, 5.16-I, 5.1 the constructi	re water and 6-J and 5.16-K	wastewater ge K of the Gener	eneration was ral Plan 2025
c. Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
18c. Response: (Source: FPEIR Figure 5.16-2 - Drainage Fa Tory R. Walker Engineering, Inc., April 11, 2017)	cilities, Water	r Quality Man	agement Plan	<i>i prepared by</i>
The proposed project will result in an increase of impervious surface area will generate increased storm water flows with potential to in additional facilities. However, the Subdivision Code (Title 18, Sect City for new construction. Fees are transferred into a drainage facili Control and Water Conservation District. This Section also complies which provides for the payment of fees for construction of drainage conditions of approval/waiver for filing of a final map or parcel map	mpact drainag tion 18.48.020 ties fund that with the Cali e facilities. For	ge facilities an)) requires drai is maintained fornia Governi	nd require the inage fees to b by Riverside (ment Code (see	provision of be paid to the County Flood ction 66483),

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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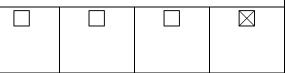
General Plan 2025 Policies PF 4.1 and PF 4.3 require the City to continue to routinely monitor its storm drain system and to fund and improve those systems as identified in the City's Capital Improvement plan. Implementation of these policies will ensure that the City is adequately served by drainage systems. The General Plan 2025 also includes policies and programs that will minimize the environmental effects of the development of such facilities. Therefore, the project will have **less than significant on existing** storm water drainage facilities that would not require the expansion of existing facilities directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project		\square	
	from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or			
	expanded entitlements needed?			

18d. Response: (Source: FPEIR Figure 5.16-3 – Water Service Areas, Figure 5.16-4 – Water Facilities, Table 5.16-E – RPU Projected Domestic Water Supply (AC-FT/YR, Table 5.16-F – Projected Water Demand, Table 5.16-G – General Plan Projected Water Demand for RPU including Water Reliability for 2025)

The City's Urban Water Management Plan must be updated every five years to include the most recent population trends. Similarly, the City must consult with the Western Municipal Water District regarding development projects exceeding the thresholds noted in the CEQA Guidelines Section 15155 to ensure that sufficient water supplies are available and this review took place. A will serve letter has been provided for the project site by the Western Municipal Water District. The site is within close proximity to existing water connections that are adequately sized to serve the site. Therefore, this project was found to have a **less than significant impact** on water supplies either directly, indirectly or cumulatively, after consultation with the Western Municipal Water District analysis water supply assessment.

e. Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?



18e. Response: (Source: FPEIR Figure 5.16-5 - Sewer Service Areas, Figure 5.16-6 -Sewer Infrastructure, Table 5.16-K - Estimated Future Wastewater Generation for the City of Riverside's Sewer Service Area, and Wastewater Integrated Master Plan and Certified EIR)

The project will not exceed wastewater treatment requirements of (Regional Water Quality Control Board). The project is consistent with the General Plan 2025 Typical Growth Scenario where future wastewater generation was determined to be adequate (see Table 5.16-K of the General Plan 2025 Final PEIR). Further, the current Wastewater Treatment Master Plan anticipates and provides for this type of project. Therefore, **no impact** to wastewater treatment directly, indirectly or cumulatively will occur.

f. Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?

18f. Response: (Source: FPEIR Table 5.16-A – Existing Landfills and Table 5.16-M – Estimated Future Solid Waste Generation from the Planning Area)

The project is consistent with the General Plan 2025 Typical Build-out Project level where future landfill capacity was determined to be adequate (see Tables 5.16-A and 5.16-M of the General Plan 2025 Final PEIR). Therefore, **no impact** to landfill capacity will occur directly, indirectly or cumulatively.

g.	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				\square
18g. Response: (Source: California Integrated Waste Management Board 2002 Landfill Facility Compliance Study)					

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The California Integrated Waste Management Act under the Public I least 50% of all solid waste generated by January 1, 2000. The City State requirements. In addition, the California Green Building Contract hazardous construction and demolition debris for all projects and 100 residential projects beginning January 1, 2011. The proposed prequirements as well as the California Green Building Code and as s regulations related to solid waste. Therefore, no impacts related to cumulatively.	is currently ac	chieving a 60%	6 diversion rate	e, well above
	ode requires a	all developme	nts to divert 4	50% of non-
	% of excavate	of soil and land	clearing debri	is for all non-
	project must	comply with	the City's wa	aste disposal
	uch would no	t conflict with	any Federal, S	State, or local

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING	Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant	Less Than Significant	No Impact
INFORMATION SOURCES):	Impact	With Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	ппрасс
19. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE.		incor por accu		
a. Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or an endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
19a. Response: (Source: General Plan 2025 – Figure OS-6 – St Habitat Conservation Plans (HCP), Figure OS-7 – MSHC Areas, General Plan 2025 FPEIR Figure 5.4-2 – MSHCP Subunit Areas, Figure 5.4-6 – MSHCP Narrow Endemic Criteria Area Species Survey Area, Figure 5.4-8 – MSHCF Protection of Species Associated with Riparian/Riverine Are by Chambers Group in June 2006 and supplemented Novem Neighborhood Conservation Areas, Figure 5.5-1 - Archaeo Resources Sensitivity, Appendix D, Title 20 of the Riverside	CP Cores and Area Plans, F Plant Specie Burrowing (as and Verna ber 2015), F logical Sensit	Linkages, Fi Figure 5.4-4 - So Survey Are Owl Survey Ar I Pools, and H PEIR Table 5 tivity, Figure 3	gure OS-8 – MSHCP Crite a, Figure 5.4 ea, MSHCP S abitat Assessn 5-A Historical	MSHCP Cel eria Cells and 7 – MSHCF Section 6.1.2 nent prepared Districts and
As discussed in the Biological Resources Section of this Initial Study species were all found to be less than significant with mitigation . The area and is generally surrounded by existing development. General pla site as potential habitat for burrowing owls. While the Burrowing Burrowing Owls or Burrows were identified on-site, a pre-construction	he vacant proj n 2025 Figure Owl Survey	ect site is loca 5.4-8 and the prepared in	ted within an ι MSHCP ident	urban built-up
As previously identified a tributary to the Sycamore Canyon Creek b from east to west along the southern side of buildings 7 and 8 (<i>A</i> delineation was prepared for the project by Gonzales Consulting July CDFW jurisdictional impacts and Section 6.1.2 impacts (Riverine and the project has no impacts and has been designed to avoid the Sycamo	APN 263-080- 2016. The stu l Riparian/Ve	-017, and 263 dy assessed fe rnal Pools and	-080-027). A deral jurisdict	jurisdictiona ional impacts
Additionally, potential impacts to cultural, archaeological and paleont and the City of Riverside's history or prehistory were discussed in th were found to be less than significant with mitigation .				
b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
19b. Response: (Source: FPEIR Section 6 – Long-Term Effe Program)	ects/ Cumula	tive Impacts f	for the Gener	al Plan 2025
The proposed project has either no impact, a less than significant in incorporated with respect to all environmental issues pursuant to CEC to the environment associated with the proposed project, the project addition, since the project is consistent with the General Plan 2025, n cumulative impacts of the proposed project beyond those previou significant	QA. Due to the transformed of the transformed of the text of tex of text of text of tex of text of tex of text of text of	e limited scope re primarily pr tive impacts an	e of direct phy oject-specific re anticipated a	sical impacts in nature. In and therefore

significant.

ISSUES (AND SUPPORTING INFORMATION SOURCES):	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
c. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			\boxtimes	

19c. Response: (Source: FPEIR Section 5 – Environmental Impact Analysis for the General Plan 2025 Program; Air Quality Analysis prepared by LSA Associates in February 2015 [Appendix B]; Noise Impact Analysis prepared by LSA Associates in February 2015 [Appendix D])

Effects on human beings were evaluated as part of the aesthetics, air quality, hydrology & water quality, noise, population and housing, public facilities, hazards and hazardous materials, recreation, and transportation traffic sections of this initial study. Project impacts related to air quality are potentially significant; however, as discussed in Sections 3 and 12 of this initial study, and pursuant to the professional recommendations set forth in Technical Appendices B (Air Quality) and D (Noise), these impacts can be mitigated to a less than significant level. Based on the analysis and conclusions in this initial study, the project, with mitigation, will not cause substantial adverse effects, directly or indirectly to human beings. Therefore, potential direct and indirect impacts on human beings that result from the proposed project are **less than significant with mitigation**.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083 and 21087, Public Resources Code. Reference: Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21082.1, 21083, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21151, Public Resources Code; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino, 202 Cal.App.3d 296 (1988); Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors, 222 Cal.App.3d 1337 (1990)

Impact Category	Mitigation Measures	Implementation Timing	Responsible Monitoring Party ¹	Monitoring/Reporting Method
Air Quality	AQ-1: Prior to the issuance of Occupancy Permits, tenant shall provide documentation that forklifts to be utilized for site operations are electric-powered.	Prior to issuance of Occupancy Permit	Planning Division	Tenant shall submit documentation identifying the sole use of electric forklifts on-site.
Biological Resources	BIO - 1: A 30-day pre-construction survey is recommended. If non-nesting burrowing owls are found on-site then they should be <i>passively relocated</i> . Once the burrowing owl has left a burrow then the burrow should be excavated carefully by hand to be sure that it is empty. This will prevent re-use during construction.	Prior to Grading Permit	Planning Division and Public Works Department.	A Preconstruction survey shall be submitted to the City Planning Division no greater than 30 day prior to the commencement of grading activities.
	If an occupied burrowing owl burrow is found during the breeding season then <i>active relocation</i> is required utilizing the techniques provided by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife and the Burrowing Owl Consortium. Active relocation is described in detail within Appendix D. Generally, this involves trapping all burrowing owls on-site and relocating them to artificial burrows located off-site in a protected area. This process is completed manually and requires biological monitoring of relocated owls through one breeding season to be sure that they have established themselves successfully at the relocation site.			
Cultural Resources	CR-1: Prior to grading permit issuance, if there are any changes to project site design and/or proposed grades, the Applicant and the City shall contact interested tribes to provide an electronic copy of the revised plans for review. Additional consultation shall occur between the City, Applicant, and interested tribes to discuss any proposed changes and review any new impacts and/or potential avoidance/preservation of the cultural resources on the project site. The City and the Applicant shall make all attempts to avoid	Prior to Grading Permit	Planning Division and Public Works Department.	The Applicant shall notify the City of any changes to the project site design and/or proposed grades.

Recommended Mitigation, Monitoring and Reporting Program

¹ All agencies are City of Riverside Departments/Divisions unless otherwise noted.

Impact Category	Mitigation Measures	Implementation Timing	Responsible Monitoring Party ¹	Monitoring/Reporting Method
	and/or preserve in place as many cultural and paleontological resources as possible that are located on the project site if the site design and/or proposed grades should be revised.			
Cultural Resources	 CR-2: Archaeological and Paleontological Monitoring: At least 30-days prior to application for a grading permit and before any grading, excavation and/or ground disturbing activities on the site take place, the Project Applicant shall retain a Secretary of Interior Standards qualified archaeological monitor to monitor all ground-disturbing activities in an effort to identify any unknown archaeological resources. 1. The Project Archaeologist, in consultation with interested tribes, the Developer and the City, shall develop an Archaeological Monitoring Plan to address the details, timing and responsibility of all archaeological and cultural activities that will occur on the project site. Details in the Plan shall include: a. Project grading and development scheduling; b. The development of a rotating or simultaneous schedule in coordination with the applicant and the Project Archeologist for designated Native American Tribal Monitors from the consulting tribes during grading, excavation and ground disturbing activities in coordination with all Project archaeologist; c. The protocols and stipulations that the Applicant, tribes and project archaeologist will follow in the event of inadvertent cultural resources discoveries, including any newly discovered cultural resource deposits, or nonrenewable paleontological resources that shall be subject to a cultural resources evaluation; 	Prior to Grading Permit	Planning Division and Public Works Department.	Submission of an Archaeological Monitoring Plan

Impact Category	Mitigation Measures	Implementation Timing	Responsible Monitoring Party ¹	Monitoring/Reporting Method
	 d. Treatment and final disposition of any cultural and paleontological resources, sacred sites, and human remains if discovered on the project site; e. The scheduling and timing of the Cultural Sensitivity Training noted in mitigation measure MM-CUL-4. 			
Cultural Resources	 CR-3: Treatment and Disposition of Cultural Resources: In the event that Native American cultural resources are inadvertently discovered during the course of grading for this Project. The following procedures will be carried out for treatment and disposition of the discoveries: 1. Temporary Curation and Storage: During the course of construction, all discovered resources shall be temporarily curated in a secure location onsite or at the offices of the project archaeologist. The removal of any artifacts from the project site will need to be thoroughly inventoried with tribal monitor oversite of the process; and 2. Treatment and Final Disposition: The landowner(s) shall relinquish ownership of all cultural resources, including sacred items, burial goods, and all archaeological artifacts and nonhuman remains as part of the required mitigation for impacts to cultural resources. The applicant shall relinquish the artifacts through one or more of the following methods and provide the City of Riverside Community and Economic Development Department with evidence of same: a. Accommodate the process for onsite reburial of the discovered items with the consulting Native American tribes or bands. This shall include measures and provisions to protect the future reburial area from any future impacts. Reburial shall not occur until all cataloguing and basic recordation have been completed; b. A curation agreement with an appropriate qualified repository within Riverside 	During Construction	Planning Division.	Submission of a Phase IV Monitoring Report

Impact Category	Mitigation Measures	Implementation Timing	Responsible Monitoring Party ¹	Monitoring/Reporting Method
	County that meets federal standards per 36			
	CFR Part 79 and therefore would be			
	professionally curated and made available to			
	other archaeologists/researchers for further			
	study. The collections and associated			
	records shall be transferred, including title,			
	to an appropriate curation facility within			
	Riverside County, to be accompanied by			
	payment of the fees necessary for permanent			
	curation;			
	c. For purposes of conflict resolution, if more			
	than one Native American tribe or band is			
	involved with the project and cannot come			
	to an agreement as to the disposition of			
	cultural materials, they shall be curated at			
	the Western Science Center or Riverside			
	Metropolitan Museum by default; and.			
	d. At the completion of grading, excavation and ground disturbing activities on the site a			
	Phase IV Monitoring Report shall be			
	submitted to the City documenting			
	monitoring activities conducted by the			
	project Archaeologist and Native Tribal			
	Monitors within 60 days of completion of			
	grading. This report shall document the			
	impacts to the known resources on the			
	property; describe how each mitigation			
	measure was fulfilled; document the type of			
	cultural resources recovered and the			
	disposition of such resources; provide			
	evidence of the required cultural sensitivity			
	training for the construction staff held			
	during the required pre-grade meeting; and,			
	in a confidential appendix, include the			
	daily/weekly monitoring notes from the			
	archaeologist. All reports produced will be			
	submitted to the City of Riverside, Eastern			
	Information Center and interested tribes:			

Impact Category	Mitigation Measures	Implementation Timing	Responsible Monitoring Party ¹	Monitoring/Reporting Method
Cultural Resources	CR-4: Cultural Sensitivity Training: A County of Riverside certified Archaeologist and Native American Monitors shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the developer/permit holder's contractors to provide Cultural Sensitivity Training for all construction personnel. This shall include the procedures to be followed during ground disturbance in sensitive areas and protocols that apply in the event that unanticipated resources are discovered. Only construction personnel who have received this training can conduct construction and disturbance activities in sensitive areas. A sign in sheet for attendees of this training shall be included in the Phase IV Monitoring Report.	Prior to Grading Permit	Planning Division, Building and Safety Division and Public Works Department.	Submission of a Phase IV Monitoring Report
Hazards and Hazardous Materials	HAZ-1: A Soils Management Plan shall be prepared for the project site prior to the issuance of grading permits that addresses the potential discovery of contamination such as, but not limited to, the presence of underground facilities, buried debris, waste drums, tanks, asbestos containing materials, and stained or odorous soil. The Plan will detail the removal and disposal of the hazardous material. Once the hazardous material is removed, a final report will be submitted to the City indicating that the site no longer contains hazardous material.	Prior to Grading Permit	Fire Department	Submission of a Soils Management Plan.